SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1923. VOL. LXV. NO. 20,708.

IMPROVEMENT IN RAIL SERVICE.

COUNTRY CUSTOMERS
CAN NOW FEEL SURE OF HAVING THEIR ORDERS PUNCTUALLY RETURNED.

PRESCOTT'S DYE WORKS,
CORK DUBLIN LIMERICK. (61)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 2/6nett, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—3036 and 3057; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4356. Belfast Office—108 Royal Avenue; London Office—89 Fleet Street.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
1914-1918.
IN MEMORIAM

ANDERSON—Darling Saint, Major, M.C., R.F.A., killed in action August 25th, 1918, after 5 years and 8 months gallant service, aged 28. A wound that time can never heal.

LEYDEN—In loving memory of Joseph Ewart Leyden, Second Lieutenant, Royal Irish Regiment, killed in action 25th August, 1918.

BIRTHS.

KINGHAN—August 20, 1923, at Little Rockstead, Loudon rd., Maidstone, to Alice, wife of Major R. W. Kinghan, M.C., a daughter.

LEYDEN—August 20, 1923, at Whitestown, Greenore, Co. Louth, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Leyden, a daughter.

McCARTHY—August 19, 1923, at 5 St. Brendan's rd., Drumcondra, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCarthy, a son.

McKEE—August 19, 1923, at Private Nursing Home, Clarendon st., Londonderry, to Mr. and Mrs. H. McKee, a daughter.

MURPHY—August 20, 1923, at Bishopsfield, Kildare, the wife of James J. Murphy, of a son.

RIBBERT—August 22, 1923, at "Cruachain," Abbeyside, Dungarvan, the wife of Charles E. Ribbert, of a son.

SLEPMAN—August 17, 1923, at 10 Hillside st., Exeter, to Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Sherwood Sleeman (nee Geoffroy), a daughter.

WARREN—August 21, 1923, at 4 Northbrook Villas, Blackrock, Dublin, to the wife of John Warren, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COLLINS and MEILL—August 22, 1923, at St. Mark's Church, Portadown, by Rev. Canon Meeres, M.A., Rector, Hugh Morrison Collins, youngest son of the late John and Mrs. Collins, Mill View, Moss Norris, Co. Armagh, to Annie, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Neill, 32 Montagu rd., Portadown, and formerly of Edgeworthstown, Co. Longford.

DELMEGE and LEADER—August 22, 1923, at Kilmurry Church, Co. Limerick, by the Rev. Canon T. S. Robertson, assisted by the Rev. J. Westropp, Rector of the Parish, Captain J. C. Delmege, son of the late Captain James O'Grady Delmege, Castle Park, Co. Limerick, to Hilda Eustace, youngest daughter of Harry Leader and Mrs. Leader, late of Mount Leader, Co. Cork.

HEMMINGWAY and HOLMES—August 22, 1923, at Sandford Church, by the Rev. W. Nesbitt Harvey, M.A., Dolphin Lennox Hemmingway, B.A., elder son of William and Alice Hemmingway, of Harefield, to Eva Margaret, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes, 31 Morne rd., Rathmines.

HEWSON and RYAN—August 8, 1923, at St. Columba's Church, Drumcondra, Dublin, by Rev. F. Hewson, Adm., Knockmore, Ballina, assisted by Very Rev. W. J. Greaney, Adm., V.G., Ballina; Rev. Fr. McGrath, Sean rd., Rev. Fr. Keane, C.C., Rathlagh; Rev. P. O'Brien, SS. Michael and John's; Rev. Fr. Fennelly, Holy Cross College; Rev. Fr. Mcarthur, Dromod; Rev. Fr. Flynn, Longford; George C. Hewson, Ph.C., M.P.S., Ballina, son of Mrs. Hewson and the late Patrick Hewson, Ballina, to Florence Aloysius Everard (Florrie), daughter of Thomas and Mrs. Ryan, 234 Clonliffe rd., Drumcondra, Dublin.

HOLMES and HEWITT—August 1, 1923, at Kilbrin Church, by the Rev. Canon Price, M.A., William Edward Holmes, M.B., Ministry of Pensions Hospital, Hendingley, Yorkshire, younger son of Mr and Mrs. Holmes, 31 Morne rd., Rathmines, to Emily Sylvia, youngest daughter of the late M. F. Fenton Hewitt and of Mrs. Fenton Hewitt, The Bargie, Enniskerry.

HOWE and MAUNSELL—August 23, 1923, at Christ Church, Rec., by Rev. Lionel Howe, M.A. (brother of the bridegroom), assisted by Rev. P. Calthurst, M.A., and Rev. John Cooper, M.A., Ivan A., second son of Mr. and Mrs. Randall A. Howe, Sydenham Villas, Bray, to Viola May, only daughter of Major Arthur Monro Maunsell and Mrs. Maunsell, 10 Gallstan rd., Bray.

SHAW and MALONEY—July 31, 1923, at the Catholic University Church, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, with Nuptial Mass and Papal Benediction, by the Rev. J. Kelly, Adm., Mullingar, assisted by Rev. J. Dwyer, C.C., University Church; Rev. Fr. Byrne, Provincial, S.J.; Rev. T. Sutton, C.SS.R.; Rev. W. Meagher, C.C., Mullingar; Rev. J. McCormack, Rev. J. Finnegan, Joseph A. Shaw, solicitor, youngest son of the late Joseph and Mrs. Shaw, Nutfield, Limerick, to Mary, B.A., only daughter of the late Patrick Maloney, Lawyer, Mullingar, and Mrs. Birmingham, and Mrs. Maloney, 3 Mount st. Crescent, Dublin.

(CONTINUED ON NEXT COLUMN.)

(CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS COLUMN)

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 8.

BENSON—August 19, 1923, at the residence of her brother-in-law at Lewes, Sussex, Dorothea, wife of Sir Hawtrey Benson, M.D. Funeral (private) at Mount Jerome. No flowers, by request.

BLEASLEY—August 23, 1923, at his residence, 9 Hargrave ter., Terenure rd., god of Main, Swords, Co. Dublin, William Maunsell Bleasley, M.P.S.I., the youngest son of the late Rev. David R. Bleasley, M.A., Rector of Ballyeommon, Queen's Co. Funeral arriving Mount Jerome this (Saturday) morning at 10.30 o'clock.

DOHERTY—August 23, 1923, at 9 Upper Oarville st., Rathgar, George Delmege, fourth son of the late G. J. Doherty. Funeral strictly private, American and Canadian papers please copy.

GRAHAM—August 20, 1923, at Nursing Home in Dublin, Rev. Andrew Graham, Rector of Letterkenny, Co. Donegal. Funeral arrangements later.

GREENAWAY—August 24, 1923, at his residence, Eyre House, Greystones, Thomas Greenaway. Funeral private.

MASTERSON—At her residence, 8 Corrig av., Kingstown, Mary Alicia, eldest daughter of the late William Masterson, R.I.P. Funeral private.

MORIARTY—August 24, 1923, Amy, beloved wife of L.-C. Moriarty, 4 Iona Drive, Rosaneen, Booterstown. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

RYALL—August 22, 1923, at Chelmsford rd., Tathering, wife of the late George Ryall, of New Park, Cork, and Riverside House, Tarbert.

TACKABERRY—August 24, 1923, suddenly, Margaret Tackaberry, the beloved wife of Nathaniel Tackaberry, 14 Bayview av., Dublin. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband and sons. The will be done. Funeral arrangements later.

WOOD—August 5, 1923, suddenly, at St. Paul's Vicarage, Geelong, Australia, Lizzie (nee Clarke), dearly loved wife of Rev. W. Edgar Wood, I.E.S., late of Cork. They will be done.—B.

IMPORTANT.—As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mrs. Edward Carte, Mr. W. M. Carte, and the Misses Carte, Dalkey, return very sincere thanks to all kind friends who sympathised with them in their recent and bereavement.

Mrs. Scanlon, 30 Tolka st., Carlisy, desires to return grateful thanks to all kind friends who sympathised with her on the death of her dear husband, and trusts each will accept this acknowledgment, as it is impossible to reply individually; and also for the beautiful wreaths sent.

IN MEMORIAM.

AMBROSE—Second Anniversary—August 23—In ever-sorrowing memory of Katherine Nicholson Ambrose, of Crobelly House, Tramore, Co. Waterford, daughter of the late James Going, M.D., Mullinahone, Co. Tipperary. Missed beyond expression. Whosoever will, let him take the waters of life freely.

ARNOLD—Second Anniversary—In ever-loving and undying memory of our darling sister, Sara, who died at her residence, Carpenalla, on the 26th August, 1923.

Peace, perfect peace, with loved ones far away.
In Jesus' keeping we are safe and they.

COLLEY—First Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of our dear son, Alfred Lee Colley, killed at The Thatch August 26, 1922. R.I.P. On whose soul, sweet Jesus, have mercy. Masses offered in the Pro-Cathedral, Marlboro' rd. to-morrow (Sunday) and Monday for the happy repose of his soul. Sadly missed by his sorrowing mother, brothers, and sisters.

CUMMINS—In affectionate remembrance of Adeline Victoria ("Delly"), who passed away 25th August, 1920. Thy will be done.—R.I.P.

LLOYD—Eighth Anniversary—In ever-loving memory of our dear "Granie," who was called Home August 26th, 1915.

Their voice, their touch, their smile—
Those fond things fleeting o'er—
Earth for its little while
Shall never know them more.

Inserted by her sorrowing grandchildren, "Sefton," Lindsay rd., Glasnevin.

MORAVY—In fond and loving memory of our dear father, T. W. McEvoy, of Black Abbey, Adare, who died August 26th, 1922.

MURRAY—In everlasting remembrance of my loved brother, George Joseph Murray, who died on the 26th August, 1923. Always missed by his sorrowing and devoted sister, Caroline Georgina Murray. Grant him, O Lord, eternal rest.

PEAT—In ever-loving memory of Eleanor Florence Peat, who entered into rest August 25, 1905. Never forgotten. "For the righteous shall be had in everlasting remembrance."

STRINGER—In ever-loving memory of my dear husband, George, who entered into rest 25th August, 1919, at his residence, 18 Sandford av., S.C. rd. "The righteous shall be in everlasting remembrance." Inserted by his loving wife and daughters.

NICHOLS'
'Phone 376. 'Phone—376.
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SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

COUNTY DUBLIN ELECTION, 1923.
URGENT.
BARRY and GOOD, the Business Candidates, urgently appeal to all Supporters who have Motor Cars, and who are willing to assist on Monday Next, to communicate immediately to any of the following addresses:—
63 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
10 RATHMINES ROAD, RATHMINES.
84 LOWER GEORGE'S ST., DUN LAOGHAIRE.
154 PEMBROKE ROAD.
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'Phone 1267. Telegrams: Shamrock, Dublin.

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THANKS.
MRS. SMILEY desires to return her grateful thanks to the members of the Masonic Order who so very kindly elected her grandchild, Hilda Jean Scott, to be a pupil of the Masonic Girls' School.

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FASHION CHANGES—See Mary Styles (Illustrated) Letter, in To-morrow's Issue of the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale to-day. Price twopence.

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Tuesday, Aug. 28.....	8 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Friday, Aug. 31.....	5 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Tuesdays, Sept. 4, 11, & 25	5 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Fridays, Sept. 7, 14, & 21	5 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Monday, Sept. 17.....	5 p.m.	8.30 a.m.

Descriptive Guide and Sailings FREE (Postage 2d.) from Thos. Cook and Son, A. W. Hewett, or Dean and Dawson (S. Graham Corbett), British and Irish Steam Packet Co., Tourist Agents, Dublin, or THE ISLE OF MAN STEAMPACKET CO., LTD. (Incorporated in I.O.M.), Douglas.

STARTING 26th Oct. in the P. & O. Nark, this magnificent Ship (16,000 tons) EMBARKS THE FOURTH ANNUAL ROUND THE WORLD PARTY for Ceylon, Australia, New Zealand, Suva, Fiji, Friendly Islands, Thursday Island, Philippines, China, Japan, Honolulu, California, and U.S.A., accompanied by real experienced World Travellers. FIRST-CLASS THROUGHOUT. Fare 250 Guineas. Rooms, Strand, W.C.2, room vacant for Gentleman Director must be bad.

FAIRS.

THE LARGEST HORSE FAIR IN IRELAND.
TALLOW (CO. WATERFORD)
GREAT ANNUAL HORSE FAIR
WILL BE HELD ON
MONDAY, SEPT. 3rd.
HIGH-CLASS HORSES IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
EXCELLENT HOTEL YARD, AND BANKING ACCOMMODATION.
P. J. HOGAN,
Clerk of Fair. Hon. Secretary.

ROSCOMMON FAIRS.
SHEEP ONLY—FRIDAY, 31st AUGUST.
CATTLE—SATURDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER.
H. I. McCOART, Town Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE GOODS OF
JOSEPHINE MARY BYRNE, Deceased.
Pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., Cap 35, entitled "An Act further to amend the Law of Property and to Relieve Trustees." Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be Creditors, or to have any claims or demands upon, or affecting the estate of the said Josephine Mary Byrne, Deceased, late of 65 Waterloo road, in the County of Dublin, Spinster, who died on the 16th day of July, 1923, are hereby required to furnish the particulars (in writing) of such claims or demands, on or before the 20th day of September, 1923, to the undersigned Solicitors for Mrs. Frances O'Connell Leyne, the Executrix, to whom Probate was, on the 15th day of August, 1923, granted forth of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division, Probate, of the High Court of Justice, Sastrial Hireann. And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 20th day of September, 1923, the said Mrs. Frances O'Connell Leyne will distribute the assets of the said deceased according to the rights of the parties interested, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated 24th day of August, 1923.
MAXWELL, WELDON and CO., Solicitors for said Executrix, 40 North Great George's street, Dublin.

TAKE NOTICE that JOSEPHINE MARY BYRNE, late of 65 Waterloo road, in the County of Dublin, Spinster, by her Will, bearing date the 19th day of February, 1921, proved by her Executrix, Mrs. Frances O'Connell Leyne, of Woodlock, Portlaw, Co. Waterford, on the 15th day of August, 1923, bequeathed the following charitable legacies, viz.—
To the Society of Saint-Vincent de Paul, in the Parish in which the Testatrix should be resident at her death, £50.
£50 for Masses to be said at Mount Mellary, County Waterford, for the repose of her soul.
£100 to the Rev. Ernest Farrell for Masses for like purpose.
Dated this 24th day of August, 1923.
MAXWELL, WELDON and CO., Solicitors for said Executrix, 40 North Great George's street, Dublin.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and to others whom it may concern.
IN THE GOODS OF
JOHN J. REALY, late of Ashley, Greystones, County Wicklow, Deceased.
Any person having any claim or claims on the estate of the above-named Deceased is requested to furnish particulars of same (in writing) forthwith to the undersigned.
Dated this 22nd day of August, 1923.
JOHN J. McDONALD, Solicitor for the Executors, 116 Grafton street, Dublin.

HORSES.

SEWELL'S, DUBLIN.
NEXT AUCTION AT THE REPOSITORY ON THURSDAY NEXT, AUG. 30th,
Commencing at 1.30 o'clock.
HUNTERS, HARNESS HORSES, POLO PONIES, MARES, etc., including—
To all whom it may concern.
Sold for price livery and exposure.
Without Reserve.
The famous jumping horse, Knockaloe, aged 7 years old, about 16.3 hands high; winner of 10 open events, including 2 Championships, including 1st Champion Wall, R.D.S., 1922, and 2nd, Ditto, 1923; also 1st Champion Wall, Belfast, and 1st Champion Wall, Omagh.
Also many other lots.
SEWELL, SON & SIMPSON (Ltd.)
AUCTIONEERS
MACKIE, BURNS & CO.,
Auctioneers, etc.
30 FREDERICK STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone 1146. Telegrams: Horses, Dublin.
USUAL WEEKLY SALE on THURSDAY NEXT, 30th inst., commencing at 12 o'clock of HORSES, PONIES, TRAPS and HARNESS.
Auctions of all classes conducted in Town and Country.
MACKIE, BURNS & CO.
TO HUNTING AND RACING GENTLEMEN.
W. R. BOX AND CO.,
NOTED SADDLERS AND HARNESS MANUFACTURERS
Are Offering for Sale Horses from Trotting and during the month of September at 10 per cent. off their usual prices, for cash, a large stock of all kinds of Saddlery, Brass and Silver plating for new and second-hand Saddles, Bridles, Horse Sheets, Rugs, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, Whips, Gloves, etc.; Power and Hand Clippers, New and Second-hand Horse Boots, Leggings, Foil size. Full list on application, with stamped addressed envelope.
THE ONLY ADDRESS.
68 DAME STREET.

HORSES HARVEY'S HORSES
ACONITE POWDERS.
THE REMEDY for Chronic Coughs, Defective Wind, Coughs and Colds, and Respiratory Troubles generally. Box of 6 Powders for Nearest Chemist, 3/-; Quarto of 4 Doses for Chronic Cases, 11/6. Of most Chemists.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE GOODS OF
JOSEPH MALONE, late of 17a Shergard avenue, in the City of Dublin, Carrier, Deceased.
Take Notice that on the expiration of eight days from the date hereof, I intend applying for Letters of Administration intestate to the estate of above Deceased.
ARCHIBALD CLARKE, Solicitor, 53 Upper Gardiner street, Dublin.
24th August, 1923.

A COMPLETE List of Election Candidates, with A a Page of Photographs and Personal Notes, appear in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale to-day. Price twopence.

WATER TURBINES
for any purpose,
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS
for any quantity,
AIR COMPRESSORS
for any purpose.
Manufactured in Ireland by—
ROBERT CRAIG & SONS (ENGINEERS), LIMITED,
York Street Engineering Works, St. [illegible]
ENQUIRIES INVITED.

We Stand by the Treaty
But Do Not Seek Office

WE seek your suffrage, not that we may assume office, but in order that commerce, industry, and agriculture, which constitute the very life of the nation, may not be neglected while "political" matters absorb the attention of the National Assembly.

We want to be there to HELP the government of the country.

WE

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

THE CALCOTT FAMOUS £325. Reliability, Quality, Value, and Delivery Assured. WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE.

A* Wood's Weekend Row—S.S.4. Cars now further reduced. £295.

COME AND TEST THE OAKLAND SIX-CYLINDER 5 SEAT 2-DOOR at £375, Dan Dodge. LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY, LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

MAXWELL CARS. *The Car which Glides.* From £335, complete, plus carriage. Sub-Agents: KEATING AND LUNDY, 20/6 Grand Brunswick st.

OAKLAND CARS. 1923 SIX CYLINDER 5 SEATER TOURING, £385, Delivered Dublin. BEST VALUE FOR MONEY. Sole Retail Agents: CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone, 4779. CHEVROLET CARS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

8 h.p. ROVER CARS. TWO SEATER ..... £190 FOUR SEATER ..... £190 COUPE (Self Starter) ..... £240 DUTY FREE. PLUS CARRIAGE. THE ROVER COMPANY, LTD., Showroom—LORD EDWARD STREET.

NEW PRICES OVERLAND CARS. STANDARD MODEL 4 ..... £290 MODEL 2K LUXE 5 SEATER ..... £335 MODEL 2K LUXE 2/3 SEATER ..... £325 LANDAULETTE ..... £375 ALL-WEATHER ..... £465 Duty Free. Carriage extra. R. CALLOW AND SONS, 44 WESTLAND ROW, DUBLIN.

CHEVROLET CARS, price only £194, ex Cowley, Oxford. Distributors for Sligo, Mayo, Galway, Leitrim, Roscommon, and Donegal. SLIGO MOTOR & ENGINEERING CO., LTD., Sligo.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE REDEL CAR? Sole Dublin Agents for Redel Cars: JOHN C. CATHCART, Wynnsbold Motor Showrooms, Ballsbridge, Dublin.

MAXWELL CARS. "Pace value in the World." Immediate Delivery from the Sole Importers into Free State. F. M. SUMMERFIELD, LTD., 138 LOWER BAGGOT ST., DUBLIN.

HIBERNIAN FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD. Head Office: 48/9 DAME ST. DUBLIN. INSURE MOTORS ON MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS.

All Classes of Insurance undertaken.

A BOHON of Motors every Friday, 2.15 p.m., at 40 Upper Mount street. Motor loan free 20 Lots for Auct. Cars always on view. 2 Senior Cars required.

A NOUS Sandcoate, £385; marvellous value.—Thompson's, 8 Shaw street, Dublin. 21 F

A USTIN 12 h.p. Tourer, 11.9 h.p., splendid condition, bargain, £145.—56 Rannagh road. 21 F

A DAVIS 4-seater, 1921, 11.9 h.p., two spare wheels, new tyres and tubes, luggage carrier; condition practically as new; price £210 (or quick sale £200).—1290, this office. 22 F

A 20 H.P. Fainter Landaulette, 1910, brass mounted, electric lighting and starting, in splendid condition and not in any way worn; offers.—T 1714, this office. 23 B

A DYEN or Fordson Tractors, Standing Corn Binders and Mowers.—John H. Reeves, AMIAS, 86 South Circular road, Kilmainham.

A UTOCARS from Sole Delivery, from Stock, at Jack Healy's Depot, Drinan st., Cork. 16 19

A CAR 6 cylinder, 1922, exceptional value; £1,000 or offer; 3 Shaw street, Dublin. 21 F

A CADILLAC Touring Car; for Sale; 8 cylinder, 7 seater; in perfect condition; price £1,000.—Box 1504, this office.

A CAR to suit you can be seen at once, immediate delivery.—21 Shaw street, Dublin. 21 F

A DAIMLER Landaulette, fourth successor, 6 detachable wheels, complete equipment, perfect order; £1,000 or offer.—Hobson, 8 Conyngham road. 22 A

A DAIMLER 30 h.p. touring coupelet, newly overhauled, owner driven; perfect order; any trial given; bargain, £380. Apply G. Cluh, 2 Cue. 22 A

A UTOCAR 30 h.p. Landaulette Car, £1000.—Thompson's, 8 Shaw street, Dublin. 21 F

FORD Tourer, 1914 Model, in perfect condition; complete with 5 detachable wheels and electric head lamps, £240.—9 Mellamna, Annamoe Garage, Dublin. 22 A

FORD Touring Car, 1913 Model in perfect order, £35.—9 Mellamna, Annamoe Garage, North Circular road, Dublin. 22 A

FORD Car, 1918, engine recently tainted, new boot, hood, and screen, tyres good, lamps and horn; £135.—Apply Sorrell's Garage, 21 Raglan lane. 22 A

FORD 1 and 2 Seaters in stock; immediate delivery.—Thompson's, 8 Shaw street. 21 F

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

PIM Brothers, Limited, require a thoroughly competent Motor Engineer to take charge of their Garage Repair Shop. He should be capable of doing all repairs. Apply by letter, in first instance, stating full experience and wages required.—PIM BROTHERS, LIMITED.

MOTOR Mechanic wanted, able to do all repairs; state age, experience, wages.—W. Corrigan, Edenderry. 22 A

WANTED, Chauffeur for Co. Cork (indoor); for three months; good driver, running repairs well recommended; good wages; single man only preferred.—R. F. L. Ellis, Estate Offices, 13 Anglesea street. 24 C

GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER APPEAR CORRECTLY; BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT, AND THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT, NO MATTER HOW ACCEPTED.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

12 words or under 1/-

Every succeeding word One Penny.

6 consecutive insertions FOR price of 3

This concession does not apply to advertisements set in display form, or placed contrary to our classification.)

Box Office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for, or, if they are to be sent by post as Registered, 6d. extra.

Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 3/- per insertion.

Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

TRADE AND "MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/- PER LINE.)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.

(3/8/'23.)

IRISH TIMES, LTD. WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. Telephone No. 6036 (50 lines). BRANCH OFFICES: BELFAST—108 Royal Avenue ..... 'Phone 1787. CORK—33 Marlborough Street ..... 'Phone 4585. LONDON—89 Fleet Street, E.C.4 ..... Central 4580. MANCHESTER—52 King Street ..... City 3080. GLASGOW—54 Gordon Street ..... Central 64.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND, Fox Terrier, Kinhouse st., 25th August. Apply Dog Home, Grand Canal st.

LOST, on or about July 3rd, an Amber Bead Necklace, together with a Rock Blue Stone Bead Necklace; left on Kingstown Pier. Finder will be rewarded.—T 1795, this office. 23 F

LOST, Liver and White Cocker Dog; reward.—7, Upper Mount street. 23 B

LOST, 17th inst., Dublin or Phoenix Park Race, Gold Hoop Bangle; finder rewarded.—T 1790, this office.

FOUND, Pair, Purse, containing watch and hand key. Reward, Wilson, Kenmare, Black-rock. 24 A

PURSE Found in Theatre Royal on Sunday.—T 1463, this office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED FOR BELFAST FIRM, a young Lady Assistant for Millinery and Hat Department; first-class experience, as OUTFIER and STITCHER; capable of taking charge of old-established private Connection. Apply, stating salary expected, age, religion, and full particulars of experience, to T. 1107, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

22 F

A COMPLETE List of Election Candidates, with a Page of Photographs and Personal Notes, appear in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale Monday at all Newsagents. 22 F

A ASSISTANT Lady Management Wanted by Dublin Firm; must be capable of attending to Box Office 10 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.; previous experience in Position of Responsibility and Trust essential; state salary required, particulars experience, age, family circumstances.—T 1450, this office. 21 F

A ASSISTANT Bookkeeper Wanted, Lady; state age, experience, and salary expected.—T 1783, this office. 24 C

A EFFECTIVE, Boy or Girl, to the General Inspector of Stamps, Revenue Commissioners, Dublin Castle. 24 A

A GENTS Wanted, to sell Profitable Goods of every kind. Catalogue free.—May (160), George st., Birmingham.

A GENTS Wanted, to sell Fruit Trees, on commission basis. Apply, 1-4 o'clock to-day, Prompt Answer, 10 South Anne st.

A GENTS Wanted, to sell Reliable Staples, on commission basis. Apply, 1-4 o'clock to-day, Prompt Answer, 10 South Anne st.

A GENTS Wanted, to sell Profitable Goods of every kind, Catalogue free.—May (160), George st., Birmingham.

A SSISTANT Lady Management Wanted by Dublin Firm; must be capable of attending to Box Office 10 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.; previous experience in Position of Responsibility and Trust essential; state salary required, particulars experience, age, family circumstances.—T 1450, this office. 21 F

A SSISTANT Bookkeeper Wanted, Lady; state age, experience, and salary expected.—T 1783, this office. 24 C

A SSISTANT Master (non-resident) required for Inchicore National School, near Dublin; Maths., Latin principal subjects; Irish desirable. Address "Z 4792, Master," this office. 24 A

A SSISTANT Mistress required for Malahide; Maths. Language, Science, Drawing and Music; state salary expected and qualifications. Address "Z 4792, Master," this office. 24 A

A N experienced and certified Mistress for Maths. Mathematics Required, September; non-resident; copies of qualifications. Address "Z 4821, Mistress," this office.

VOTE FOR SINN FEIN.

SINN FEIN will administer the public services for the nation, and in this work will see that no man or woman is unjustly treated. It will show no vindictive spirit towards its opponents. It offers Justice and Brotherhood—not Flogging and Tortures.

SINN FEIN will abolish the murder gangs and secure the life, liberty and property of the people.

SINN FEIN will extend fair play to every citizen whatever his or her opinions, and give preferential treatment to no class or creed or party.

SINN FEIN will reform the present burdensome and expensive legal system, will abolish secret military courts, will re-establish trial by jury, and so secure that EVERY MAN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE SHALL HAVE A FAIR, FULL, AND OPEN TRIAL.

SINN FEIN will take immediate steps to end unemployment by undertaking remunerative works of reconstruction, arterial drainage, the utilisation of the water power and peat resources of the country, the improvement of docks and harbours, the building of Mercantile Marine, the development of the agricultural and fishing industries, and the provision of houses for the workers. It will secure the completion of Land Purchase and will redress the grievances of uneconomic land holders.

SINN FEIN will foster and protect Irish Industries.

SINN FEIN will give the Irish Language its rightful place in the life of the nation.

SINN FEIN will reform the Educational System and secure equal opportunities for all.

SINN FEIN will abolish the Censorship of the Press.

SINN FEIN WILL OFFER TO ENGLAND NOT *ALLEGIANCE*, BUT A *PEACE*, BASED ON THE SOVEREIGNTY AND INTEGRITY OF THE IRISH NATION, THAT WILL REMOVE FROM HER ANY PRETEXT FOR MAKING WAR ON US.

SINN FEIN will offer to North-East Ulster peace based on such a measure of local autonomy as is consistent with the unity of all Ireland.

SINN FEIN will aim at wiping out as speedily as possible all internal dissension and bitterness arising from the past, so as to secure the greatest possible effort in achieving a REAL PEACE, and the fruits and blessings of peace.

Sinn Fein CAN Do This.

ELECTION MANIFESTO.

The Sinn Fein Candidates in this Election stand as they have stood in every Election since 1917, for the unity and untrammelled independence of Ireland. Like Padraig Pearse they know but one definition of freedom:

> *"Absolute freedom, not the freedom of a geographical fragment of Ireland, but the freedom of all Ireland, of every sod of Ireland."*

Accordingly, they stand by the Republic, constitutionally proclaimed by the elected representatives of the people in January, 1919, that Republic which has been consecrated by the blood of the best of our generation. They appeal to the people to be fair to themselves and fair to the nation, the generations dead and to come, they ask them to put craven counsels aside, to obey their nobler instincts, and once more to tell the world boldly what it is they truly in their hearts desire.

A couple of years ago it was our glory that we forced the British Prime Minister to confess:

> *"If you ask the people of Ireland what they would accept, by an emphatic majority they would say 'We want Independence and an Irish Republic.'—there is no doubt about that."*

Is the truth not the same to-day? Why should we fear to say it and confound the propagandists who have been telling the world the base lie that the Irish people have, of their own free will, chosen to become a partitioned British province.

The world is once more looking on. Shall it be said that this generation has turned renegade to the national faith and outdone the disastrous submission of the princes and prelates to Henry II. which brought us centuries of shame and sorrow.

God will be with the brave and the true. Where the will is, the way will not be wanting, and—to be brave is to be wise—for there can be no progress, no stability, no rest, for this nation so long as a single shred of foreign authority remains here.

EAMON de VALERA.

August 1923.

INSTRUCTIONS TO REPUBLICAN VOTERS

READ CAREFULLY Names on Ballot Paper.

Place the Figure **1** in front of the name of the SINN FEIN Candidate you like best.
" **2** in front of the name of the SINN FEIN Candidate you like second best.
" **3** in front of the name of the SINN FEIN Candidate you like third best. And so on.

AFTER you have voted for SINN FEIN Candidates you may place numbers in front of the names of other Candidates in the order of your preference.

VOTE FOR SINN FEIN.

Published by Sinn Fein Election Committee, 23 Suffolk street, Dublin.

Educational Establishments.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

Founded 1866 for the Higher Education of Ladies. Incorporated 1867, under the Educational Endowments (Ireland) Act, 1885.
Lady Principal—Miss WHITE, LL.D.

MICHAELMAS TERM, 1923.
COLLEGE WILL RE-OPEN ON THURSDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER.

Students are prepared for the Higher Grades Intermediate and for the Universities.
The College Calendar may be had on application.
The Lady Principal will be at the College from 10 till 1 o'clock daily (excepting Saturdays) on and after September 6th to give information and to receive entries.

TRAINING DEPARTMENTS FOR TEACHERS.

Head of Departments—Miss F. M. BERRY, M.A.
(1) Secondary Training Department. (In connection with the Trinity College Department for the Training of Teachers.)
There is a Loan Fund, and several Scholarships are offered.
(2) Department for Training Junior School Teachers and Private Governesses.
KINDERGARTEN DEPARTMENT prepares for Certificate of Nat. Froebel Union.
The Hostel for Training Students adjoins the College Gardens.
The Prospectus and Forms of Application for Scholarships can be had from the Lady Principal.

SPECIAL TRAINING COURSES.

Course in HOUSEKEEPING (recognised by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction). Prizes of £25 and £15 are offered in connection with this Course.
Course in ADVANCED HOUSECRAFT (Cookery, Sewing, Millinery, Nursery Management).
COURSE in SECRETARIAL and LIBRARY TRAINING, including Cataloguing and Classification. Special Language Courses, Business Methods, Book-keeping, and full training in Shorthand and Typewriting.
Prospectuses on application to the Lady Principal.
Alexandra Residence Hall—Miss RUSSELL B.A., 4, 5, and 6 Nelson Terrace, Dublin.
Alexandra Residence House—Miss FLETCHER, 35 Fitzwilliam square.
Hostel for Training Students—12 Lower Leeson street.

R. E. CROOK, M.A., Secretary.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

8 to 11 EARLSFORT TERRACE.
Founded A.D. 1873.
By the Council of Alexandra College and School.

Head Mistress—Miss MULVANY, LL.D.
The School Re-opens on MONDAY, SEPT. 3rd. New Pupils will be examined for classification on FRIDAY, AUGUST 31st, at 12 a.m.
Pupils prepared for the Junior Grade Intermediate Examination.
The successes of 1922 include two of the three First-class Exhibitions awarded in Mathematical Group, with First Place in Grade, and the only First-class Exhibition awarded in Experimental Science; also Medals for First Place in English, in Geometry, and Algebra (two pupils qualifying).
The Head Mistress will be in attendance to receive pupils on and after WEDNESDAY, the 22nd AUGUST, from 11 to 2 p.m.
Residence Houses for Country Pupils:—Alexandra Residence, 35 Fitzwilliam square; Miss Fletcher's House, 35 Fitzwilliam square; Miss Kirkpatrick, 25 Lower Leeson street.
For Prospectuses, etc., apply to the Head Mistress.

R. F. CROOK, M.A., Secretary to Council.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

KINDERGARTEN AND TRANSITION CLASSES
For Boys and Girls from four to eight years of age. Under the charge of experienced teachers and the personal supervision of the Head Mistress, Miss Mulvany, LL.D.

R. F. CROOK, M.A., Secretary to Council.

S. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

Work will be resumed on MONDAY, SEPT. 3rd, at 10 a.m.
Boys receive a high-class Secondary School Education. Small classes. Individual attention.
Games receive special attention. Swimming, Football, Cricket, and Swedish Gymnastics.
Thirteen Valuable Exhibitions are granted to boys who are proficient in the Choir (five at £10 per annum and eight at £5 per annum).
An Examination will be held on Monday, Sept. 3rd, at 10.30 a.m.
There are a few vacancies for new boys, who should apply to

THE WARDEN.

EARLSFORT HOUSE SCHOOL,

3 EARLSFORT PLACE, DUBLIN.
Head Master: W. ERNEST EASHAW, B.A., T.C.D. B.A., London (Hons.).
SCHOOL RE-OPENS TUESDAY, SEPT. 11th. Twelve University Entrances in November, 1923, direct from School.
EXAMINATION FOR THREE SCHOLARSHIPS ON SEPTEMBER 3rd.

ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN SCHOOL.

FORTIETH YEAR.

HEAD MASTER:—
W. S. CRETWODE CRAWLEY, M.A., Cantab. Schoolhouse—74 and 75 St. Stephen's Green. Playing-Fields—Merrion Park, Sandford road.
Physical Instruction and Games.
The Classes will RE-ASSEMBLE on TUESDAY, the 4th and WEDNESDAY, the 5th September, when the Head Master will be in attendance to interview parents between 10 and 12 o'clock.

TERM BEGINS 11th SEPTEMBER, 1923.

BETHESDA SCHOOL, 67 ECCLES STREET, DUBLIN.

RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 5th.
BOARDERS RETURN SEPTEMBER 4th.
Vacancies for Girls under 11 years of age. Terms strictly moderate. Intermediate education. Apply Hon. Secretary.

BERTRAND SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

10-11 ECCLES STREET, DUBLIN.

School Re-opens WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th. Boarders return on Tuesday. Terms strictly moderate.
Prospectus on application to the Headmistress.

DIOCESAN INTERMEDIATE & COMMERCIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

ADELAIDE ROAD, DUBLIN.
SCHOOL WILL RE-OPEN (D.V.) on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, at 9.15 a.m.
The Headmistress will be at the School for interviews on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, August 28th, and on Monday, September 3rd, from 11-1 o'clock.
There will be an Entrance Examination on Thursday, August 30th, at 10 o'clock.

MOUNTJOY SCHOOL

(INCORPORATED SOCIETY'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL),

TRINITY COLLEGE.
Sizarships—Four of five places awarded in Science (first) in Mathematics (3rd, first and second with another). Forty-five Sizarships in ten years.
Junior Exhibitions—Six places of sixteen awarded. Forty-six Exhibitions in ten years.

COLLEGE OF SCIENCE.
Two Entrance Scholarships and a Royal Scholarship.

BANK CLERKSHIPS.
Six places (open) and forty-two in three years.
NEW PUPILS received Monday, 3rd September, from 10 o'clock.
BOARDERS return on 4th, and Day Pupils on 5th.
Printed List of Successes of Past and Present Pupils, and all particulars from
Headmaster—REV. WILLIAM ANDERSON, Ex-Sch., Sen. Mod. M.A., etc.

PEMBROKE DAY TRADES PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

Courses specially arranged for Boys who desire to be prepared for successful careers in Motor, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineering, Telegraphy, Metallurgy, Shipbuilding, etc.
Holders of Dublin Higher Grade Certificate will be admitted Free, without examination.
A large number of Free places will be awarded for the coming Session on the result of the Entrance Examination to be held on Monday, September 10th.
For full particulars apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
Pembroke Technical School, Ballsbridge, Dublin.

NORFOLK COLLEGE,

155 RATHGAR ROAD, DUBLIN.
School re-opens TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.
Prospectus on application.
Principal .....Miss GARRETT, B.A.

BELGRAVE SCHOOL,

14 BELGRAVE ROAD, RATHMINES.
PRINCIPAL: MISS MONTGOMERY, B.A.
School Re-opens MONDAY, SEPT. 3rd. Prospectus on application by letter only until August 27th.

BRIGHTON SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
KINDERGARTEN.
37 BRIGHTON SQUARE, RATHGAR.
Education on lines of most modern English Schools
Games.
Morning School ... 9.30-1. Afternoon 2.30-4
Preparation is done during Afternoon School.
RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 3rd.
Principal: MISS HAYNES, B.A., R.U.I., Diploma in Education, T.C.D.

THE FRENCH SCHOOL, BRAY, CO. WICKLOW.

(Established August, 1854, by Mme. REIGHLEY DE MAILLY.)

Principal—MISS REILLY.
Head-Mistress—MISS STANTON, B.A., T.C.D.
ASSISTED BY A HIGHLY-QUALIFIED French and English Resident Staff.
Boarders to return Thursday, Sept. 20th. Day Pupils Friday, the 21st, at 10 o'clock.

GALWAY GRAMMAR SCHOOL

Rich Endowments, Modern Laboratory, Splendid situation in large grounds. Unrivalled for healthiness. Education fits for University and other Examinations under strong staff of Resident Graduates.
SCHOOL WILL RE-OPEN on WEDNESDAY, 5th SEPTEMBER.
Apply for Prospectus to Head Master,
ALEXANDER LEAHY, M.A.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE DUBLIN.

COLLEGE RE-OPENS on Tuesday, 4th September, at 10 a.m.
BOARDERS return on the evening of 3rd September.
The Headmaster will be in attendance, to interview parents and new pupils, on and after 28th August between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., and at other times by appointment.

Boys are prepared for the UNIVERSITIES and for PROFESSIONAL and BUSINESS appointments. Full courses, under experienced graduates, are provided in Classics, Mathematics, Modern Languages (English, French, German, and Irish), Experimental Science, Drawing and Commercial subjects.

Due attention is given to the PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT of the pupils. In 1921, and again in 1922, the Leinster Senior Schools' Cup was won by the St. Andrew's College Rugby 1st XV. In the PREPARATORY SCHOOL at 21 St. Stephen's Green and 47 Rathgar Road, young boys receive the careful and thorough grounding which experience has shown to be the best foundation for more advanced studies.

RECENT SUCCESSES.—
1921—Kidd Scholarship (£330), for 1st Place at entrance to Trinity College; Junior Exhibition, Foundation Scholarship, two Senior Exhibitions, six Senior Moderatorships, also Mathematical Studentship, the Classical Studentship and the Fellowship.
1922—Seven Intermediate Exhibitions, three Medals, Composition Prizes in Latin, Greek, French, and German; Department's Grant for "distinguished merit" in Science and Drawing; Bruce Bursary at entrance to St. Andrew's University.
PROSPECTUS on application to the Headmaster,
ALEX. S. M. IRWIN, M.A., B.Sc.

WESLEY COLLEGE.

BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS and GIRLS.
Excellent Premises. Beautiful Grounds.
LATEST SUCCESSES:
INTERMEDIATE, 1922.
Eight Exhibitions. Eight First Places.
Medals in English, Latin, French, Geometry.
Best Pass List on Record.
UNIVERSITY.
Five Moderatorships (Four Senior).
Senior Exhibition. Travelling Scholarship.
Mathematical Sizarship, First Place.
Royal College of Science Scholarships, First Place.
Classes for Matriculation and Sizarships.
Special Secretarial Training for Banks and Offices
Excellent Junior School for Children from Five.
New Day Pupils Enrolled Daily, 10-2, from 27th.
College Re-opens on Wednesday, 5th September.
Prospectus and List of Distinctions from
REV. T. J. IRWIN, D.D., Principal.

TULLAMAINE

(UPPER LEESON STREET).
Kindergarten and Preparatory School.
Prospectus from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.D.

BELVEDERE COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

Classes will be Resumed on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER. For Terms, etc., apply to the Rector.
The Rector is at home to see parents each morning from 10 to 1 o'clock.

SANDFORD PARK SCHOOL, RANELAGH, DUBLIN.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Beautifully situated, within easy access to Dublin, in 6½ acres.
Small Classes.
Excellent Playing Fields and Gymnasium.
Highly qualified Staff.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS on TUESDAY, SEPT. 11th, at 10 o'clock
Boarders Return on that day before 6 o'clock.
For Prospectus, including photographs, apply to the Head Master,
A. E. LE PETON,
Late Head Master of Earlsfort House School.

CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY SCHOOL, 89 LOWER LEESON STREET.

The School will RE-OPEN TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.
For particulars apply to
THE PRESIDENT.

RUTLAND HIGH SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

NEW TERM BEGINS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.

MOUNT TEMPLE SCHOOL, PALMERSTON PARK.

PREPARATORY DAY SCHOOL AND KINDERGARTEN FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.
RE-OPENS THURSDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER.
INTERVIEWS BY APPOINTMENT.
For particulars apply to
MISS N. SWEENY, B.A.

CORLATT PRIVATE SCHOOL

And
CLASSES FOR MUSIC AND LANGUAGES,
66 FRANKFORT AVENUE, RATHGAR.
Resumed MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th (D.V.).

TERENURE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

20 DAWSON STREET.
CLASSES IN SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
Full Commercial Course, including Touch Typewriting and Practical Commercial Book-keeping.
Students trained for Shorthand Diploma.
CLASSES RESUMED MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.
Full particulars and Prospectus on application to PRINCIPAL.

AVOCA SCHOOL, BLACKROCK, CO. DUBLIN.

RE-OPENS SATURDAY, 8th SEPTEMBER.
Two Vacancies for Boarders and a few for Day Pupils.

A. A. MacDONOGH, M.A.,
(Ex-Sch. and Gold Medallist T.C.D.)

MOUNTJOY SCHOOL

(INCORPORATED SOCIETY'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL),

TRINITY COLLEGE.
Sizarships—Four of five places awarded in Science (first) in Mathematics (3rd, first and second with another). Forty-five Sizarships in ten years.
Junior Exhibitions—Six places of sixteen awarded. Forty-six Exhibitions in ten years.

COLLEGE OF SCIENCE.
Two Entrance Scholarships and a Royal Scholarship.

BANK CLERKSHIPS.
Six places (open) and forty-two in three years.
NEW PUPILS received Monday, 3rd September, from 10 o'clock.
BOARDERS return on 4th, and Day Pupils on 5th.
Printed List of Successes of Past and Present Pupils, and all particulars from
Headmaster—REV. WILLIAM ANDERSON, Ex-Sch., Sen. Mod. M.A., etc.

LADIES' COLLEGE,

CROSTHWAITE PARK, KINGSTOWN.
Boarding and Day School. Large Staff. Secretarial Training.
Next Term will (D.V.) commence 4th SEPTEMBER.

Miss McPHAIL, LL.A.,
Author "Tudor Period." "Victorian Era," etc.

KINGSTOWN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND YOUNG GIRLS
M. E. DEVLIN (Head Master).

VICTORIA SCHOOL, KINGSTOWN.

New Term Begins on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.
Miss EDNA HUDSON, B.A., Headmistress.

BELLEVUE HOUSE SCHOOL, SUTTON.

School RE-OPENS on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER. Parents can see Principals on Saturday, 1st September, at any hour.

PRESENTATION COLLEGE, BRAY.

Re-opens to BOARDING and DAY STUDENTS on WEDNESDAY, 5th SEPTEMBER.
SITUATION—Unrivalled in Ireland
SYSTEM—Education, Instruction, Efficiency, under Moral development.
TONE—All the Cultural Refinement of the best family home aimed at.
CURRICULUM—Includes English, Irish, French, Latin, Mathematics, the Physical Sciences, Music.
EXAMINATIONS — Intermediate, Matriculation, Commercial and Civil Service.
PHYSICAL CULTURE—Gymnastics, Swedish Drill, and all College Games.
For terms, etc., apply to THE PRESIDENT.

DOMINICAN CONVENT WICKLOW.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Also
PREPARATORY COLLEGE FOR BOYS.
RE-OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1923.

PRESTON SCHOOL, ABBEYLEIX.

FOUNDED 1686.
The School supplies a sound Secondary Education. Pupils prepared for the University, Public Service, and Commercial life. Valuable Scholarships. Excellent results.

School will Re-open on Tuesday, 4th September. For particulars apply to
R. J. MacSHANE, B.A., Headmaster.

RANELAGH SCHOOL, ATHLONE.

BOYS PREPARED FOR INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS, BANKS, CIVIL SERVICE, Etc.
BOARDERS RETURN ON TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.
For full particulars apply to
ROBERT BAILE, M.A., Head Master.

THE TATE SCHOOL, WEXFORD.

A Boarding School for Boys. Backward Boys specially attended to. Tuition for University, Intermediate (all grades), Civil Service, and Bank Exams. in Irish taught. SCHOOL RE-OPENS ON TUESDAY, 4th SEPT. at 9.30 a.m. Boarders return on Monday, 3rd Sept.
Prospectus and List of successes on application to
W. J. VAUGHAN, B.A., Hons. (Lond.), F.C.P., Headmaster.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN

(A CONSTITUENT COLLEGE OF THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND).

SESSION 1923-24.

Entrance Scholarships Examinations and Scholarships in the Faculty of Medicine, October 2nd, 1923.
Introductory Course in Medicine (including Dentistry), October 3rd, 1923.
Lectures in Arts, Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Engineering and Architecture, and Commerce, October 9th, 1923.
Lectures in Law begin October 25th, 1923.
Apply to the College, Earlsfort terrace, or the School of Medicine, Cecilia street, or by letter addressed to the Registrar, University College, Dublin, for Regulations as to the Scholarships and Courses for Degrees. Copies of each Course, price 6d.

K.A.A.

COLLEGE OF ST. COLUMBA RATHFARNHAM, CO. DUBLIN.

PUBLIC SCHOOL. SISTER FOUNDATION OF RADLEY COLLEGE.

Visitor:
HIS GRACE THE LORD PRIMATE OF ALL IRELAND.
Warden: The Rev. C. R. ARMSTRONG, M.A., B.D.

AUTUMN TERM COMMENCES MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th.
All Boys are expected to be in attendance before 8.30 p.m.

The College is ideally situated on the slopes of the Dublin Mountains (500 feet), and is conducted on Public School and Church of Ireland lines. Special Classes for University Scholarships and the Services. Valuable Entrance Scholarships annually in June. Usual age of entry, 13-14. Entrance is by the Common Entrance Examination to Public Schools, or Special Examination if necessary. In addition to the usual School Subjects there are special facilities for Science, Music, Drawing, Physical Training, Carpentry, and Swimming. The College possesses its own farm, which supplies milk, vegetables, etc.
For Prospectus and further particulars apply to the Rev. THE WARDEN.

SCHOOLS FOUNDED BY ERASMUS SMITH, Esq.

Chairman:
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF CASHEL AND WATERFORD, D.D.

THE HIGH SCHOOL, DUBLIN

(Playing Field—Belgrave square, Rathmines).

RE-OPENS on TUESDAY, SEPT. 4th.

FEES:
Boys under 10 ..... £3 per year.
Boys between 10 and 12.. £10 " "
Boys over 12 ..... £16 " "

Reduction for Brothers and Sons of Clergymen.
Fees are inclusive for all subjects, and for stationery, games, Swedish gymnastics, etc.

There are 40 School Scholarships and numerous leaving Exhibitions.
New Boys admitted daily from August 29th, between 10 and 1, or by appointment.
For Prospectus, list of recent high distinctions, etc., apply to the Headmaster,
J. THOMPSON, M.A. (Cantab.), M.R.I.A.

PAX.

KYLEMORE ABBEY SCHOOL, O.S.B. CONNEMARA, OPENS SEPTEMBER 11th.

This magnificent new School is situated in the midst of scenes of unrivalled beauty. The system of education, which is based on the best modern scientific methods, will be on thoroughly Irish lines, and conducted by a Staff of Trained University Graduates.
The family spirit with the atmosphere of refinement and culture distinctive of the Benedictine system, pervades the school life of the pupils.
The re-arrangement of the School premises provides more than ample accommodation for fifty pupils. The individual attention to the health and general training of each pupil will not, however, permit of exceeding this number.
FEES ..... 50 Guineas
For full particulars apply—
THE REVEREND MOTHER ABBESS.

MORGAN'S SCHOOL, CASTLEKNOCK.

Ideal situation. Large, airy dormitories and classrooms. Numerous improvements and extensions. Splendid examination results. Individual attention.
Large playing-fields. Games and athletics under Headmaster's supervision. Moderate Fees.
Boarders return September 5th.
W. W. COMMISKEY, M.A., Headmaster.

MERCER'S SCHOOL, CASTLEKNOCK.

This School provides an Intermediate Education for the Daughters of Members of the Church of Ireland. Fees very moderate.
For particulars apply to
THE PRINCIPAL.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS ON THE 28th AUGUST

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL DROGHEDA.

(FOUNDED 1669.)

SCHOOL WILL RE-OPEN ON 3rd SEPTEMBER.
Reduction for Brothers and Sons of Clergymen.
Six out of Eight Scholarships were gained by Pupils in June last.
Seventy-five per cent. of those presented passed the Senior Grade in 1923.
Full particulars and Prospectus on application to S. F. FERGUSON, M.A., Headmaster.

BISHOP FOY SCHOOL, WATERFORD

Chairman of Governors:
THE LORD BISHOP OF CASHEL.
There are Five vacancies for Boarders.
Next Term commences 6th SEPTEMBER.
Illustrated Prospectus on application
Ireland, or to the Head Master, W. H. KIRKPATRICK, D.D., Headmaster.

SLIGO GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Very healthy position, in best Connaught scenery; modern dormitories; highest examination successes. Fees moderate, owing to generous grants.
Boarders return on TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.
For Prospectus, etc., apply to
JOHN BENNETT, M.A. (Headmaster).

ROYAL SCHOOL, CAVAN.

An Examination for Ass'ted Boarding Scholarships will be held on 1st September.
Work resumed Tuesday, 4th September.
For particulars, etc., apply to the Headmaster,
CHAS. BAIN, B.A.

LORETO CONVENT, BALBRIGGAN.

School Re-opens
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th.
For Prospectus apply to
THE MOTHER SUPERIOR.

K.A.A.

THE HIGH SCHOOL. SLIGO

Principal:
Miss WILLIS, M.A., Classical Tripos Girton College

INTERMEDIATE COURSES, COOKERY, SEWING, GYMNASTICS, AND GAMES.

The School stands high in eight acres, near the sea. Moderate Terms. Illustrated Prospectus.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL, DUNDALK,

RE-OPENS WEDNESDAY, 29th AUGUST.
For Prospectus, etc., apply
Rev. A. A. HANBIDGE M.A., Headmaster

MUNSTER-CONNACHT COLLEGE

HARTSTONGE HALL, LIMERICK.

Affords excellent Courses of Training in Commercial Subjects, and Prepares students for Bank, Railway, Civil Service, Pharmaceutical Preliminary, etc., Examinations.
The College is ideally situated in one of the quietest and healthiest parts of the city, with brigat spacious class rooms.
Terms, etc., from the Principal. 'Phone 345.

MIDLETON COLLEGE, CO. CORK.

RE-OPENS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th.
ARTHUR R. LAYNG, M.A., LL.D., Principal.

ST. BRENDAN'S SEMINARY, KILLARNEY, CO. KERRY.

Boarders Return on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of SEPTEMBER, 1923. Classes resumed the following day.

JOHN CANON BREEN, President.

CHATEAU DE MARNAND, VAUD, SWITZERLAND.

Select Finishing School for Young Ladies. FRENCH ITALIAN, MUSIC SPORTS. Excursions in Switzerland. Easter Trip to Italy. Christmas Winter Sports. Highest References. Escort in September.
For Prospectus and Information apply to Mrs. T. E. McCONNELL, Eden-a-Brae, Cranmore Park, Belfast.

WHITEHEAD HIGH SCHOOL (Erasmus Smith)

RE-OPENS 5th September, at 10 a.m.—A happy Home, with best Educational advantages. Entry charge if necessary. References to Africa and India.
MRS. JOHNSTON, Principal.

KILKENNY COLLEGE, FOUNDED—1538.

Excellent all round education at moderate fees. Boys are prepared for all the usual examinations, including University Entrance, Banks, etc.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS, 1922.

48 candidates were entered, of whom 23 passed with Honours, and were awarded the following distinctions:—
NINE EXHIBITIONS,
FOUR MEDALS,
TWELVE BOOK PRIZES.

Lectures in Arts, Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Engineering and Architecture, and Commerce, October 9th, 1923.
Lectures in Law begin October 25th, 1923.
Apply to the College, Earlsfort terrace, or the School of Medicine, Cecilia street, or by letter addressed to the Registrar, University College, Dublin, for Regulations as to the Scholarships and Courses for Degrees. Copies of each Course, price 6d.

K.A.A.

BLACKROCK COLLEGE, DUBLIN,

REOPENS TUESDAY, SEPT. 11th.

MASTERS MEET, STUDENTS AT ALL DUBLIN STATIONS ON THAT DAY.

K.A.A.

DIOCESAN BOYS' INTERMEDIATE AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL. MOLESWORTH STREET.

The School supplies a sound Secondary Education at the inclusive Fees of £8 PER YEAR. All the Assistants are FULLY QUALIFIED REGISTERED TEACHERS.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS THURSDAY, AUG. 30th.
Particulars on application to
T. W. F. JONES, ex-Sch., M.A., T.C.D., Headmaster.

ROCKWELL COLLEGE

(C.S.Sp.)

CASHEL,

Senior Grade Intermediate Results just published
SEVENTEEN passed out of EIGHTEEN presented.

RE-OPENS TUESDAY, 4th SEPT.

For Prospectus, Terms, etc., apply
THE PRESIDENT.

K.A.A.

Lt.-Col. W. D. DOONER, R.A.C.(c)e., GREENAN, DUNMURRY,
Takes Resident and Non-Resident Pupils
For all Examinations for
ROYAL NAVY, ARMY, AIR FORCE, INDIA POLICE CADETSHIPS,
And Entrance Examinations for UNIVERSITIES, LAW PRELIMINARY, etc., etc.

JULY EXAMINATIONS.
ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE, SANDHURST, Mr. H. St. G. MacDOWELL.
ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE (DARTMOUTH), Mr. PATTERSON.
Tue above, the only Candidates sent up from this Establishment, were successful.
Full Particulars, Fees, Recent Successes, forwarded on application.

DOMINICAN COLLEGE, NEWBRIDGE, CO. KILDARE,

WILL RE-OPEN TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th.

For Prospectus apply to
THE PRIOR.

K.A.A.

ST. JOSEPH'S PREPARATORY TRAINING COLLEGE, PRESENTATION CONVENT, THURLES.

SUCCESSES.
Miss Nan Brennan obtained
FIRST PLACE IN ALL IRELAND
At the King's Scholarship Exam. held last Easter.
MATRICULATION, N. UNIVERSITY, IRELAND.
Passes—Miss M. O'Sullivan, Miss Evelyn Healy.
Miss A. Brett, Miss M. O'Doherty, Miss B. Purcell.
Successes of our Students in
TECHNICAL CLASS TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS IN ART.
Object and Memory Drawing Passes—Bridie Burke, Kathy Clifford, Bridget Fogarty, Evelyn Healy, Cissie Kennedy, Mary Max, Kathleen Moloney, Siobhan Nash, Bridget Purcell, Annie Ryan, Mary Wills.
Mechanical Drawing and Design.—Passes—Mary Burke, Bridie Burke, Evelyn Healy, Mary Max, Kathleen Moloney, Siobhan Nash, Bridie O'Connor, Bridget Purcell, Mary Wills.
Geometrical Drawing.—Siobhan Nash, Alice Hayes, May Wills.
LEINSTER SCHOOL OF MUSIC.
Junior 1st Year.—First Class Honours—Maurine O'Dougherty. Pass—Bridget Purcell, Nance Cronin.
Junior 2nd Year.—First Class Honours—May Hanly.
Middle 1st Year.—Pass—Evelyn Healy, Maura Slattery, Mary Looby.
Middle 2nd Year.—Second Class Honours—Tilly M'Quibb. Pass—Julia Splittle, Rosie O'Meara.
COLLEGE RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 3rd.

PORTORA SCHOOL, ENNISKILLEN.

Founded 1618.

PUBLIC SCHOOL OF THE FIRST RANK.

Chairman of the Board of Governors:
The Right Rev. the LORD BISHOP OF CLOGHER.

The School has an O.T.C. Contingent,
Two Rifle Ranges,
Five Rowing Boats,
Workshop,
Gymnasium,
Swimming Bath, well equipped and centrally heated;
Electric Lighting,
54 Acres of Demesne,
Home Farm,
Herd of Tested Cows.
Rowing, Boxing, Swimming, and Carpentry are scientifically taught.

The School's recent record—University, Army, Commercial, and Intermediate—is excellent.
There is a Staff of Graduates, chiefly Oxford and Cambridge men.
There is a waiting-list, and no vacancies until 1924.

BOARDERS RETURN SEPT. 21st.

For new Prospectus and particulars, apply to the REV. THE HEADMASTER.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT

DONAGHMORE, CO. TYRONE.
Boarding School conducted by the Daughters of the Cross. Pupils prepared for King's Scholarship, Intermediate and Matriculation.
KING'S SCHOLARSHIP, EASTER, 1923.
Two Candidates. Two Successes.
The grounds are one hundred acres in extent, and outdoor games include Tennis, Croquet, Badminton, Basket Ball and Hockey.
SCHOOL RE-OPENED AUGUST 4th.
For terms apply
REV. MOTHER.

THE RECTOR OF COMBE FLOREY, Taunton, assisted by Four Resident Tutors, receives Ten PUPILS for INDIVIDUAL TUITION. Est. 30 years. £40 a Term. Riding, shooting, motoring, games; separate bedrooms. Sea access, diet, etc. "Unique facilities for education." (Court Circular).

CHARTERED SOCIETY OF MASSAGE & MEDICAL GYMNASTICS.

STUDENTS PREPARED FOR EXAMINATIONS OF ABOVE SOCIETY AT THE LIMERICK SCHOOL OF MASSAGE.
For Particulars apply to
THE SECRETARY,
10 THE CRESCENT, LIMERICK.

UNIVERSITY OF MANCHESTER.

The Session will commence on Thursday, October 4th. Particulars of any of the following Faculties or Departments may be obtained on application to the Internal Registrar:—Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Music, Theology, Technology, Commerce, Education, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Public Health, Architecture, Geography, Prospectuses of General Information, Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes, Public and Evening Courses, Extra-Mural Department; also Information for Women Students.

RUTHIN SCHOOL, N. WALES.

Founder—Gabriel Goodman, D.D., Dean of Westminster, A.D. 1574.
Chairman of the Governors—The Most Rev. the Lord Archbishop of Wales.
Head Master—R. by Lovegrove, M.A. (Oxon.), F.S.A.
Splendid situation in mountain country. The finest playing fields in Wales. Rugby Football. Rutlin is a well-known health resort.
Preparation is strictly confined to boys under 10.
For full particulars apply to the Head Master.

CHESHIRE LOSTOCK GRALAM.

WINCHAM HALL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Large Staff. Gymnastics and Playing Fields. Cooking. Housewifery. Moderate fees.
Illustrations from Mrs. AINSCOUGH, Principal.

TERENURE COLLEGE

(Conducted by the Carmelite Fathers).

HEALTH HAPPINESS SUCCESS

30 minutes from centre of National Capital.

Ideal Situation.
Own Farm.
Fifty-Acre Sport Field.
Boating. Swimming.
Nature Study. Science.
Music, Art, Languages.
Distinguished Irish Professor.

Best equipped and largest Class-rooms.
Highly qualified and experienced Teachers.
Commercial Course. Business Methods.
Book-keeping, shorthand, Typewriting.
Resident and Day Pupils.
Preparatory Department.
Matron—Qualified Nurse.

Intermediate and Entrance Examinations to University, Banks, Pharmacy, College of Science, Veterinary College, etc., etc., etc.

Records since 1920.—First Place Ireland in Arithmetic and other distinctions. Dublin Football Championship and Cup Twice.

COLLEGE RE-OPENS TUESDAY, 11TH SEPTEMBER.

Further Particulars and Prospectus on application to VERY REV. PRESIDENT.

K.A.A.

METHODIST COLLEGE, BELFAST.

MUSIC SCHOLARSHIPS.

THE GOVERNORS offer TWO SCHOLARSHIPS, each of the value of £3 Guineas.
One for the Pianoforte.
One for the Violin or Violoncello.
The Scholarships (open to all boys and girls) are for one year, with a possible extension in exceptional cases.
A Competitive Examination will be held at the College on 3rd September.
Holders of the Scholarships will be required to study an additional musical instrument and the theory of music.
Candidates should possess a general education in keeping with their age, and be medically fit.
Suitability of age and other considerations will be taken into account. The object of the Scholarships is to encourage real talent, and unless this is forthcoming no awards will be made.
For particulars apply to
THE REGISTRAR,
METHODIST COLLEGE, BELFAST.

METHODIST COLLEGE, BELFAST.

THIS large BOARDING SCHOOL, open to ALL DENOMINATIONS, has extensive equipment for ENGINEERING and allied TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS, in addition to full courses for the UNIVERSITIES, PUBLIC SERVICES, BANKING and COMMERCE.
STAFF ..... 48 TEACHERS.
Examinations for ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS will be held on 4th and 5th SEPTEMBER.
SYLLABUS of SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATIONS and ILLUSTRATED COLLEGE PROSPECTUS may be had on application to the REGISTRAR.
The new SESSION BEGINS on THURSDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, at 10 a.m. Boarders to come into Residence on the afternoon of the 5th.

MOUNT ST. JOSEPH COLLEGE, ROSCREA,

WILL RE-OPEN
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.

For Prospectus, etc., apply to
THE PRESIDENT.

FOYLE COLLEGE, LONDONDERRY.

BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL with PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.
Moderate inclusive fees. Four leaving Scholarships. Fourteen Free and Two House Scholarships.
Physical Training, Games, Swimming and Athletics.
Preparation for Intermediate Examination.
FOUR MEDALS, SIX EXHIBITIONS, EIGHT PRIZES.

SCHOOL WILL RE-OPEN ON TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, at 10 o'clock.
Boarders return on that day.

Prospectus, Honour List from
HEADMASTER.

RICHMOND HIGH SCHOOL, THE MALL, ARMAGH.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Will Re-open on
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4.

For Prospectus, etc., apply to
Miss E. J. HOGAN, B.A., Chief Assist.
Cossell Ferry, N.B.

ACADEMICAL INSTITUTION, COLERAINE.

SCHOOL will RE-OPEN on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.

Prospectus and full information may be had from the Headmaster,
THOMAS J. BEARE, M.A.

PARKMOUNT SCHOOL, BELFAST.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

The School is beautifully situated, and is admirably adapted for the requirements of a Modern Boarding School, being surrounded by extensive and magnificent Grounds, with Playing Fields for Hockey, Lacrosse, Tennis, etc., all brought on the grounds.
Games are in charge of a fully qualified Mistress from a Physical Training College.
Domestic Science Department for Girls over 13 years of age.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS (D.V.) TUESDAY, 4th SEPT.
BOARDERS RETURN MONDAY, 3rd.
Prospectus on application.

Principals—THE MISSES WASSON.

FRIENDS' SCHOOL, LISBURN.

A PUBLIC CO-EDUCATIONAL BOARDING SCHOOL (open to all denominations).

Excellent premises, standing in well-kept estate of 23 acres—Swimming Baths, Gymnasium, and Cricket.

Individual attention on "THE DALTON PLAN." Printed list of staff, with qualifications and other particulars, on application.

Inclusive fee—Eighty guineas per annum.

C. F. SPENCER-SMITH, B.A., Head Master.
Telephone—Lisburn 166.

DUNGANNON GIRLS' ROYAL SCHOOL

Will Re-open on
TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1923.

Boarders expected on Monday evening.

Prospectus, etc., from
Miss MacDERMOTT, B.A., Headmistress.

OSWESTRY SCHOOL, SHROPSHIRE.

A PUBLIC SCHOO

GENERAL ELECTION—FULL LIST OF CANDIDATES.

The following is a revised list of the candidates for the 150 contested seats in the Dail. An * indicates member of the late Dail and a † those interned or in prison:—

CORK CITY (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
*S. J. WALSH.
Professor A. O'RAHILLY.
REPUBLICAN (3).
*MISS MARY MacSWINEY.
*DR. LUDDY.
Alderman F. MURRAY.
LABOUR (3).
*R. DAY.
Alderman W. KENNEALLY.
R. S. ANTHONY.
INDEPENDENT BUSINESS (1).
Sir JOHN SCOTT.
PROGRESSIVES (COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS) (3).
Alderman H. BEAMISH.
A. O'SHAUGHNESSY.
Captain J. COLLINS.
FARMERS (1).
T. DORGAN.

DUBLIN NORTH (8 SEATS).

MANN NA nGAEDHEAL (7).
*RAMON GAMILL, 156 North Strand road, Aldermas for the County Borough of Dublin.
MARGARET COLLINS-O'DRISCOLL, 147 North Circular road, National Teacher.
SEAMUS HUGHES, 19 Iona Park, Secretary.
*SEAN McGARRY, Aboyeville, Cross avenue, Blackrock.
PATRICK FRANCIS McINTYRE, 3a Mabot place, Commercial Traveller.
*RICHARD JAMES MULCAHY, Lissenfield House, Rathmines, Minister of Defence.
*JAMES WHELAN, 17 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin, and Woodfield, Dundrum, Merchant.
REPUBLICAN (4).
†DAITHI UA DONNCHADHA (O'DONOGHUE), 3 King Edward terrace, Grace Park, Drumcondra, Trustee, Dail Eireann.
HENRY O'HANRAHAN, 384 North Circular road, Clerk.
†SEAN T. O'KELLY, St. Stephen's Green, Gentleman.
*ERNEST O'MALLEY, 7 Iona Drive, Student.
BUSINESS MEN'S PARTY (1).
WILLIAM NEWAY, 36 Northumberland road, Chairman, Thomas Heiton and Co., Ltd.
TRADES COUNCIL (2).
PATRICK THOMAS DALY, 177 Clonliffe road, Deputy Chairman, General Council of County Councils, and Secretary, Dublin Trades Council.
JOHN LAWLOR, 9 Fontenoy street, Cab and Car Proprietor.
LABOUR (1).
EDWARD O'CARROLL, 5 Abbey terrace, Howth, Railway Clerk.
INDEPENDENT (3).
JAMES HUBBARD CLARK, "Inverclyde," 4 Iona road, Contractor.
*ALFRED BYRNE, 13 College Green and 83 Dartmouth square, Wholesale Agent, Acting-Lord Mayor.
KEVIN J. KENNY, 279 North Circular road, Merchant.

DUBLIN SOUTH (7 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (6).
*PHILIP COSGRAVE, 176 James's street, Accountant.
*PEADAR S. DOYLE, 158 Emmet road, Inchicore, Mechanical Engineer.
*MICHAEL HAYES, 29 Charleston avenue, Assistant Professor, University College, Dublin.
GEORGE LYONS, 76 Stella Gardens, Irishtown, Insurance Agent.
*DANIEL McCARTHY, 4 Raleigh place, Dolphin's Barn, Parliamentary Secretary.
REPUBLICAN (4).
CONSTANCE DE MARKIEVICZ, 31 Richmond avenue, Dromcondra, Author of Independent means.
†CHARLES MURPHY, 4 Sydney terrace, South Circular road, and 144 Green Brunswick street, Financial Secretary.
EDWARD J. O'KELLY, 37 Haddington road, Medical Student.
MICHAEL O'MAILLANE, 75 Haversbury street, Professor.
BUSINESS MEN (2).
WILLIAM McCABE, 26 Rathgar road, County Councillor, Merchant.
JAMES SHANNON, "Charlton," Cowper road, Rathmines, Merchant.
LABOUR (1).
*WILLIAM O'BRIEN, 77 Botanic road, General Treasurer, Irish Transport and General Workers' Union.
TRADES COUNCIL (3).
JOHN JOSEPH FARRELLY, 4 Charlemont place, Commercial Traveller.
EDWARD TUCKER, 47 Rutland square, Brush Maker.
INDEPENDENT (6).
Sir ANDREW SEATTIE, 46 Fitzwilliam square, Merchant.
LAURENCE PATRICK BYRNE, Thomond House Rialto, S.C. road, Director and Journalist.
*MYLES KEOGH, 4 Lower Mount street, and 157 Strand road, Merrion, Physician and Surgeon.
PATRICK HEDLAR, 29 Adelaide road, Funeral Undertaker.
PATRICK JOHN MUNDEN, Ivydene, 172 Merrion road, Co. Dublin, Architect.
BERNARD J. SHIELDS, 40 South Circular road, Kilmainham, Professor of Commerce, National University.

COUNTIES.

CARLOW AND KILKENNY (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
*PRESIDENT COSGRAVE.
JOHN FRANCIS GIBBONS.
THOMAS BOLGER.
FARMERS (2).
*DENIS GOREY.
EDWARD JOHN BROUGHAN.
LABOUR (1).
MICHAEL SHELLY, Chairman, Callan Town Commissioners.
MICHAEL BARRY.
INDEPENDENT (1).
*PATRICK GAFFNEY.
LABOUR (1).
E. BOYLE, Agricultural Worker, Ballon, Co. Carlow.

CAVAN (4 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
*WALTER COLE.
*SEAN MILROY.
THOMAS PATRICK McKENNA.
FARMERS (3).
PATRICK F. BAXTER.
HARRY J. O'REILLY.
PATRICK J. FARRELLY.
REPUBLICAN (1).
*PATRICK SMITH.
LABOUR (1).
PATRICK SHERIDAN.
FARMERS' AND BUSINESS MEN (1).
JOHN JAMES COLE.
INDEPENDENT FARMERS (1).
P. McQUAID.

COUNTY CLARE (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (5).
*EOIN MacNEILL, Booterstown, Co. Dublin, Professor.
JAMES FINUCANE, Skymiledridge, Timber Merchant.
PATRICK M. KELLY, Cloonenagh Creagh, Ennis.
*PETER O'LOUGHLIN, Laghcloon, Lisconnor, Farmer.
MICHAEL MEHER, Tiermaclune, Ennis, Lately Brig.-General, National Army.
REPUBLICAN (5).
*EAMON DE VALERA, Kincora, Claremont road, Dublin Professor.
MICHAEL GOWEN, 9 Northbrook road, Lesson Park, Dublin, Senior Counsel.
†FRANK BARRETT, Cahirvallamore, Ennis, ex-Master Ennis Union.
*†BRIAN O'HIGGINS, Stormstown House, Ballymore, Co. Dublin, Journalist, late President Carnteallolt Irish College.
THOMAS V. HONAN, Abbey street, Ennis, Merchant, Chairman Ennis Urban Council.
LABOUR (2).
*PATRICK HOGAN, Courthouse road, Ennis, Labourer.
PATRICK J. MACNAMARA, the Courthouse, Labourer.
FARMERS (3).
CORNELIUS HOGAN, Coog, Farmer.
BARTHOLOMEW SKEHAN, Faheymore, Gort, Farmer.
PATRICK RYAN, Enockaslough, Farmer.

NORTH CORK (3 SEATS).

REPUBLICAN (1).
*DANIEL CORKERRY.
FARMERS (2).
*DANIEL VAUGHAN.
EDWARD NEVILLE.
COMMERCIAL AND CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (1).
JOHN LYNCH.
LABOUR (1).
*T. HAGLE.

APOLOGY.

To the Electors of the North District of County Dublin.

We much regret that we find it impossible to carry out our plan to get into touch with the Electors in above area by means of Open-air Meetings owing to organised intimidation by parties having no rote or connection with the Constituency. We therefore appeal to voters to express their disapproval of such conduct by giving us their Preference Votes.

DAVID BARRY,
JOHN GOOD.
The Business Candidates.

Published for John Good and David Barry by their Election Agent, M. Good, LL.B., 32 Exmoor st., Dublin.

WEST CORK (5 SEATS).

FARMERS (3).
T. J. O'DONOVAN.
M. P. SEXTLEY.
D. J. MINIHAN.
CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
JOHN PRIOR.
ROBERT KELLY.
DANIEL McCARTHY.
CORNELIUS CONNOLLY.
INDEPENDENT (3).
DAVID CONNOR.
D. O'LEARY.
WILLIAM HALES.
LABOUR (1).
T. J. MURPHY.
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (2).
JOSEPH O'MAHONY.
REPUBLICAN (3).
SEAN BUCKLEY
MAURICE DONEGAN (?).
SEAN LEHANE.

EAST CORK (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (7).
THOMAS MAHONY.
*M. J. HENNESSY.
DANIEL MURPHY.
FARMERS (3).
*JOHN BINESS.
W. J. FALVEY.
D. C. O'GORMAN.
REPUBLICAN (2).
SEAMUS FITZGERALD.
DR. MORAN.
DAVID KENT.
LABOUR (1).
JOHN DALY.

DONEGAL (8 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (5).
*P. J. McGOLDRICK.
*P. J. WARD.
EUGENE O'DOHERTY, Dunglow, retired Civil Servant.
PATRICK McFADDEN, Creeslough, merchant.
HUGH J. O'KELLY, Bundoran, farmer.
FARMERS (4).
ANDREW LOWRY, Clonleigh, North, farmer.
NEIL FAULKNER, Coolaf, Farmers' Union Secretary.
JOHN WHITE, Carndonagh, farmer.
HUGH A. LAW, Dunfanaghy, farmer.
LABOUR (1).
DENIS MOURTON, Clogher, trade union official.
REPUBLICAN (3).
†HERBERT C. MELLOWS, Journalist, 31 Mountshannon road, Kilmainham, Dublin.
LOUIS E. O'DEA, Solicitor, Eyre square, Galway.
*FRANK FAHY, Secretary of the Gaelic League, 25 Rutland square, Dublin.
*CAHIR O'DOHERTY, Teacher of Irish, Inver, Rosmuck.
INDEPENDENTS (2).
ANTHONY J. FALLON, LL.B., Solicitor, Galway.
JAMES COSGRAVE, Farmer, Rayecourt.
LABOUR (2).
*THOMAS J. O'CONNELL, General Secretary, I.N.T.G.W.'s Gardiner's place, Dublin.
JOHN McNALLY, Sawyer, Ballinasloe.
TOWN TENANTS (1).
THOMAS SLOYAN, Commercial Arcot, Tuam.
UNEMPLOYMENT TENANTS (1).
JAMES J. HOBAN, Farmer, Kiltomer, Ballinasloe.

COUNTY KERRY (7 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
JAMES CROWLEY.
THOMAS DENEHY.
FINIAN LYNCH.
Professor O'SULLIVAN.
FARMERS (3).
JOHN O'NEILL.
DENIS BRODNAN.
LABOUR (2).
GORMAN WALSH.
PATRICK GALEY.
REPUBLICAN (2).
†AUSTIN STACK.
†P. DAHILL.
YHOMAS McELLISTRUM.
††. O'DONOHUE.
INDEPENDENT (3).
T. O'DONNELL, Barrister-at-Law.
E. J. GLEESON.
J. HOWESSEY.

KILDARE (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
GEORGE WOLFE, Freemagrits, Naas, Farmer.
SIMON MALONE, Clonmoyle, Rathangan, Farmer.
THOMAS LAWLER, Halverstown, Naas, Farmer.
REPUBLICAN (3).
D. BUCKLEY, Maynooth, Merchant.
†ART O'CONNOR, Celbridge, Civil Engineer.
†THOMAS HARRIS, Carach, Naas, Farmer.
FARMERS (1).
JOHN CONLAN, Thornton Dunlavin, Farmer.
LABOUR (2).
*HUGH COLOHAN, Bowan terrace, Newbridge, Bricklayer.
M. SMYTH, George's street, Newbridge, Trade Union Secretary.

LEITRIM-SLIGO (7 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (6).
*PADRAIC McGRATH, Ballymote, ex-National teacher.
*THOMAS O'DONNELL, Mahanagh, farmer.
*JAMES N. DOLAN, Manorhamilton, merchant.
*THOMAS CARTER, Ardcromaghan, Co. Leitrim, farmer.
JOHN HENIGHAN, Cartronmore, farmer.
J. A. O'CONNELL, Sligo, gentleman.
FARMERS (4).
Mr. MARTIN RODDY, Breoogue, Co. Sligo, farmer.
Mr. JAMES GILLIGAN, Lavagh, Ballymote, farmer.
JAMES MOURKE, Carrigallen, Co. Leitrim, farmer.
P. O'NEILL, Feyden, Co. Leitrim, farmer.
INDEPENDENT FARMER (1).
L. HAYDEN, Ballinamore, Co. Leitrim, secretary Leitrim Farmers' Union.
LABOUR (2).
†Alderman JOHN LYNCH, Newbridge Military Camp, President Sligo Branch I.T. and G.W.U.
INDEPENDENT LABOUR AND PRO-TARIFF (1).
Mr. H. DEPEW, 58 John street, Sligo, carpenter.
REPUBLICAN (5).
*†PADRAIC CARTY, Ballinacarrow, Ballymote, farmer.
*†LIAM PILKINGTON, Mountjoy Jail, Dublin.
MARTIN McGOWAN, Aghamore, Co. Leitrim, Independent school teacher.
SEAN FARRELL, Drumleck, Co. Leitrim, Irish teacher.
†Dr. BURGHARD, Chemical Research Assistant, Principal, Sligo Technical Schools.

LEIX-OFFALY (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
SEAN O'KELLY.
PATRICK J. EGAN.
*PATRICK J. SULPHIN.
FARMERS (3).
DANIEL KENNEDY.
PATRICK J. BRENNAGHAM.
FRANCIS A. GOODLEY.
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (2).
SEAN O'FARRELL, Drodheda, School Teacher.
INDEPENDENT LABOUR (1).
J. LYONS, Mosta.

COUNTY LOUTH (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
*PETER HUGHES, Publican, Dundalk.
*JAMES McGARRY, Draper, Drogheda.
REPUBLICAN (1).
†FRANK AIKEN.
LABOUR (1).
†CATHAL O'SHANNON.
FARMERS (1).
PATRICK McGEE, Auctioneer and Farmer.

NORTH MAYO (4 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
JOSEPH McGRATH, Minister of Industry.
HENRY BOYLE.
P. J. RUANE.
PATRICK O'HARA.
REPUBLICAN (4).
*P. J. RUTLEDGE.
*DR. J. CRC—LEY, Ballycastle.
*P. KEAVENEY, Kiltane.
JOSEPH KELLY, Ballahaderreen.
FARMERS (2).
CHARLES FLYNN.
P. J. SULLIVAN.
LABOUR (1).
ARCHIE HERON.
INDEPENDENT (1).
OLIVER J. FLANNER.

KILKENNY (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
*JAMES CLEERY, Ballyhale, Farmer.
*THOMAS MACKEY, Farmer and Business Man.
*FRANK McGUINNESS, Longford, Draper.
REPUBLICAN (4).
Dr. BYRNE, ...allymeagny, Medical Practitioner.
J. J. KILLEEN, Ballinalee, Farmer.
J. GALVIN, Rochford Bridge, Farmer.
J. VICTORY, Edgeworthstown, Farmer.
FARMERS (4).
P. R. McKENNA, Oligarvis House, Streamstown, Farmer.
THOMAS O'ROARKE, Drumcree, Farmer.
P. J. BARRAHANAN, Ballymahon, Farmer.
F. PHILLIPS, Edgeworthstown, Farmer.
LABOUR (2).
J. REDMOND, Mullingar, Union Organiser.
H. WILSON, Longford, Clerk.
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (1).
SEAN O'FARRELL, Drodheda, School Teacher.
INDEPENDENT LABOUR (1).
J. LYONS, Mosta.

COUNTY LOUTH (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
*PETER HUGHES, Publican, Dundalk.
*JAMES McGARRY, Draper, Drogheda.
REPUBLICAN (1).
†FRANK AIKEN.
LABOUR (1).
†CATHAL O'SHANNON.
FARMERS (1).
PATRICK McGEE, Auctioneer and Farmer.

NORTH MAYO (4 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
JOSEPH McGRATH, Minister of Industry.
HENRY BOYLE.
P. J. RUANE.
PATRICK O'HARA.
REPUBLICAN (4).
*P. J. RUTLEDGE.
*DR. J. CRC—LEY, Ballycastle.
*P. KEAVENEY, Kiltane.
JOSEPH KELLY, Ballahaderreen.
FARMERS (2).
CHARLES FLYNN.
P. J. SULLIVAN.
LABOUR (1).
ARCHIE HERON.
INDEPENDENT (1).
OLIVER J. FLANNER.

LONGFORD-WESTMEATH (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
P. W. SHAW, Mullingar, Merchant.
JAMES GARNETT, Robinstown, Farmer.
*FRANK McGUINNESS, Longford, Draper.
REPUBLICAN (4).
Dr. BYRNE, ...allymeagny, Medical Practitioner.
J. J. KILLEEN, Ballinalee, Farmer.
J. GALVIN, Rochford Bridge, Farmer.
J. VICTORY, Edgeworthstown, Farmer.
FARMERS (4).
P. R. McKENNA, Oligarvis House, Streamstown, Farmer.
THOMAS O'ROARKE, Drumcree, Farmer.
P. J. BARRAHANAN, Ballymahon, Farmer.
F. PHILLIPS, Edgeworthstown, Farmer.
LABOUR (2).
J. REDMOND, Mullingar, Union Organiser.
H. WILSON, Longford, Clerk.
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (1).
SEAN O'FARRELL, Drodheda, School Teacher.
INDEPENDENT LABOUR (1).
J. LYONS, Mosta.

GALWAY (9 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (6).
*PATRICK J. HOGAN, Solicitor and Farmer.
*PADRAIC O'MAILLE, Farmer, East Mayo.
*GEORGE NICHOLLS, Solicitor, 2 University Terrace, Galway.
MICHAEL TIERNEY, Professor, University College, Dublin.
JOHN BRODERICK, Farmer and Contractor, Athenry.
PATRICK BURLEY, Farmer and Merchant, Killimoor, Ballinasloe.
THOMAS BILLON, University Professor, Dangan, Co. Galway.
WILLIAM DOLLY, Farmer, Monivea, Athenry.
JOHN QUINN, Solicitor, Tuam.
FARMERS (5).
PATRICK O. CONROY, Garadle, Rosmuck.
MARTIN FINNERTY, Knockboy, Colemans town.
MARTIN S. EGAN, Killinadreama, Loughrea.
JAMES HAVERTY, Moyleugh.
MICHAEL O'BRIEN, Tuam.
REPUBLICAN (4).
†HERBERT C. MELLOWS, Journalist, 31 Mountshannon road, Kilmainham, Dublin.
LOUIS E. O'DEA, Solicitor, Eyre square, Galway.
*FRANK FAHY, Secretary of the Gaelic League, 25 Rutland square, Dublin.
*CAHIR O'DOHERTY, Teacher of Irish, Inver, Rosmuck.
INDEPENDENTS (2).
ANTHONY J. FALLON, LL.B., Solicitor, Galway.
JAMES COSGRAVE, Farmer, Ryrecourt.
LABOUR (2).
*THOMAS J. O'CONNELL, General Secretary, I.N.T.G.W.'s Gardiner's place, Dublin.
JOHN McNALLY, Sawyer, Ballinasloe.
TOWN TENANTS (1).
THOMAS SLOYAN, Commercial Arcot, Tuam.
UNEMPLOYMENT TENANTS (1).
JAMES J. HOBAN, Farmer, Kiltomer, Ballinasloe.

COUNTY KERRY (7 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
JAMES CROWLEY.
THOMAS DENEHY.
FINIAN LYNCH.
Professor O'SULLIVAN.
FARMERS (3).
JOHN O'NEILL.
DENIS BRODNAN.
LABOUR (2).
GORMAN WALSH.
PATRICK GALEY.
REPUBLICAN (2).
†AUSTIN STACK.
†P. DAHILL.
YHOMAS McELLISTRUM.
††. O'DONOHUE.
INDEPENDENT (3).
T. O'DONNELL, Barrister-at-Law.
E. J. GLEESON.
J. HOWESSEY.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

HOW TO VOTE.

Vote for the Candidates by numbering them in the order of your preference.

Do not limit your preferences to the number of seats.

"Plumping" does not help a candidate, and may result in the defeat of candidates whom you would prefer to see elected in the event of the non-return of your first choice.

The following is a specimen Election Paper for 5 Vacancies:—

PREFERENCES.	CANDIDATES' NAMES.
3	ADAMS, John, Merchant.
1	BROWN, James, Engineer.
4	CREAN, Sarah, Spinster.
5	DONOVAN, Patrick, Accountant.
	KELLY, Timothy, Solicitor.
2	LYNCH, Peter, Mill Owner.
	O'MAHONY, Edward, Farmer.
6	YOUNG, Margaret, Teacher.

DO NOT mark your Ballot with X.

DO NOT put the figure 1 against more than one name.

DO NOT make a mark except the figures.

SOUTH MAYO (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
*WILLIAM SEARS, 74 Leinster road, Rathmines, Dublin, Journalist.
C. EWELEY, B.A., 20 Merrion square, Dublin.
M. W. NALLY, Claremorris, Farmer.
*P. MORRIS, Westport, Secretary, Westport Harbour Board.
FARMERS (1).
P. F. TUOHY, Ballintubber, Castlebar, Farmer.
REPUBLICAN (3).
†MICHAEL KILROY, Newport and Mountjoy Jail, Coachbuilder.
THOMAS HARRIS, Cong, Farmer, and O.C., 2nd Western Division, I.R.A.
†THOMAS DERRIG, Westport and Mountjoy Jail, Commercial Instructor.
LABOUR (1).
MICHAEL J. O'CONNOR, 21 Lower St. Brigid's road, Drumcondra, Dublin, Labour Organiser.
INDEPENDENT (1).
P. J. O'MALLEY, Ormond Hotel, Dublin, Hotel Proprietor.

MEATH (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
*EDMUND JOHN DUGGAN, solicitor, Wad View, Gravestones, County Wicklow.
THOMAS DILLON HARTY, farmer, Waterstown, Mosnalty.
LABOUR (2).
DAVID HALL, agricultural worker, Cultrumer, Drumree.
CHRISTOPHER MATTHEWS, Secretary, Irish Land and Workers' Union, North Commons, Trim.
FARMERS (1).
PATRICK J. MULVANEY, farmer and auctioneer, Ballinlough, Dunshaughlin.
REPUBLICAN (1).
*JOHN J. O'KELLY, journalist, 1/3 Botanic road, Glasnevin.
INDEPENDENT (1).
*PATRICK WHITE, farmer, Clonalvey, Ballivor.

COUNTY MONAGHAN (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
*ERNEST BLYTHE, Belmont, Sandford road, Ballsbridge, Co. Dublin, Minister for Local Government.
PATRICK DUFFY, Doohamlet, Farmer and auctioneer, Carrickmacross.
REPUBLICAN (1).
*†PATRICK McGARVILL, Medical Doctor, at present in prison.
FARMERS (1).
HUGH QUINE, Scots House, Clones.
INDEPENDENT FARMERS (2).
JAMES A. BARNES.
JAMES GRIMESHAW.
LABOUR AND TOWN TENANTS (1).
JAMES OSBURN, Dundalk.

ROSCOMMON (4 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (4).
*ANDREW LAVIN, Ballyfarnon.
JOSEPH M. DORR, Clogher, Kilmore.
*PATRICK HENRY, Castlerea, Roscommon.
PATRICK RYAN, Castlerea.
FARMERS (3).
MICHAEL J. BRENNAN, Corrnel, Roscommon.
EDWARD GLYNN, Kilglass, Strokestown.
JOHN J. KELLY, Ardsallagh, Boyle.
REPUBLICAN (4).
*Count PLUNKETT.
*SEAN LEHANE.
*GERALD DAVIS.
*GERALD BOLAND.
LABOUR (1).
WILLIAM KELLEHER (N.U.R.).
INDEPENDENT (2).
JASPER TULLY, Boyle.
HENRY M. FITZGIBBON, Castlerea.

TIPPERARY (7 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (5).
*JAMES A. GOURKE, Barrister-at-Law, Roscrea.
LOUIS JOSEPH DALTON, Merchant, Tipperary.
*MICHAEL HEFFERNAN, Solicitor, Cashel.
MICHAEL R. HEFFERNAN, Cuckoo-hill, Cahir, Organising Secretary, Irish Farmers' Union, South Tipperary Executive.
JOHN PATRICK McGURTIN, Convict Prison, Aberdeen, Colonel-Commandant.
FARMERS (4).
MARTIN MEAGHER, Snir-side House, Killough, Templemore, Farmer.
*PETER PAUL MOLONEY, Gurtdrum, Limerick Junction, Farmer.
JOHN J. HOGAN, Farmer.
PATRICK L. RYAN, Russelstown House, Tipperary, Auctioneer and Farmer.
REPUBLICAN (3).
WILLIAM QUIRKE, Ballimard, Farmer.
†DANIEL BREEN, Grange, Bonahill, Limerick Junction, Farmer and Ex-Army Employé.
*PATRICK RYAN, Knockfarm, Farmer.
LABOUR (2).
*DANIEL J. MORRISSEY, Ormond street, Nenagh, Insurance Agent.
PATRICK DOHERTY, Dillon street, Carrick-on-Suir, Irish Transport and General Workers' Union.
INDEPENDENT LABOUR (1).
WILLIAM GLEESON, Rathmeleen, Nenagh, Labourer.

WATERFORD (4 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
*Dr. JOHN DRENNAN, Medical Practitioner Barronstrand street, Waterford.
MICHAEL BRENNOCK, Victualler, The Square, Dungarvan.
FARMERS (2).
MICHAEL WALL, Farmer, Kilmacreagne, Kilmacthomas.
GARRETT FLAVIN, Farmer, Clashmore.
LABOUR (2).
*JOHN BUTLER, Dungarvan, Trade Union Official.
SARAH LANE, Lady lane, Waterford, Trade Union Official.
REPUBLICAN (3).
*Captain WILLIAM J. REDMOND, B.Sc., Aughnynagh, Aughrim, Co. Wicklow, Barrister-at-Law.
Colonel R. H. KEANE, Portwilliam, Glencairn, Waterford, Bacon Curer.

WEXFORD (5 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (2).
OSMOND GRATTAN ESMONDE, Ballynakeo, Gorey, gentleman.
THOMAS McCARTHY, Enniscorthy, merchant.
FARMERS (2).
MICHAEL DOYLE, Toldown, Bunree.
MICHAEL JORDAN, Ballyhamilton, farmer.
LABOUR (3).
*ALDERMAN R. CORISH, Wexford, Trade Union Official.
*D. O'GALLAGHAN, Enniscorthy, railway clerk.
J. SHANNON, Rathnure, timber feller.
REPUBLICAN (2).
*DR. JAMES RYAN, Harcourt street, Dublin, medical practitioner.
ROBERT LANGBERT, Ballydikes, Upper Kyle, farmer.
INDEPENDENT (3).
JOHN CUMMINS (Evicted Tenants), Ballyhack, merchant.
HECTOR HUGHES (Business), Avondale road, Dublin, barrister-at-law.
*R. BRERETON BARRY, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin, barrister-at-law.

WICKLOW (3 SEATS).

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL (3).
*C. M. BYRNE.
FARMERS (1).
RICHARD WILSON.
LABOUR (2).
*JAMES EVERETT.
CHARLES EAGLE.
RATEPAYERS' ASSOCIATION (1).
Colonel S. MOORE.
REPUBLICAN (1).
*P. S. SARTON.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY (3 SEATS).

INDEPENDENT (1).
Miss AGNES O'FARRELLY, M.A., 26 Richfield road, Bushour, University Lecturer.
GRADUATES' CANDIDATES (3).
*Professor EOIN MacNEILL, D.LIt., Nelley, South Hill avenue, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, Professor, National University of Ireland.
*Mr. MICHAEL HAYES, M.A. (Speaker), 29 Charleston avenue, Rathmines, Assistant to the Professor of French in University College.
*Professor WILLIAM MAGENNIS, M.A., 5 Herbert street, Dublin.
REPUBLICAN (2).
Professor HUGH RYAN, M.A., D.Sc., St. Reginald's, Cross avenue, Booterstown.
Professor WILLIAM P. STOCKLEY, M.A., Woodside Tivoli, Cork.

(PATENTS) Mr. WM. KVART DOYLE, Registered Patent Agent and Registered Patent Attorney, 12 College Green, Dublin. Advice Free.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Mr. Shanks, speaking at Rathmines last night on behalf of the Business Men's Party, is reported in to-day's papers to have quoted me as suggesting that "wherever a Government candidate appeared other opposition candidates, such as business men and farmers, should be withdrawn." I am sorry Mr. Shanks should have misunderstood me. I made no such suggestion.

As a matter of fact, in the constituency in which I have myself a vote, I mean, as I have already told them, to give both my vote and hearty support to my friends, Mr. David Barry and Mr. John Good, the Business Men's candidates there. I have had the privilege of working closely with both these gentlemen for a long period; with Mr. Barry (among other ways) in innumerable fruitful negotiations on practical Irish problems, in conjunction with representatives of agriculture and industries and of the railway and shipping companies; with Mr. Good on educational problems. For instance, to no one more than to Mr. Good do we owe the workings out of that splendid scheme of Apprenticeship Scholarships, one of the best of its kind in the world, which has been adopted by the City of Dublin and other Irish Technical Instruction Committees. I look upon these gentlemen as most excellent types of representatives of our commercial interests in a National Parliament; and I think that both Dail and Senate should represent and reflect as far as possible the main interests and classes of the country.

The suggestion I ventured to make, to which Mr. Shanks refers, is a very different one. It is that, in this critical and exceptional election, in any constituency where a Minister of the Government is standing, Business Men's, Farmers', or other candidates representing interests specially concerned for order and stability, should be willing to have their adherents give their first preference (or No. 1) to the Minister (e.g., in Kilkenny to Mr. Cosgrave—or where there were two Minister candidates, as in this constituency (Mr. O'Higgins and Mr. Fitzgerald), to give their first two (Nos. 1 and 2), giving the next preference to their own candidates. I speak only of constituencies where a Minister is standing, and only of the actual members or pledged adherents of those special party groupings. Other voters may be appealed to to give their preferences to all Government candidates in those as well as in other constituencies. With this I am not concerned here.

My suggestion on this particular point is a narrow one. It is restricted to the function of safeguarding, in the interests of the unfinished task of restoring order, the position of the Minister engaged on that task, by placing them as high as possible on the poll. The fate of a Minister carries more significance with it in every way than that of a dozen Government candidates who are not Ministers. For that matter, most of the Business Men and Farmer candidates might be counted as supporters of a Government standing for security of life and property, and the liberty of the citizen to go about his lawful business.

If Business and Farmers' Party candidates adopt this course—and it is not too late for them to do so—they will not lose by it; I believe, on the contrary, they will gain. They will gain support from voters who otherwise, being alarmed on this point, would be likely not to vote for them at all. It will give them a new title to ask for such support.

I do not think, as Mr. Shanks seems to do, that I take any strained or unreal view of the dangers this country has to negotiate just now. The business men know—or surely, does everyone in touch with the practical life of the country—the state of business in Ireland to-day under the menace of insecurity; and whither it would move with further provocation. I say nothing of the effects of the newer labour developments in Dublin, Cork, and agricultural Waterford —these will come right if normal order comes right. But amongst the happenings of this week are a successful bank robbery in Tipperary and an armed rescue from a prison van in the suburbs of Dublin. The first of all business interests is order; and the business men know that, in the pass in which we find ourselves, they will not be in a position to establish order. They know, as a matter of blunt reality, that the only way this can be done, and the financial credit and standing of the country, which has naturally such sound foundation, guaranteed, and the liberty of the whole citizen assured, is by sustaining and strengthening the men of the *de facto* Government, who are now in the middle of the task, and supporting them there until the task is safely accomplished. This is rudimentary; it is above, or below, all political considerations; even those high and abstract. It is so obvious that I wonder reasonable Republicans are not content, for the time being, to help to get the nation on its feet, letting the man march forward to her destiny, whatever it may be, without setting bounds to it beforehand.

Generally, this is a question of the reasonable precautions of common-sense and common foresight. Even several special factors in this abnormal election—the franchise extended from household to adult, the woman vote, proportional representation, the fact that the election is taken in the month of August, when important classes of electors are away—enhance the ordinary need for vigilance. People who shut their eyes and disregard such vigilance might get into fools' paradises, and I would fain have none of our citizens in such places at present.—Yours, etc.,

T. P. GILL.

Dun Laoghaire, August 24th, 1923.

THE DUTY OF VOTING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In a letter this morning your correspondent, the Rev. Dudley Fletcher, says that "the man who refuses to vote proclaims himself indifferent to his country's fate." This is not so, and it is not fair that the charge should be let pass unchallenged. There are still a number of men and women in Ireland who hold Unionist principles—perhaps, even, more strongly than ever now that they see what the effect of an abandonment of those principles has been. They naturally look forward to a time when closer union with Great Britain will be restored—of course, by perfectly legal means.

Those who hold these hopes are, as becomes law-abiding citizens, quite loyal to the present legally established Government. But they are not prepared to sanction the taking of an oath of allegiance to the Constitution of the Free State, such as is required of all members of the Dail before they can take their seats. Those who swear "allegiance"—not mere "obedience"—to a Constitution take an oath that pledges them to defend that Constitution against every attempt or proposal to get rid of it. They absolutely abjure any Unionist principles they ever held, and acknowledge that to continue to hold those principles would be treason to those who have taken the oath.

The vote on Monday is not to take this oath, but it is to sanction the taking of it; and an Irishman may, I think, love his country too well to take, or even to sanction, an oath that forbids him ever after to support the promotion of her best interests according to his own lights.

I am, sir, as at present advised—Yours, etc.,

"A NON-VOTER."

Dublin, August 24th, 1923.

FARMERS' CANDIDATES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—There is so much talk about business men and the near election that we forget at times Ireland is not a manufacturing, business nation, but an agricultural nation. The future of Ireland lies in the hands of the farming classes, if they assert themselves. They represent public opinion, on which we rely gradually to wear down the anti-peace party. Let us hope, then, that the best type of farmers will go to the poll—men who, in the old times, avoided politics, committees, etc., as involving too much talk and too little work of the useful breed.—Yours, etc.,

"Q.E.D."

Dublin, August 24th, 1923.

THE DUBLIN TRAMWAY SERVICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I see that we are at last to have a reduction of tramway fares. There is, however, still scope for the company to facilitate the public, and, I have no doubt, bring more grist to its own mill. For instance, wherever I have visited I find that children's fares (roughly, half the adult fare) are in force, while here one is called upon to pay full fare. This is not so, and is not fair that the charge should be let pass unchallenged. There are still a number of men and women in Dollymount Strand attracts small family parties, and would be far more popular if children's fares were in force. It cost practically 4s. 6d. to transport oneself and three infants from Sycamore to Dollym

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

GAIETY THEATRE
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.30.
To-Night at 8.45—Last Performance of
THE GEORGE EDWARDES
DALY'S THEATRE COMPANY & PRODUCTION,
THE LADY OF THE ROSE.

GAIETY THEATRE
Monday Next (a Visit Nights and Two Matinees,
THE FAMOUS ACTRESS,
MISS SYBIL THORNDIKE
AND HER LONDON COMPANY.
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Saturday Evgs.
"ADVERTISING APRIL,"
Followed by Scene 2, Act 4, Shakespeare's
HENRY VIII.
Thursday and Friday Evenings,
"JANE CLEGG,"
Followed by Scene 2, Act 4, Shakespeare's
HENRY VIII.
Wednesday and Saturday Matinees at 2.30.
"THE MEDEA" (of EURIPIDES),
MISS THORNDIKE'S GREAT CLASSICAL ROLE.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE,
DAME STREET.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9 o'c.
"COME ALONG."
ALL STAR CAST.
NEXT WEEK—The Latest London Revue,
HAPPY-GO-LUCKY.
SUNDAY PICTURES AS USUAL.

ABBEY THEATRE.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.30.
TO-NIGHT AT 8.15,
"THE MAN WHO MISSED THE TIDE"
By W. F. Casey.
"THE YOUNG MAN FROM RATHMINES."
By T. C. Bradbury.
Booking at Theatre ..... Phone 6268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY, 6.45 and 8.45. TEL. 3016.
RETURN VISIT AFTER FOURTEEN YEARS
OF THE WORLD-FAMOUS DRAMA.
"ALONE IN LONDON."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
O'CONNELL ST. 3420.
ROBERT WARWICK
AND
BEBE DANIELS,
IN
THE MAN FROM BLANKLEY'S.
A film version of F. Anstey's great play in which
Charles Hawtrey achieved such a huge success.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT.
Open Daily, 11 a.m.-9.30 p.m.
Luncheon, Dinners and Afternoon Tea Served.
High-Class Cabaret. Orchestral Music.
Dances and all Functions Arranged.
Apply Manager ('Phone 3379).

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
RIVER LIFFEY EXCURSIONS.
Two-hour Excursion Trips by Motor Boat upon
the River Liffey will be run on Saturdays and
Sundays (weather permitting) at the following
hours:—
SATURDAYS.
4.30 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 6.30 p.m.
SUNDAYS.
11.30 a.m., 3.0 p.m., 5.15 p.m.,
and 6.30 p.m.
FARE 1/6
JOHN J. MURPHY,
Town Clerk.
Town Clerk's Office, Exchange Buildings,
Lord Edward Street, Dublin.
24th August, 1923. K.A.A.

DROGHEDA SHOW,
29th and 30th AUGUST.
Open Daily.
Classes for
HORSES, DOGS, POULTRY, CATTLE, ETC., ETC.
JUMPING AND DRIVING COMPETITIONS.
DOG SHOW THURSDAY, 30th AUGUST.
Entries for General Show close 29th August.
Entries for Jumping and Driving close 28th August.
J. CARR, Jun., Sec. Dog Section.
J. J. BURKE, General Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DAIL CANDIDATES
—AND—
TEMPERANCE REFORM.

The C.T.A.U. Programme of Temperance Legislation was polled last week and in 310 of the 375 candidates. The addresses of 65 were unavailable, and probably some of the letters sent have failed to reach candidates in time.

The following candidates have unqualified promises of full support:—Mr. Patrick Sheridan, Sligo; Mr. Harry Hayward, Dublin; Mr. James Dillon, Mr. J. Hubbard Clark, Dublin; Dr. Chas. Murphy, Dublin; Mr. Eamonn O'Connell, Dublin; Mr. James A. Barnes, Monaghan; Mr. W. T. P. Stockley, Cork; Mr. Domhnall Ó Buachalla, Monmouth; Mr. James Johnston, Monaghan; Mr. Henry O'Hanrahan, Dublin; Mr. R. Kavanagh, Dublin; Miss Agnes O'Farrelly, Dublin; Mr. J. Cruise, Dublin; Mr. John Maye, Dr. James Ashe, Dublin.

The following have expressed general or qualified approval of the temperance programme:—Mr. Seosmas Murphy, Drogheda; Mr. Kevin Kenny, Dublin; Mr. John Lyons; Mr. W. Hewat, Dublin; Mr. James Shanks, Dublin.

No further replies have been received.

C.T.A. Federation, 56 Middle Abbey street, Dublin.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.
BANK HOLIDAY,
MONDAY, 27th AUGUST, 1923.
On above date the Company's Warehouses and Offices will be closed.
No Goods or Live Stock business will be transacted, and no Goods will be run.
Passenger Trains will run as usual.
A. G. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station,
Dublin, 24th August, 1923.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LICENCE UNDER THE ELECTRICITY (SUPPLY) ACTS, 1882 TO 1919.
Notice is hereby given that it is intended to make an application to the Ministry of Industry and Commerce for a Licence to authorise the Great Northern Railway Company to supply by means of Electric Energy within the area of the Howth Urban District Council.
And Notice is hereby given that every local or public authority, company, or person being desirous of bringing before the Ministry of Industry and Commerce any objection respecting the application may do so by registered letter addressed to the Electricity Supply Commissioner, Industry and Commerce Section, 24 Kildare street, Dublin, and despatched within thirty days from the date of the first publication of this advertisement. A copy of the objection is to be forwarded to the Solicitor for the Licence.
Printed copies of the Draft Licence as applied for and of the Licence as granted can be obtained at the Station Master's Office, Howth Railway Station; or at the offices of the undersigned, at the price of 1s. each.
Dated this 17th day of August, 1923.
C. BAILLIE-GAGG, Solicitor, Great Northern Railway Co. (I.), Amiens Street Station, Dublin.

THE NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
A Competitive Examination for Male Clerkships in The National Bank, Ltd., will be held in the Bank's Premises, 34 College Green, Dublin, on Wednesday, 14th November next, and following days.
The works in English Literature referred to in Clause 1 (d) of the Syllabus will at this Examination be:—
1.—Outlines of English Literature during seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.
2.—Shakespeare's "The Merchant of Venice" (school Edition).
3.—Essay on Cities (Macaulay).
4.—"Irish Nationality" (Mrs. Green).
The Geography Course will at this Examination be:—
The British Empire and United States (North America), with special reference to Trade and Commerce.
For further information apply to the Secretary, The National Bank, Ltd., 34 College Green, Dublin.
By Order of the Board,
W. M. ROCHE, Secretary.
Dublin, 24th August, 1923.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS ASSOCIATION.
4 LINCOLN CHAMBERS, LINCOLN PLACE.
PUBLIC LECTURE
BY MR. C. B. COOMBS,
Enlisted in All-Nations Marching to Armageddon.
But millions now living will never die."
SUNDAY 26th inst., at 7 p.m.
Seats Free. No Collection.

MEETINGS FOR CHRISTIANS.
SEEKING THE LIFE OF VICTORY
IN THE
METROPOLITAN HALL,
LOWER ABBEY STREET,
SEPTEMBER 17-30.
Speakers:
MRS. PENN-LEWIS,
REV. GORDON WATT, M.A.
PLEASE KEEP THESE DATES FREE.

SERMONS.
BRIGHTON ROAD METHODIST CHURCH.
Preacher—Rev. JAMES M. ALLEY.
Subjects:
11.50 a.m.—"THE GRACE OF PERSISTENCE."
7. 0 p.m.—"A COLONY OF HEAVEN."

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN.
People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."
Last Edition on Sale every Saturday Morning.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... EVERY NIGHT AT ..... 9.0.
THE MIXTURE,
NEXT WEEK BERT ERROL,
PRESENTS MODES AND MELODIES OF 1923.

WINTER GARDENS CAFE.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA 1 to 2.30 and 4 to 6 p.m.
THE FAMOUS ACTRESS,
TIVOLI 6.45 and 8.45 THEATRE
Tel. 4125.
FLORA CROMER,
The New Australian Comedy Star.
Bros. Farjeon. Chas. Fuller. Alfredo.
Harry Balcon. Leo Trio.
? QUERY ?

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE
3.30 TO 10.35. LAST DAY OF
"FOOTLIGHTS."
Elsie Ferguson's Most Brilliant Performance.
At 3.45, 6.15 and 8.30. Splendid Programme.
NEXT MONDAY: "SHELTERED DAUGHTERS."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
Patrons are requested to note
that the two performances of
"THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF
THE APOCALYPSE"
on SUNDAY (doors open at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m.) will be positively the last.
KEEP THIS IN MIND.

ALL-ARMY CHAMPIONSHIPS
1923.
OPENING
TO-DAY
AT
CROKE
PARK.
SATURDAYS
AUGUST 25.
SEPTEMBER 2
OTHER SECTIONS of the All-Army Championships will take place during the week as follows:—BOXING—Round Room, Rotunda, August 29, 30, 31, and Sept. 1. SWIMMING and DIVING — Zoological Gardens, Phœnix Park, Sept. 3. TENNIS BALL — The Boot Ball Court, Ballymun, August 28 and 30. TENNIS and HOCKEY — College Grounds, Trecnure, August 29 and 30. GOLF—Hermitage Golf Links, Lucan, August 27.
K.A.A.

THE PRINCIPAL OF
THE READ PIANOFORTE
SCHOOL,
12 HARCOURT STREET,
OFFERS
THREE FREE ENTRANCE
SCHOLARSHIPS.
For particulars apply to the Secretary, who will attend from the 17th September between the hours of 11.0 2.30 p.m. Interviews with the PRINCIPAL BY APPOINTMENT ONLY.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS ON
MONDAY, SEPT. 24th, 1923.

DANCE TO-NIGHT, 8 to 11, 3/6,
BALLROOM, 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.
TEA DANCE, 4 P.M. IMPERIAL BALLROOM.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE. Phone 1813.

DANCING AND CALISTHENICS.
THE MISSES MALLINS
HAVE RETURNED FROM LONDON AND THE CONTINENT,
And will
RE-OPEN ALL CLASSES ON AND FROM OCTOBER 1st.
PRIVATE LESSONS IN LATEST BALLROOM DANCING
(Direct from Paris and the French Casinos).
Can be arranged immediately.
Engagements with Schools, etc., are now being Booked
31 PEMBROKE ROAD, DUBLIN.

DANCING.
MADAME ROCK,
40 UPPER O'CONNELL STREET.
THE BLUES and ALL UP-TO-DATE DANCES.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
CHILDREN'S CLASSES SAME DAYS.
'Phone 4195.

ARCADIA, BRAY.
A WONDERFUL SUCCESS
SEASIDE DANCES
Every Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday,
7.45 to 11. Admission 5/6.
HARRISON'S BAND.
Special Exhibition of the latest Fox-Trot Dance,
"THE BLUES,"
(By kind permission of Madame Rock),
TO-DAY (SATURDAY). AUGUST 25th.
NEXT MONDAY (BANK HOLIDAY),
DANCING, 7.45 to 11.
J. E. MACDERMOTT.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
The following is the order of Advertisements in To-day's Issue of The Times:—
1st or 2nd Page.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.
Shipping.
Legal Notices.
Houses.
Estate Offices.
Cycles and Motor Cars.
Lost and Found.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.
Medical.
Tuitions.
Schools.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.
Garden, etc.
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.
Furniture and Household.
Music, Pianos, etc.
Horses for Sale or Wanted.
Horses, etc.
Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Fourth Page.
Education.
Fifth Page.
Hotels.
Sixth Page.
Amusements.
Public Notices.
Sermons.
Election Notices.
Ninth Page.
Government Notices.
Twelfth Page.
Auctions.
Houses and Lands.
Railways.
Business Premises.
Houses to Let and Wanted.
Apartments.
Seaside and Country.
Miscellaneous.

ELECTION ADDRESSES & NOTICES.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
COUNTY CONSTITUENCY OF WICKLOW.
DAIL ELECTION, 1923.
Ballykillavane, Glenealy,
23rd August, 1923.
A CHAIRDE,
I come before you again to ask your suffrages for election. It is the fashion at present to regard the question of the Treaty as now satisfactorily settled, that the issue is no longer one of practical political value. There is a dangerous fallacy underlying the truth that undoubtedly has beneath this lies the true issue of the Treaty, with its concomitant blessings of Self-Government, peace, and orderly economic development from the sincere or bitter controversy and civil war can not as accident. The maintenance of this happy state of affairs is vitally necessary to the progress of any of the sectional interests which naturally seek representation in the next Dail, must not be left to the contingencies of party struggle between the various parties proceeding such sectional interests. It must be remembered that but for the persistent efforts of those supporters of the Government in fare of obloquy, and often of very real danger, this successful transition of a superficially into a solid Government settling and stable form of life and property, and foster Irish enterprise in every way, pointing eventually to the true Irish Ireland we all look forward to, could never have taken place. For myself, I can say, I, as the ONLY REPRESENTATIVE OF THIS CONSTITUENCY who voted for the Treaty Bill in the second Dail, I AM THE ONLY REPRESENTATIVE OF THIS CONSTITUENCY who supported the Government thick and thin in implementing the Treaty.
AM THE ONLY CANDIDATE FOR THIS CONSTITUENCY WHO NOW asks your votes as a supporter of the Government in their future and even more arduous labours.
As a short illustration of the advantages I have secured for the people of the Wicklow Constituency from my support of the Government, I would point to the following:—
(a) I have obtained grants for the relief of unemployment in Arklow and financial help for the fishing industry in that town.
(b) Out of the £50,000 available for rural housing, I obtained £7,000 for Rathdrum R.D.C.
(c) I have prevailed on the L.G. Minister to recognise that County Wicklow is entitled to a special subsidy out of the Road Fund for the improvement of roads, and have at last succeeded in getting him to undertake to review the whole position of the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tram Company, with a view to relieving overburdened ratepayers in the guaranteed area of this heavy annual charge.
(d) As the Government Party Representative on the Agricultural Commission, I have devoted considerable time to the work of that Commission, which, I hope and believe, will have very beneficial results for the future of the agricultural industry.
As a farmer and ratepayer, I naturally stand for strict economy and efficiency in Governmental administration. I stand for peace, progress, and prosperity for all, and now appeal with confidence for your No. 1 Vote.—Mise,
CHRISTOPHER M. BYRNE.
Printed by the Owls Times, and published by James M. Magee, Solicitor, 27 Quinsboro'-road, Bray. Election Agent for Mr. C. M. Byrne.

TO MY OLD FRIENDS.
THE COUNTY DUBLIN ELECTORS.
Sioccán agus Cochoin na Feinne!
MY record is before you since first you honoured me with your confidence in 1918—As Secretary to the Cabinet, as Envoy Extraordinary Plenipotentiary and Treaty Signatory, as Minister, and in the late Dail Cabinet as Minister of Justice, I have striven to do my duty to you and to Ireland, regardless of personal interest and indifferent to personal abuse.
I STAND FOR A POLICY OF GOOD-WILL AND FAIR PLAY
to blot out a year of nightmare. Great and urgent problems clamour for attention, but there can be scant reform without money, scanty money without credit, and credit without peace. We must build up our country ON THE SECURE FOUNDATION OF NATIONAL PEACE.
By voting in our thousands thus:—
1 GAVAN DUFFY, George
We shall proclaim this message of high hope:
"PEACE HEADS THE POLL IN COUNTY DUBLIN."
Seoirse Gabánac Ó Dubdaig,
(G. GAVAN DUFFY),
39 Mespil road, Pembroke. K.A.A.

TO THE ELECTORS OF COUNTY DUBLIN.
DR. JAMES ASHE'S CANDIDATURE.
I have been asked to state publicly if I am in favour of the Treaty. Certainly, but am still unconfirmed in my opinion of three years ago—namely, that the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, amended, would have been better to start off with. The Coordinating Council would have helped to have been a bridge to bring North and South together; but it was a fatal mistake to remove the British Forces, civil and military, before the three years mentioned with regard to the former in the Act, or until we had proved our ability to accept and work the Treaty, and be in a position to take over 26th safely. The result is as I foretold. As stated in my Election Address, my policy is now one of Peace and Reconstruction, the latter on the basis recommended four years ago by the Irish Reconstruction Association, and with particular attention to certain National Economy and Tourist Development.
JAMES S. ASHE.
Published by Major Comerford, Inishfail, Mount Eden road, Donnybrook, Election Agent for Dr. James Ashe.

BARRY AND GOOD
(THE BUSINESS CANDIDATES).
FINAL RALLY BEFORE VICTORY
In the
EX-SERVICE MEN'S HALL,
CLAREMONT ROAD, SANDYMOUNT.
TO-NIGHT, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
GOOD AND BARRY FOR THE COUNTY.
"STOP TALKING, AND GET ON WITH THE WORK."
Published by M. Good, Esq., LL.D., Election Agent, 62 Dawson street, Dublin.

COUNTY DUBLIN ELECTION.
A PUBLIC MEETING
WILL BE HELD IN THE
TOWN HALL, DALKEY,
IN SUPPORT OF
MAJOR BRYAN COOPER,
TO-DAY (SATURDAY), AUG. 25,
AT 8 p.m.
THE CANDIDATES AND OTHER SPEAKERS WILL ADDRESS THE MEETING.

MAKE BRYAN COOPER'S MAJORITY A RECORD.
DAIL EIREANN ELECTION, 1923.
CONSTITUENCY OF DUBLIN NORTH.
Electors requiring information as to their place of polling or Polling Number will receive it on inquiry at the Committee Rooms of Mr. WILLIAM HEWAT, 54 Lower Abbey street Dublin, or at any of his Sub-Committee Rooms at 1 Talka Villas, 12 Richmond road; 1 George's place, 56 Great Strand street; 7 Royse road, 27 Bolton street, 60 Benbarb street, 51 Little Denmark street, or 36 Botanic avenue. These Offices will remain open all Monday.
VOTE EARLY FOR
WILLIAM HEWAT.
Published on behalf of the Candidate by his Election Agent, Arthur Cox, Solicitor, 34 Lower Abbey street, Dublin.

SINN FEIN.
NORTH DUBLIN CONSTITUENCY.
Will Owners of Cars (Motor or Horse) willing to lend same, for Polling Day communicate with the Sinn Fein Committee Rooms in their district.
COMMITTEE ROOMS—
Corona Theatre, Parnell street; 4 Lower Buckingham street; 15 Fairview strand; 164 North King street; 73 Richmond road; 6 Dorset square, Glasnevin; Denmark House, North Great George's street; and 186 Phibsborough road.

CONTRACTS.
CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
TENDERS FOR REPAIRS TO LANCASHIRE BOILER.
The Electricity and Public Lighting Committee of the Corporation of Dublin is prepared to receive Tenders for the carrying out of certain repairs on the Furnace Tube of one of their Lancashire Boilers, at their Fleet Street Electricity Works.
Particulars, Form of Tender, etc., may be obtained from the City Electrical Engineer, Fleet street, Dublin, on and after Wednesday, August 29th, 1923.
Tenders endorsed "Repairs to Lancashire Boiler," should be addressed to the Chairman, Electricity and Public Lighting Committee, Electricity Offices, Fleet street, Dublin, and should be handed in not later than 12 noon on Wednesday, September 12th, 1923.
The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
JOHN J. MURPHY, Town Clerk,
Secretary.
25th August, 1923.

REAL DINNER SETS,
CHINA AND TABLE GLASS.
THE CENTRAL STORES.
MACUIRE & GATCHELL,
10 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
GENTLEMEN'S WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
LEATHER MOTOR COATS.
LEATHER & CLOTH LEGGINGS.
RUBBER BOOTS.
OIL COATS, CAPES, HATS, &c.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
46 & 47 LR. O'CONNELL ST.,
76 MID. ABBEY STREET, } DUBLIN.
34 NASSAU STREET,
65 DAWSON STREET,
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

"THE PLAIN UNVARNISHED."
If this time our advertisement has not the saving grace of some little interest outside Tailoring, it is because we think it time someone told the truth about these Ready-for-Service Suits. They are undoubtedly rattling good suits for the money. It is, of course, nonsense to say they are as good as the 11-guinea article; no one with the relics of a conscience, even a tailoring conscience, could say that. They are, however, cut well; smartly you can get one that fits well; they wear well, and look well; while it may be that they will serve your purpose just as well as their more expensive cousins. They will undoubtedly save your pocket, and that is an asset to most of us.
READY-FOR-SERVICE SUITS,
4 to 7 Gns.
Suits to Order, 6 to 12 Gns.
THOMPSON'S, EST. 1846.
8 WESTMORELAND ST.

HOW CAN A WOMAN
WITH A SMALL DRESS ALLOWANCE MANAGE TO
LOOK SMART ALWAYS?
BY HAVING EACH COSTUME AND ALL SUCH ACCESSORIES AS FURS, FEATHERS AND GLOVES FREQUENTLY RENOVATED BY
DUVAL ET CIE,
ART DYERS AND CLEANERS,
8 NASSAU STREET,
DUBLIN.

KENNEDY'S BREAD.
FINEST QUALITY
MADE.
BAKERIES:
127 & 128 GREAT BRITAIN ST.
AND
ST. PATRICK'S BAKERY,
DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1923.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Mr. Thomas Johnson (Labour) has asked the Minister for Defence if Mr. Cosgrave used military aeroplanes for electioneering purposes. The Minister replied that Mr. Cosgrave made use of the Air Service in circumstances arising out of his Presidential work.

The Assistant Minister of Industry, who visited Cork yesterday in connection with labour disputes there, has arranged for a conference of the employers and the men after the general election.

Successful meetings in support of the candidature of Messrs. Barry and Good, business men candidates in the general election, were held in Rathmines and Blackrock yesterday. Last night Major Bryan Cooper held a very large meeting in the Rathmines Town Hall.

Salvaging operations in connection with the bullion lost by the torpedoing of the White Star liner Laurentic in Lough Swilly during the war are now practically completed. Gold bars and silver specie to the value of almost £7,000,000 have been recovered.

The preparations for the polling in Dublin city are completed. The count of votes will begin on Tuesday morning.

President Cosgrave last night addressed successful meetings in Wexford and Enniscorthy.

ABROAD

An Englishwoman, who married an Egyptian prince, was found shot in Alexandria.

The German Chancellor made an important speech yesterday which indicates that the new Government is about to make a new offer to France.

The Voter's Duty.

On Monday next 150 persons, out of more than twice that number of candidates, will be elected to the Parliament of the Free State. All the voters will have a very big responsibility. Many thousands of them, including large numbers of women, will be exercising the franchise for the first time. The ears of all are ringing with the rival appeals of half-a-dozen parties and groups. It is a pity, perhaps, that the campaign will continue to rage to-day and until the last possible moment on Sunday evening. Forty-eight hours of quiet reflection would be an excellent discipline for the average voter. What is the elector's duty to himself and to his country at this critical moment in Irish affairs? We venture to define it in a single sentence. It is that every man's vote and every woman's vote shall be settled by principle alone. If the voter allows himself to be swayed by programmes or personalities, his vision of the country's true needs is bound to be obscured. Principle is the only certain guide. The two supreme needs are that the Free State shall be made and kept secure and that it shall enjoy progressive and economic government. The elector who desires these things ought to vote, without any consideration of party, for the men who are most likely to secure them. His test of capacity will not be eloquent speeches or plausible promises. It will be the records of the various candidates—what they have done already for the State, directly as its servants or indirectly as citizens and men of affairs.

The women voters will bring a new influence and a new interest into these elections. The fact was recognised yesterday by the business candidates for County Dublin, who addressed a special meeting of women electors in Rathmines. There is some danger, perhaps, that a large body of women—householders of the upper and middle classes—may refuse to go to the polling booths. They may be merely apathetic or the cruelties, confusions and squalors of the recent struggle may have filled them with disgust of "politics" in any form. "Politics," however, is a big word. The general election will decide whether life and property are to be safe in the Free State or are to become once more the prey of gunmen and bandits. That is much, but it is not all. This same election will decide, in a large measure, issues that have a direct and vital concern for every woman in the land. It will decide whether taxes—and therefore rents—are to go up or come down; whether houses are to be scarce or plentiful, whether food is to be cheap or dear. Every thoughtful woman is an economist in the home. She will be false to her own sense of duty if she does not throw her influence, at the election, on the side not only of law and order, but of careful and economic government. There are few, if any, constituencies where the women's vote cannot strike a blow for better living and better business in the Free State.

No doubt, the "Non-Voter" whose letter we print to-day would accept the title "Die-hard" as a compliment. There may be a certain number of men and women in the Free State who share his views. Our correspondent still hopes that the Union will be restored in Ireland. In the meanwhile he is "quite loyal" to the Free State Government, but he would not take the oath of allegiance to the Constitution and will not sanction the taking of it by any other man. He proposes, therefore, to boycott the polling booth. The great majority of ex-Unionists agree with our correspondent in deploring the passing of the Union, but they refuse to shut their eyes to facts. They are convinced that Ireland has got self-government, for good or evil, once for all; and they are resolved that, so far as in them lies, it shall be for good rather than for evil. After all, there is nothing heroic in the posture of Mrs. Gummidge. We live to-day in a new Ireland and "thinking of the old 'un" will not help to make it a better Ireland. The present Government stands between the Irish people and anarchy, bankruptcy and misery of every kind. Our correspondent's vote might save one of its chief Ministers from defeat; yet he will not record that vote because he "loves his country too well." Here, surely, is the *reductio ad absurdum* of patriotism. It is, in our view, the urgent duty of all ex-Unionists, men and women, in the Free State, to support the State by their votes next Monday—wherein, we say to them with all sincerity, fail not at your peril; for the results of failure may be perilous, indeed.

A German Offer.

The long awaited speech of the German Chancellor in Berlin yesterday marks a welcome change in the policy of the Reich. Since the Armistice German policy has been singularly inept. Every possible occasion has been seized to add fuel to the flames of Allied wrath, and from Scheidemann to Cuno every German Chancellor has done something to make matters worse. Apparently Dr. Stresemann is of a different type. Always of a liberal turn of mind, he never saw eye to eye with the old Conservative Party and was far from popular in Germany during the war. His speech yesterday was probably the most reasonable utterance that has been made by any German since that time. Naturally, it was heavily biassed in favour of the German point of view; but Dr. Stresemann obviously recognises that Germany must do something to help herself out of the morass into which she has fallen. "Germany hopes," he says, "that a way will be found by which the just claims of the Allies may be satisfied, while Germany at the same time may be assured of the possibility of future development." He proposes that the Allies shall control part of the German economic system "as a productive pledge" for the fulfilment of the reparations clauses of the Treaty. He insists, however, that there shall be no differentiation between the Rhine Provinces, the Ruhr Valley, and the rest of the German Reich. Germany will not consent to a special *régime* in the areas which are occupied at present, because she believes, despite M. Poincaré's assurances to the contrary, that France desires to annex them. In other words, Dr. Stresemann's proposal is that, if economic "pledges" are seized by the Allies, they must be distributed throughout the Reich. We do not know whether this suggestion will be acceptable either to Britain or to France; but, at any rate, it represents a definite advance towards a solution of the reparations problem. Hitherto the outlook has been almost hopeless. Germany has sulked while France has been tightening her grip upon the Ruhr Valley. Neither side has made any concrete proposals regarding the actual payment of reparations, and, but for the recent British Note, the deadlock might have continued almost indefinitely. Now both France and Germany have spoken, and the discovery of a basis for discussion ought not to be beyond the wit of European statesmanship. For the first time since the beginning of the controversy a German statesman has admitted publicly that such things as "just claims" against the Fatherland exist. That admission, in itself, betrays a welcome change of tune, and, if Dr. Stresemann is sincere in his protestations, some progress may be made. Nothing is likely to be done either by Britain or by France during the next few weeks. Mr. Baldwin is about to go on holiday to Aix-les-Bains, and Britain's reply to France cannot be expected until his return. In the meanwhile Dr. Stresemann will have plenty of opportunities to elaborate his "offer."

The Mammoth.

In the new number of the *Nineteenth Century* the mystery of the mammoth—that Edwin Drood of the pre-historic world—is discussed by a writer whose familiarity with North Siberia gives his views a more than theoretical value. The mammoth, as everybody knows, was a large, hairy elephant whose cold-storaged carcasses, to the number of nineteen, have been discovered in the perpetual ice of the northern edge of the Siberian Tundra. The mystery is how, or by what meteorological cataclysm, these monsters were frozen in their tracks, as Mr. Bassett Digby puts it, in a climate that became from that moment uninhabitable to them. Mr. Digby, however, disputes the cataclysm. If such a thing occurred, he asks, how comes it that, of all the animals inhabiting the Tundra contemporaneously with the mammoth, not a single one has been found in cold storage except four woolly rhinoceroses? Briefly, his theory is that these mammoths are unfortunates which fell into snow-filled crevasses during blizzards and were unable to escape. On the subject of the general extinction of the mammoth Mr. Digby is, perhaps, less convincing. He disposes successfully of the theory that the increasingly inclement climate killed them by pointing out, in the first place, that they could have followed their departing friends southward and, secondly, that the flora of North Siberia has not changed since the mammoth roamed its wastes. Mr. Digby claims that man extinguished the mammoth. It was almost his sole source of nourishment during a large part of the year, and he trapped the monster in pitfalls faster than it could reproduce itself. One cannot but think that, if the cavemen of the Tundra were numerous enough to eat the mammoth into extinction, they must have been a hungry, as well as a hardy, race.

Tales of the Sea.

The current news holds more than a hint of the adventures that may fall to the lot of those who go down to the sea in ships. On Thursday the survivors of the ill-fated Trevessa landed at Gravesend. The vessel sank in the Indian Ocean on June 4th. The crew in two boats reached land, one in nineteen and the other in twenty-three days, after fearful privations; eleven out of the forty-four died at sea. On the same day the captains of two vessels brought into Weymouth harbour the little oil-lighter Airstron. She was found in the Channel with a full cargo, engines running and ship's boat lashed in its usual position on deck, but of her usual crew of four there was no trace. It was found later that they had been taken off by another vessel. Still on the same day there were landed at Barry, on the Bristol Channel, three hundred disgusted pleasure-seekers who had boarded the Lady Moyra for a trip to the Cornish coast. The ship lost her rudder when off a rocky part of the North Devon coast. Help was forthcoming immediately, and the disabled steamer was towed into safe anchorage; but it was not until fourteen hours later that the passengers found themselves on shore. From the tale of misadventures one turns with relief to the story of the salvage of the Laurentic's precious cargo. The Laurentic was torpedoed in January, 1917, some fifteen miles off Lough Swilly. She had on board about seven million pounds in specie, most of it in the form of gold bars. The salvage work has been maintained steadily during the last few years by H.M.S. Racer and is now virtually complete.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Queen left Goldsborough Hall yesterday afternoon to visit Lord and Lady Elphinstone at Carberry Tower, Musselburgh, where she will be their guest for the next week. Princess Mary and Viscount Lascelles will visit the King and Queen afterwards at Balmoral, where Prince George will join the Royal party on the conclusion of his visit to the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire at Bolton Abbey.

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The Prince of Wales paid a brief visit to London to arrange the final details for his Canadian trip and returned to Scotland yesterday. He will join the King and Queen at Balmoral for a short stay, and will probably return to London on September 2nd, as his departure for Canada is fixed for the following Wednesday.

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Viscount Novar has joined Viscountess Novar at Raith, Kirkcaldy, where they will be in residence till the end of October. Lady Queenborough, who is at Newmarket, will join Lord Queenborough in London on his return from Scotland next Monday, and they will leave for Evian-les-Bains on Thursday. The Earl of Camperdown left Liverpool yesterday for the United States, where he will spend some time at his place near Andover, Mass. Sir John and Lady Harrington will leave Liverpool next week for New York.

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Sir Clive and the Hon. Lady Morrison Bell have left Harpford Hall for a short visit to the Continent. Sir George and Lady Colthurst have returned to Blarney Castle from the South of France. The Hon. Cecil Baring and his family have arrived at Lambay Island for the autumn. The Hon. Mrs. Nigel Baring, who was in Dublin for the Horse Show, returned to Market Harborough on Thursday.

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Despite the break in the weather, the Women's Pageant at Appuldurcombe House, in the Isle of Wight, has been a great success. Princess Beatrice opened the first performance with an interesting speech. Representatives from all parts of the island are taking part in the pageant, which has been organised by the I.O.W. Federation of Women's Institutes, and describes "the work and lives of women through the ages" in a number of artistic scenes.

* * *

The Marquis and Marchioness of Ely, who have been taking the waters at Harrogate, will leave next week for Scotland. The Marchioness of Winchester, the Earl of Coventry, Lady Trevor, the Bishop of Ely and Mrs. Chase, the Archdeacon of Middlesex, Sir Ernest Trollope, Colonel Sir St. Vincent and Lady Hammick and Lady Gilbert are among the recent arrivals at Llandrindod Wells.

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A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early in September, between the Rev. Arthur Alexander Wilson, eldest son of the late Rev. A. B. Wilson and Mrs. Wilson, 46 Grosvenor road, Chiswick, W., and Kathleen Maud May (Kitty), eldest daughter of the late Canon W. Walker O'Grady and Mrs. W. Waller O'Grady, St. Ann's, Bandon, Co. Cork.

* * *

The marriage arranged between Alfred Charles Times, eldest son of the late Charles Gorsuch Times, of Hitchin, Hertfordshire, and Aileen Maud Singleton Finch-Davies, widow of Lieutenant Claud S. Finch-Davies and only child of Captain and Mrs. Finch, Kilcolman, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary, will take place at Bombay Cathedral, September 24th.

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Surgeon Lane Joynt has returned to town.

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Dr. McElhinney has returned to 115 Morehampton road.

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Dr. G. Tierney has returned to 22 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.

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Mr. William L. Gaynor has left 21 North Frederick street for two weeks.

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Switzer's are showing to-day and all this week special All-Fur Felt Hats, straight leaf, turned up at back, bound around edge, ribbon trimmed bow at sides. Price 29s. 9d. See windows.

Beautiful New Model Gowns, Wraps, Coats, and Costumes.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 66, 70, 71 George's street.

Lovely Austrian Velour Hats, beautiful shades of Mulberry, Havanna, Orchid, Squirrel, Jute, Tropical, New Blue, Camel, Sunset, Pheasant, Otter, etc., from 6s. 11d.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 66, 70, 71 George's street.

Mrs. Mercedes D'Alton, Salon, Royal Hibernian Hotel—Special display to-day of Exclusive Models Velour, and Full-on Hats.

St. Albans, Sandycove, Dun Laoghaire, will be opened on Monday next as a High-Class Private Hotel, Resident Guests being specially catered for, and individual tastes considered. The principal bedrooms are fitted with hot and cold bath.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals.—Miss Maureen McDonnell, H. R. Fleming, Mrs. Minch, Denis Minch, Gerald J. Minch, Mrs. J. Miley, Mr. and Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. N. James, John Lawless, Sir Andrew Horne, A. G. Nicholson, Mrs. E. M. Nicholson, J. Edgar Hay, Mrs. Hay, Edward Forshaw, F. G. Foster, Miss James Porter, Mrs. G. Sharp Bolster.
Departures.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Fitzgerald Campbell, Mrs. J. W. Trevor, Miss Urquhart, Mrs. Thomas Lee, Mrs. D. Boyd, N. C. Maxwell Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wright, W. B. Johnston, Right Hon. A. Beattie, A. M. Samuels, Miss Lena Payne.

New Autumn Model Coats, Wraps, Frocks, Costumes and Millinery showing at McBirney's.

Exquisite Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, Floral Designs, choicest flowers, shortest notice, lowest prices.—Ramsay's, 50 Nassau street.

TO LADIES—Ladies' Department for Medical Appliances of all kinds.—Plain & C., Grafton st. Mourning Orders receive prompt attention.—Davis and Co., 48 Grafton street. 'Phone 4905.

GRIFFITH-COLLINS MEMORIAL.

MARCH OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.

Yesterday morning the Dublin Metropolitan Police paid a tribute to the memory of the

LETTER.

'S REPLY.

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ELECTION PREPARATIONS.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR DUBLIN POLLING.

WORKINGMEN AND THE HOLIDAY.

PARTY PROSPECTS IN WATERFORD.

The preparations for the election in Dublin City and County are complete. The polling throughout the Free State will take place between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 7 p.m.

In Dublin City there will be 69 polling stations—36 in the North Division and 33 in the South. The counting of the votes for the two divisions will take place in the Central Model Schools, Marlborough street. It will commence on Tuesday morning, and may not be completed by Tuesday evening.

Throughout the country the various parties are intensely active. Dr. MacNeill has issued a final pre-election address to the electors of Clare in which he gives the reasons for Mr. de Valera's arrest.

It is reported that a good many working men disapprove of the announcement of a public holiday for the elections on the ground that it involves the loss of a day's pay.

DUBLIN POLLING.

WORKERS AND THE HOLIDAY.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The election campaign is rapidly drawing to a close. There only remain to-day and to-morrow before the polling day. Candidates and their agents and helpers are putting forth, during these forty-eight hours, their final exertions. Meetings of the electors are being held in almost every town and village in the twenty-six counties of the Free State, and the candidates are announcing their views and their plans for the better government of the Free State. The country may be said to be fairly flooded with election oratory.

Will all the voters on the register, up and down the country, be able to record their votes between 9.30 on Monday morning and 7 o'clock in the evening? Most, if not all, of the returning officers are making the best arrangements they can for the convenience of voters in the polling booths; but their jobs are now much bigger than ever before. The total number of names on the register in the twenty-six counties is 1,769,293—a huge electorate, it will be admitted. The total number on previous registers was 1,370,000, or thereabouts.

As usual, it will be found that a great many persons will not take the trouble to come to the polls, either through apathy or some other cause. The law, as it now exists, deals drastically with anyone who seeks to interfere with the freedom of the voter, and for that reason, perhaps, the threats of intimidation of which one hears in certain quarters may not be put into execution.

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL.

At the headquarters of the Cumann na nGaedheal in Dublin reports are being received daily from the country to the effect that the candidates who are going forward in support of the Treaty and of the Government are doing well and are pretty confident of being at the head of the polls. In North Mayo General Joseph McGrath is said to be carrying all before him. Since his arrival in the constituency, early this week, he has addressed many meetings, and wherever he appeared he was received, not only with favour, but with enthusiasm. Accompanied by Judge Cohalan and the other candidates in Dublin General McGrath has addressed meetings in Swinford, Charleston, Erris and other centres. There was no appreciable opposition in any of these places. He was warmly received at Ballaghaderreen yesterday.

There is scarcely a busier man in Ireland at present than the Sub-Sheriff of the City of Dublin. He has had to provide facilities for a population of 252,800 voters to exercise the franchise in the two divisions of the city. There will be 69 polling stations—36 in the North and 33 in the South. There will be posted to-day upwards of two hundred posters, which will afford electors information as to where they are to record their votes. Every street and lane, big and little, is set forth, so that if the electors study the posters, they ought to meet with little or no difficulty in finding the right voting station. Dr. Sherlock, however, is of opinion that the numbering of the registers will give rise to little confusion and delay. When there are several blocks of electors numbered in the same way—say, from 1 to 100, or 500, as the case may be—with only slight, if any, distinguishing marks between one block and another, it is easy to see that some voters may be confused as to where they must go. The old advice: "Vote early," ought not to be neglected.

The counting of the votes for the two divisions of the city will take place in the Central Model Schools, Marlborough street. Everything is ready for the work, which will begin on Tuesday morning. There is no expectation that the result of any election will be known before Tuesday evening—if even then. The Sub-Sheriff has appointed Mr. William A. Moran, solicitor, as his deputy returning officer for Dublin South. Dr. Sherlock himself will take charge of Dublin North. Presiding officers and poll clerks have been appointed, but some delay was caused by the action of a few who sent back their papers, either through fear of the possible penalties, or lack of confidence in their own capacity. Dr. Sherlock will open the absent voters' lists after the poll closes on Monday evening, probably about 8.30 o'clock.

THE NEW SYSTEM.

The election, as is well known, will be conducted on the proportional representation system. The counting of the votes, and the transferring of surplus votes from one candidate to another, is a complicated business to those who are not practised in the work. In order to get the counters to understand the work which they will have to do, a miniature election has been held in the Model Schools on a few evenings this week, under the direction of an expert from the Proportional Representation Society.

In the County of Dublin there are 97,167 persons on the register. Ample provision is being made for them to record their votes. There are plenty of polling stations, and their precise location has been advertised. Nevertheless, there were men from the outskirts of the city, just beyond the borough boundary, who till yesterday did not know their voting place.

It is stated by those who are acquainted with opinion in the rural districts that there is among the extremists a great modification, and that the Government are steadily gaining their support. This is evidenced to some extent by the absence of any serious opposition at public meetings.

THE HOLIDAY.

Monday next, being polling day, is, according to the Constitution, to be observed as a general holiday. The Government have made it clear enough that essential services must, and ought to, be maintained. Letters will not be collected or delivered, except in a very restricted way. The telegraph and telephone services will be carried on as is usual on bank holidays. Election literature has accumulated in the Post Office to such an extent that it is likely that some of it may not be delivered for some days to come.

There is much difference of opinion as to the enforced holiday. Many persons in Dublin will avail themselves of the cessation of business on Monday to take a trip across the Channel from this evening until Tuesday morning, thus showing that they are not troubled about the elections.

Sections of workingmen object to being compelled to forfeit a day's wages, and many of them say that if they are deprived of their wages they will decline to go to the polls. The licensed publicans have not received any order to keep their premises closed on Monday, and if no such order is issued the publichouses will carry on as usual.

Mr. Kevin O'Higgins will address a meeting at Clondalkin at 11.30 to-morrow, and another at Swords at 3 p.m. Mr. Wyse Power, Senator, will address a meeting at Longford.

Mr. Gavan Duffy, one of the outgoing members for the County Dublin, will address his first open-air public meeting to-morrow, near the railway station at Kingstown at 4.30 o'clock.

CIVIC GUARD AND THE ELECTIONS.

GENERAL O'DUFFY'S ADVICE.

The Civic Guard will be entrusted with the task of preserving peace and order at the general election. There will be 4,500 polling booths throughout the Free State, and as the Civic Guard is not yet at full strength, it has been found necessary to employ, in addition to the Guard, a number of Special Peace Guardians. At each of 3,480 polling booths one Guard will be on duty, the remaining booths being policed by the Special Police.

All polling booths in Munster, as also those in Counties Kilkenny, Dublin, and Wicklow, will be manned by Guards. In Sligo, Leitrim, Kildare, Monaghan, Leitrim, Sligo, Longford, Westmeath, and Wexford a very limited number of "Specials" will be called on to do duty.

With the exception of the defence unit, every man in the Depôt, including officers, cadets, N.C.O.'s, and bandsmen, is detailed for election duty. Yesterday morning 930 members of the force left Phœnix Park for the various stations throughout the Free State.

Before their departure General O'Duffy addressed the parade. He reminded the men of the grave responsibilities that were about to be placed on their shoulders—the task of preserving law and order. No word should pass from their lips that would mar the good name of the force. "Go now to your allotted posts," he said, "be faithful to your oath. Endeavour to preserve the peace amongst the people in the district in which you are placed. The political opinions held by the various parties with whom you come in contact are not your concern. Your duty is clearly defined—be in the truest sense servants of the people. I expect great things of you, and am confident I will not be disappointed."

PRESIDENT'S AERIAL JOURNEY.

MR. JOHNSON'S INQUIRY OF MINISTER OF DEFENCE.

The Irish Labour Party and Trade Union National Executive has issued a copy of the correspondence which has passed between Mr. Thomas Johnson, Secretary of the Party, and the Minister for Defence, in connection with President Cosgrave's recent journey by military aeroplane from Baldonnel to Athlone.

Mr. Thomas Johnson wrote to the Minister on August 20, asking if it was by the Minister's authority that military aeroplanes were placed at the disposal of the political party known as the Cumann na nGaedheal for election purposes, and whether similar facilities would be afforded to all other political parties.

Mr. Johnson refers to the statements made by the President and the Minister for Defence in the Dail on July 25 to the effect that the Government Publicity Department and military bands are not used in the interests of any party. "I assume that the Army Air Service is, if used at all for electioneering purposes, will be placed impartially at the disposal of all parties."

Mr. Mulcahy replied on the 24th that military aeroplanes were not placed at the disposal of Cumann na nGaedheal for election purposes, and that President Cosgrave made use of the Army Air Service in "circumstances arising directly out of his Presidential work."

On receipt of this letter, Mr. Johnson wrote (on August 24) that of the three aeroplanes used, President Cosgrave travelled in one, Judge Cohalan, who is actively assisting Mr. Cosgrave in his election campaign, in another, and Commandant O'Reilly, a soldier not, presumably, concerned with electioneering work, in the third.

The aeroplanes were used, according to the newspapers, to take passengers from a political meeting in Ennis to a political meeting in Galway.

Mr. Johnson says that the addressing of these meetings was clearly not part of Mr. Cosgrave's duties as President, but the work of an ordinary political leader. The expenses of the aerial journeys are apparently to be paid out of public funds, and some information might have been given as to the "circumstances arising directly out of his Presidential work" which happened to coincide with the "opportunity for a good electioneering stunt."

Mr. Johnson says that the newspapers do not appear to have been informed that Mr. Cosgrave's journey was official. The public may, therefore, have drawn a wrong inference from the reports and he was sending copies of the correspondence to the Press for publication.

MR. DE VALERA.

A PRISONER AT ARBOUR HILL.

At the Sinn Fein Election Rooms, 23 Suffolk street, Dublin, yesterday, Mrs. de Valera stated that the following telegram had been received at her residence after 7 o'clock on Thursday night:—

"Eamonn de Valera detained in Arbour Hill."

"This morning," she said, "I went to Arbour Hill Barracks with a parcel and a letter, and the two soldiers at the gate said that there was no such man there. Then I said that I had a telegram from the Adjutant-General. One of the soldiers took in the telegram, and an officer came out to me and said that Mr. de Valera was there, and that he would take my letter and send it to headquarters to be censored, and then have the letter given to him.

"I asked could he write to me, and the officer said 'No.'"

MR. COSGRAVE AND SINN FEIN CANDIDATES.

The following has been received from the Sinn Fein Publicity Department:—

"Mr. Cosgrave, speaking at Freshford last Tuesday, is reported in the Press to have referred to 'the cost of emissaries' before the Treaty was signed in the following words:—

"De Valera, Sean T. O'Kelly, and others cost £150,000, and all voted against the Treaty. They were having a fine time on the Continental front."

If this gravy charge refers to Mr. de Valera's visit to London prior to the negotiations, the facts are these. A house in London, with a full staff of servants, was placed at his disposal by a friend. The total expenses incurred for the whole entourage during the stay amounted to £38, for which the receipts can be procured.

The Southsea Congress of the British Chess Federation closed yesterday, when Sir George Thomas won the British Championship for the first time with a score of nine, half a point higher than F. D. Yates, of Leeds, who has held the title since 1921. The finish was exciting, the result depending on the issue of a single game. R. H. V. Scott and H. E. Price divided third and fourth prizes.

COMPLEX PROBLEM IN WATERFORD.

ELECTORAL NOAH'S ARK.

EFFECTS OF INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

WATERFORD, Friday.

The contest which is being waged in Waterford is of an exceptionally interesting, and at the same time baffling, character. There are nine candidates for four seats allocated to the combined city and county constituency, which extends from Waterford Harbour to Youghal, and inland from Youghal Bay to the old bridge across the Suir at Clonmel. It includes not only the City of Waterford, but a number of smaller towns, such as Dungarvan, Lismore, Tallow, Tramore, and so forth, and the constituency is over forty miles in length. The western end of the County Waterford—mountainous and wild—where the Irish language has so largely survived, is as distinct from the city as though it were occupied by different people. Yet to all these people the nine candidates have to address themselves and appeal for their votes.

One does not need to be an electioneering expert in order to see that the task is not a simple one, and the result not easy to predict. Eight of the nine candidates are running in couples. There are two Cumann na nGaedheal candidates, two Farmers', two Labour men, and two Independents, and these candidates are beginning to find that they are a source of weakness one to the other. Thus, the Farmer in Clashmore may draw first preferences from the farmer at Kilmacthomas, and *vice versa*, and so with the two Labour men and with the two Government candidates, one of whom comes from Dungarvan and the other from Waterford; and with the two Independents, one in the extreme west of the country and the other in the city.

THE NOAH'S ARK PRINCIPLE

All alike are beginning to think that if they had not been nominated on the Noah's Ark system, of two of each kind, they would be in less doubt as to the first preferences of their supporters. In Carlow, Kilkenny, Wexford, the out-going representative, may lose many first preference votes in West Waterford, though the candidature of Mr. Brennock, of Dungarvan, may help Redmond, D.S.O., who is unquestionably popular in East Waterford, may lose many in West Waterford through the candidature of Colonel Keane, who is one of the most popular figures about Lismore.

The parties have been sorted out on a basis of are the Republicans, and they can consequently rely upon every Republican's first preference throughout the entire constituency. Mrs. Brugha, widow of the late Cathal Brugha. The circumstances of the Republican tactics in this matter is generally acknowledged among the other candidates.

The total city and county electorate is about 46,000, of whom there are some 13,000 voters in Waterford City.

The divisions between the Treaty and the Republican parties are regarded as favouring the candidature of Captain Redmond, who maintains to the full his popularity in the city, and has had several successful meetings both there and in the county. In conversation with our representative to-day, Captain Redmond emphasised the fact that he is studiously refraining from personalities. He said that he was very pleased with the manner in which he was being received, and that there no interruptions at any of his meetings. Reconstruction and national economy are the chief items in his programme, and he is opposed to the demoralising system of doles to the unemployed. He insists that he is a candidate, and not a delegate. Plenty of work at fair wages is his remedy for present ills.

The Legion of Irish Ex-Servicemen, of which he is a Vice-President, has adopted Captain Redmond as its candidate, and as he is the only Nationalist who was returned for an Irish constituency in 1918, he is confidently hopes to enter the Dail as representative of his father's old constituency.

THE REPUBLICAN PROSPECT.

As to Colonel Keane, who may be successful, there is a tendency to think—and that not only among her party—that in consequence of the astute tactics adopted by the Republicans, Mrs. Brugha may be returned. If the two Cumann na nGaedheal candidates are returned, they would complete the representation, but he would be a daring prophet who should venture to predict with confidence.

Colonel Keane, as an Independent, is relying largely upon canvassing, and holds a strong hand in West Waterford, where he has done much for the revival of industry, establishing a bacon factory and sawmills. Should the result prove an equal division between the candidates, one Republican, and one Independent—that would, of course, exclude the two Farmers and the two Labour candidates.

As to the latter, the nomination of Mr. James Baird—has made himself conspicuous by the extreme bitterness of his speeches during the past few months. These would, very likely get the votes of the agricultural workers in East Waterford, but it is doubtful whether they will have a like success among the trade unionists of the city, or among the West Waterford workers.

It is doubtful if the Labour may return one candidate, but unquestionably their chances would be stronger had they not started a brace.

So far as Labour troubles are concerned, Waterford had been having, and still is enjoying a full share. Thus, a dispute at the local gas works has kept the city without gas for power or lighting for the past eight months. The commencement of this trouble the strikers took over the gasworks, and proceeded to "run" the place as a Soviet, and to collect the accounts due to the Gas Company, on behalf of the Strike Committee. They were finally turned out by the National Army, the gasworks were closed. I am told now that there is a prospect of a settlement of the long dispute.

As a result of the shipping dispute all sea communication has been stopped for goods. There is a very considerable dearth of essential commodities in the city at the present time. The Great Western Railway have been obliged to suspend their services for a period, but have now re-opened their passenger service only; while the Clyde Shipping Company is completely "held up," and the port presents a deserted appearance.

The agricultural labour dispute shows no tendency towards a settlement. In East Waterford there have been numerous cases of *sabotage*. The "Curfew" is being strictly enforced by the military in East Waterford, with the exception of Tramore, where there is no interference with the holiday season. The failure to arrive at any accommodation in this dispute is attributed to the inflammatory language of the Transport Union orators with reference to the tenure of land.

Waterford City is one of Ireland's principal seaports, with distinct commercial and industrial problems, but in this election it is submerged in the big agricultural vote of East and West Waterford.

BENCH SURPRISED.

DEAF MUTE HOLDER OF A MOTOR LICENCE.

A deaf and dumb motor cyclist, named Walter Butcher, was fined 20s., and had his licence suspended *sine die*, at Woburn place to-day for driving to the danger of the public.

Evidence was given that Butcher took a corner on his wrong side, and collided with a landau, injuring the horse.

The magistrates expressed surprise that anyone so handicapped as Butcher was should be granted a licence, but the police explained that anyone could obtain a licence by post. Butcher gave notice of appeal.

DUBLIN OFFICE RAIDED.

£300 SEIZED BY ARMED MEN.

Yesterday afternoon the Tramway Company's office at Shelbourne road, Dublin, was raided by two armed men, who seized a sum of £300. They arrived and left on a motor cycle.

When a motor car containing members of the Criminal Investigation Department arrived soon afterwards, a large crowd had assembled and cheered loudly as the party drove off in the direction taken by the robbers.

(Continued on Page 8, Column 3.)

BUSINESS MEN IN THE DAIL.

WOMEN'S MEETING IN RATHMINES.

SUPPORT PLEDGED.

A special public meeting for women electors, in support of the candidature of Messrs. David Barry and John Good for County Dublin, was held in the Town Hall, Rathmines, yesterday evening, Lady Arnott, D.B.E., presiding. The meeting was in entire sympathy with the policy outlined by the candidates, and was one of the most encouraging that has yet been held in the constituency in the present election campaign.

LADY ARNOTT.

Lady Arnott, who was received with applause, said:—Ladies, this is a meeting to enable women voters to hear the views and aims of Mr. Barry and Mr. Good, the Business candidates for County Dublin for the general Parliamentary election, that will be held on Monday next. The Parliamentary vote is a new responsibility that has come to women, the vote long and ardently desired by a section of the community, and just as ardently deprecated by another section, and has a responsibility that should be used by every women as a sacred trust that gives her an opportunity to forward such legislation as will help to promote the comfort and security of our homes, the well-being of our little ones, the progress of our race, and the welfare of our country. (Applause.) You have read the election address of Mr. Barry and Mr. Good. It is clear and concise, and I know that they will tell you themselves all they will strive for and hope to achieve by constitutional action in the Dail for the prosperity of a united Ireland. They are business men, who will not deal with visions of the future or ghosts of the past, but will face realities. (Applause.) They realise that the hunt for daily bread is the ordeal of the present-world; they realise the grim problems of unemployment, dear food, and inadequate housing can never be solved by hatred or violence, and can only be solved by good-will and commonsense. Hence their hope of the future of Ireland lies now in Irish hands. It is useless to look at affairs through the old spectacles, or, on the other hand, to believe that the days of miracles have come but—nothing is certain—the fate, the destiny, of this country depends on the character and ability of the men chosen on Monday next to control the newly-elected Parliament. The women voters determine—one and all, with one heart, one purpose, one resolve, to back Irishmen like Mr. Barry and Mr. Good, who will strive for peace, for the development of the country, for economy in administration, and see that Ireland is lifted to the conditions and level that will command the respect of the world. (Applause.)

MR. BARRY.

Mr. David Barry, who was well received, said that they were fortunate in having a chairman in the person of Lady Arnott, who had given such strenuous attention to herself to put before them more concisely and comprehensively than he, at any rate, was able to do the reason why they should exercise that solemn right which was opened to them by returning to the next Dail the business candidates. He felt that Lady Arnott had put an overwhelming plea before them in words that he found it difficult to follow. He thought that they would all admit that in the last Dail they had no representation whatever. He might say that they were not consulted, and had, therefore, no responsibility; but they were subjected to every law which the people of the rest of Ireland, were going to stand any more nonsense.

President Cosgrave said—To-day, for the first time in many centuries, there are no soldiers save those in jackets green in the County of Wexford, and no law but Irish law, and no writ but in the name of Saorstat Eireann runs in Wexford. The great men who got the English out of Wexford have been called traitors to Ireland, and we who have lifted the flag which fell from Collins when he was killed have also been called traitors, and even more appalling names, for accomplishing the work left unfinished by these great gallant patriots and statesmen. (Cheers.) I am prepared to be classed as a traitor with two such men as they were, rather than to wear the crown that de Valera has on his head to-night. Somebody said as I was coming to this meeting to-night, "Up, Bob!" I can tell Bob he will have to take care of himself or we will put him up. (Cheers.) We have met tougher propositions than Bob in our time. (Hear, hear.)

Continuing, he said that he wanted the people of Wexford to take careful consideration, in the present election, to examine the pages in Irish history, and see there if ever a band of men claiming the name of patriots, defamed such a name by such destruction as had taken place in the country during the last twelve months. He wanted to know whether de Valera abandoned the Republic down in Clare, or whether the Republic abandoned de Valera. They parted company anyhow. Having appealed for the election of the local pro-Treaty representatives, he asked them to keep that one name, standing of the nation any man that had lifted his hand against the people or the nation, or who would not accept his responsibilities and discharge his duties in a place where he could be seen, where his actions were open to public investigation, and where his speeches were not delivered behind ditches, but surrounded by the guns of a few bandits. (Cheers.)

Senator Sir Thomas Esmonde referred to the destruction caused by the Republicans. He said that they had done the most abominable things ever done in this country, not excepting the Yeomen of '98.

Senator C. J. Irwin said that he hoped they would prove on Monday that the battle of the ballot-box was more powerful than the bullet, and that Wexford would be found in the path of duty, as it was in '98.

WEXFORD MEETING.

President Cosgrave at Wextown town was received with enthusiasm by thousands in the Bull Ring. Mr. William Corcoran presided.

Mr. Osmond Esmonde said that they welcomed to the ancient borough of Wexford President Cosgrave, who stepped into the breach when President Griffith and General Collins fell in the cause of Ireland. (Cheers.) The people of Ireland were down to-day for the result of the election, to take their proper place in dictating and framing the policy of the nation. (Cheers.)

Senator C. J. Irwin said that the battle which would be fought on Monday would be the most momentous in the history of Ireland. It would decide whether the will of the people in the Irish Free State, and if he meant what he said—and they had no reason to believe otherwise—then no apology was needed for business candidates appearing and asking for due representation. (Applause.) The new Dail would consist of 153 members, and, so far as Dublin busines smen were concerned, they were only asking representation to the extent of five.

Mr. Good and he stood before them as the selected and duly accredited candidates for County Dublin. As Lady Arnott had said, they had their programme before them, and he thought they could claim that in that address they had not promised the moon or the stars, but as business men, having had responsibility and experience of their own for well on a quarter of a century in the conduct of building up their several businesses. They said, and they claimed that they would be able to make their voices so heard in the new Dail, although they were five lone voices, they must be listened to, seeing that they represented such commercial and business interests in the County of Dublin. (Applause.)

IRISH NEEDS.

There was one matter that affected them all, and that was the question of the cost of living, the question of high taxation and high rents. That they would find in the first Budget of twenty millions to meet their expenditure. That would mean that there would be no relief from high taxation, and he stood there that day to say that while the electors were entitled to send men to represent them in Parliament, of the type of the majority of the representatives, that taxation, in this opinion, would grow and continue.

They, business men, had had experience in the conduct of their business, and that business would have been shattered and blown to the winds years ago if they had not cut their clothes according to their cloth. Not only was the state of Irish finance bad, but they were running into further debt, and the business candidates were the men to remedy that. They were asked what was the remedy for this state of affairs. There was only one answer—put into the new Dail men who would support the Government in all acts of good government, in all acts to put down lawlessness and strangle anarchy and Bolshevism, and all that it stood for, and at the same time men who would be fearless, relentless and straightforward in criticising the Government in anything that they put forward that they thought was not in the interests of the people as a whole. (Applause.)

TENANTS AS OWNERS.

No one grudged what it cost to exterminate the rodents in the minor war that they had had in this country, and they were prepared to expend their last shilling in exterminating any rodents that dared to challenge them during the next twelve months or the next two years, but his view was that if the electors would show wise discretion in the selection of candidates in this election, of backbone and solidarity, the new Dail would be such that no rodent would dare to challenge them, because they would know what was ahead of them. (Applause). He took it that from the enthusiasm in which Mr. Good and he had been favoured since their candidature started, their views met with acceptance. The business candidates meant to press upon the Government to put forward some bill, so that facilities would be given to tenants to become the owners of their houses where they desired to do so. The business candidates were out whole-heartedly to support such a measure, and he thought that it would go far to make the people happier if the houses were their own.

One of the greatest difficulties to be faced was that of unemployment. There were many methods of working out a scheme for alleviating unemployment, and the business candidates had been considering that as well. Many ways of developing national assets and giving employment could be found if they only got the right class of people in the Dail. If a householder had to spend 5s. out of every £1 that came in he would soon find himself in debt, and that was exactly the position of this country as a nation to-day. They were faced with an income in the next twelve months that would be short by the thirty millions to meet their expenditure. That would mean that there would be no relief from high taxation, and he stood there that day to say that while the electors were entitled to send men to represent them in Parliament, of the type of the majority of the representatives, that taxation, in this opinion, would grow and continue.

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PRESIDENT COSGRAVE IN WEXFORD.

A GREAT RECEPTION.

APPEAL FOR TREATY CANDIDATES.

President Cosgrave received a great welcome on the occasion of his visit to Enniscorthy last evening. He arrived from Kilkenny shortly before 7 o'clock, and addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in the Market Square at 7.30. He was accompanied on the platform by the two Cumann na nGaedheal candidates for the county—Messrs. Thomas McCarthy and Osmond Grattan Esmonde; Senator Sir Thomas Esmonde and Senator C. J. Irwin.

Mr. Thomas McCarthy, who presided, extended a cordial welcome to the President.

Mr. Osmond Esmonde said that he was satisfied that the people of Wexford, no more than the people of the rest of Ireland, were going to stand any more nonsense.

President Cosgrave said—To-day, for the first time in many centuries, there are no soldiers save those in jackets green in the County of Wexford, and no law but Irish law, and no writ but in the name of Saorstat Eireann runs in Wexford. The great men who got the English out of Wexford have been called traitors to Ireland, and we who have lifted the flag which fell from Collins when he was killed have also been called traitors, and even more appalling names, for accomplishing the work left unfinished by these great gallant patriots and statesmen. (Cheers.) I am prepared to be classed as a traitor with two such men as they were, rather than to wear the crown that de Valera has on his head to-night. Somebody said as I was coming to this meeting to-night, "Up, Bob!" I can tell Bob he will have to take care of himself or we will put him up. (Cheers.) We have met tougher propositions than Bob in our time. (Hear, hear.)

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A LONDON MYSTERY.

FATE OF FORMER MASTER OF STAGHOUNDS.

Scotland Yard officers were yesterday investigating the fate of Mr. Abraham Jackson, a former Master of the Essex Staghounds, who lived at the Grand Hotel, Northumberland avenue, London, and whose body was found in the Thames. From the fact that Mr. Jackson had a wound at the back of his head, which, according to the doctor who made the *post mortem*, must have been caused before death, the possibility of foul play has not been overlooked.

Search of Mr. Jackson's luggage has revealed two empty wallets, but no jewellery or money.

Years ago the deceased was a man of substantial means, and lived in good style at Sandon Lodge and Baddow Park, Essex, where he kept several hunters. During the war, however, his circumstances appeared to change, and recently he had been living a quiet bachelor life. Once or twice he spoke to acqu

DUMPED ARMS TO BE GOT.

PRESIDENT COSGRAVE AND CAPTAIN REDMOND.

President Cosgrave on Thursday evening visited Tullow and Rathvilly, two distant towns in Carlow, and at both places received a great welcome from large crowds, who cheered him and his fellow-candidates, Messrs. Gibbons and Bolger.

President Cosgrave said that people whom they never heard of during the last few years, and from whom no suggestion of support came, now launched out in criticism of the financial condition of the country. A Mr. Redmond, in Waterford, took them to task for paying £1,600,000 as pensions to "capable and efficient civil servants." It was true that they were paying that amount in pensions, but almost 1½ millions of it was paid to ex-Royal Irish Constabulary men and to pensioners, and they were carrying it out as one of the conditions of the Treaty. That statement had appeared in an English newspaper of the widest circulation, and its only effect would be to damage the credit of this country.

The credit of this country, he said, is as sound as that of any other country, and sounder than most. Mr. Redmond, he continued, was a member of the English Parliament when the Post Office was handed over with a loss of 1½ millions per year, and the Irish Postmaster-General was making a better fist of it than the British made when they controlled. These critics did not appreciate what a remarkable change the Treaty had effected.

Referring to threats uttered by their opponents, he said that they did not think much of them. They would get all the dumped arms in future, and would not allow the Republicans to drill, as their so-called Chief of Staff said they would.

Attendance at the poll, he continued, is a national duty. The irregulars have said that we acted without the will of the people. We want no possible misinterpretation about the will of the people in this election.

Speaking later at Rathvilly, President Cosgrave said that he had not seen any suggestion from these opposed to them of a sounder constructed programme than they had outlined. He regretted that they had not seen fit to join with the rest of Ireland. It was only by learning from the mistakes of the past that they could hope to advance in the future.

REPUBLICAN POLICY.

"TO BENEFIT THE WORKERS."

Several Republican open-air meetings were held in North and South Dublin last night.

Madame Markievicz was among the speakers at Christchurch place, James's street, and Inchicore. She denied that the Republican Party had no real policy. Its policy was one which would benefit the workers; there would be no dealings in capitalistic quarters. The fostering of industries, not personal profit, but for the common good, would be one of the chief aims. There would be no such things as British tobacco trusts coming over to deprive the working man of his right.

"An English system of judicial administration would admit of no chimeras or quibbling points; they would be honest and out. "Didn't you like your Republican minister?" she asked. "Didn't they give you real justice?" "Yes." They would have no Flogging Bills and no Ejectment Bills.

CONNOLLY'S IDEAL.

The development of Ireland on the commonwealth lines indicated by James Connolly would be their primary object. Co-operation between all classes and the payment of living wages to all workers would enable the country to take its proper place in the world.

Following the example set by the Government in reducing the wages of the postal servants, business firms throughout the country had sought to reduce the wages of their employés. This was only one of the many evils wrought by the Free State Government. Were they going to put these people into power again? Had they not had enough of the pro-British, pro-Empire, pro-Castle administration?

BISHOPS CRITICISED.

Mr. O'Mullane deprecated the attitude taken up by the bishops of Ireland. Father Murphy, of '98 Wexford rising, was excommunicated by reason of his activities, and now the bishops held him up as an example of an Irishman inspired with a pure love of his country.

COMMUNIST DOCTRINE.

A meeting at Sheriff street was addressed by Messrs. Liam Paul, James Mitchell, P. J. Reed and Joseph McCabe. Both Mr. McCabe and Mr. Reed declared themselves to be Communists, and they urged unity of Labour and Republicanism to smash the Free State.

Mr. Reed declared that the working class and the employers' class had nothing in common. It could be no longer so long as hunger and want was found among millions of working people.

He described the Free State as capitalistic through and through. Whatever might be being so, it was the electors duty to defeat the Cumann na nGaedheal, Business and Farmers' candidates, who stood for the maintenance of the Free State.

He urged everyone to vote solidly for the Workers' Republican, Republican and Labour candidates.

A meeting at Drumcondra was addressed by Mr. P. J. O'Kelly, Mr. Harry O'Hanrahan and Mr. O'Harte.

The illness of Mr. Thomas Johnson, the leader of the Labour Party, has evoked many inquiries and messages of sympathy. The Labour election campaign in the county is proceeding without interruption.

DUBLIN CORPORATION APPOINTMENTS

Recent Successes gained by pupils of Rosse College, Stephen's Green, Dublin: Standard Clerks (3)—Miss McAssy, Mr. A. Joyce, Mr. A. Murphy; Typists (March)—Misses M. O'Neill, M. Coleman, E. Lightfoot.—(Advt.)

NORTH DUBLIN CONSTITUENCY

Advice to Electors

THE following are the names of the Candidates in the order in which they will appear upon your Ballot Paper next Monday. Consider them carefully before you go to the poll. Put the figure 1 before the name KENNY just as it appears below. Then place the figures 2, 3, 4, and so on, against the other names in the order in which you prefer the Candidates.

BALLOT PAPER

Mark Order of Preference in space below.	NAMES OF CANDIDATES.
	BYRNE, Alderman Alfred.
	CAHILL, Alderman T.
	CLARK, Alderman J. H.
	DALY, P. T.
	HEWAT, William.
	HUGHES, Seumas.
1	**KENNY, Kevin J.**
	LAWLOR, J. J.
	McGARRY, Alderman S.
	McINTYRE, P. F.
	MULCAHY, Richard.
	O'CARROLL, E.
	O'DONOGHUE, D.
	O'DRISCOLL, Mrs. Collins.
	O'HANRAHAN, H.
	O'KELLY, S. T.
	O'MALLEY, E.
	WHELAN, Seumas.

BY placing the figure 1 opposite the name KENNY you will have used your influence as an elector in the best possible advantage.

KEVIN J. KENNY, the business candidate, stands for a policy of efficiency with economy. He stands for straightforward and business-like methods, for the reduction of taxation, and the provision of employment and for peace and good will.

THE ISSUE IN CLARE COUNTY.

STATEMENT BY DR. MacNEILL.

WHY MR. DE VALERA WAS ARRESTED.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

ENNIS, Friday Night.

In a statement issued this evening as a sort of final pre-election message to the electors of Clare, Dr. MacNeill discusses the prospects of his party, and generally reviews the situation as it appears to him to have existed from the start to the close of the campaign in this constituency.

The arrest of Mr. de Valera he describes as the most striking event of the election. "I knew," he says, "that de Valera intended to come to Clare, not as a candidate in an ordinary sense, seeking the suffrage of the electors, but claiming to be the head of a rival Government, seeking, under cover of this election, to secure a free field for the operation of that pretended Government, and thereby to continue in another form the state of anarchy which the militant side of his party failed to maintain during the past year.

"This assertion," he said, "is proved by de Valera's appointment of a deputy head for the same pretended Government before his arrival in Clare, and the position was reflected in the catch-cries of his supporters. It was evident to everyone, as it must have been evident to the outside world, that no Government based on the will of the majority of the people in upholding the rights of national sovereignty, could tolerate for one moment longer than was possible, any attempt of this kind. The great majority of the people of Clare have already recognised that the National Government did the right thing in suppressing this attempt at the first opportunity, and representative men, among the strongest adherents of the Farmers' Union in Clare, said that the Government did right in arresting de Valera.

"I have also learned, in conversation with the same class of men," says Dr. MacNeill, "that they were fully convinced of the necessity, in the national interest, of maintaining the Government and policy of President Cosgrave. Not a few of them have assured me that, while adhering to their own organisation, they will mark their sense of the national crisis by giving me their first preferences."

ANARCHIST HOPES.

Continuing, Dr. MacNeill says that the elements supporting Mr. de Valera could be divided into three parties. One was a small party of extreme Republican doctrinaires. Then there was the section which joined the local faction of Frank Barrett, one of the Die-hard candidates. In some districts that section was mobilised as a result of the military election of a few of their number during the past year. The third, and largest body of so-called Republicans, consist of those who saw some material advantage in a state of anarchy which would save them from discharging their lawful obligations, and would enable them to seize with impunity such property of their neighbours as they might wish to possess. That section might also look to avenge on the National Government, if they could, the punitive measures adopted by the Government during the past year, with the support of the bonest majority of the country.

Dr. MacNeill further asserts that a confused issue has been brought before the people of this constituency. Both the Farmers' Party and the Labour Party, he says, seemed to think that the national crisis had passed, and that the time had arrived when the Irish people were secure in their own country, and could afford to subordinate national to party interests.

The hardest task of the National candidates, he declares, has been to convince many voters that the main issue was to decide the national question of maintaining or throwing away the Treaty. His aim has been to have the election fought on the national issue, pure and simple. During the course of the election the sound and strong opinion of the Clare people had been gradually getting clear. Through the thoughtless and lawless elements at first it was clear that many of the decent people of Clare stood more or less in fear of the intimidatory tactics of the so-called Republicans. Day by day since the situation had changed and the people were raising their voices on behalf of the Free State Government.

It would be useless to form a close estimate of the ultimate result, he thinks, but he ventures to say, from his experience of Irish elections, that the polling day would show an enormous majority in Clare on behalf of stable Government, and the policy of Griffith and Collins.

A CHANGE OF FEELING.

Dr. MacNeill's election committee claim that they have good reason to be optimistic as to the issue of the contest here. They declare that within the past five or six days there has been a noticeable change of feeling in their favour, and that thousands of votes hitherto in the wavering column, had been secure for other interests at the outset, will actually at the polls be recorded for the Treaty candidates. The return of three of their nominees, they say, is the least result that they expect from Monday's voting.

It is to be said, however, that there is one other interest in the field that promises to run the Government candidates very closely in every one. The farmers within the past week have mustered their forces, and intend to make a supreme effort to secure an effective representation for Clare. Judging from the extent of their electioneering activity in the constituency, two of the five seats would be no less than they count upon securing. Always, of course, the fact remains that there are but five seats for distribution, and no room for consistent anticipation all round.

No party is likely to secure more than two seats. It seems certain that the first three candidates to be elected will represent Republican interests—Miss M. Markievicz, Republican, and Cumann na nGaedheal. There is no reason why Labour should not secure one of the remaining two seats, and for the fifth and last one there is every promise of a stern contest between the Cumann na nGaedheal and the Republican nominees. There is, however, always the chance that the unexpected may happen, and the unexpected may well prove to be neither Farmers' candidate.

MANY MEETINGS.

Not since the O'Connell elections, perhaps, have so many meetings been held throughout the county as in the space of the last week. Policies have been expounded and promises had issued in hundred platforms, and it is not the fault of the candidates or their election committees if the electors are not by this time fully conversant with every point put forward by speakers as a reason why they should be strongly supported.

Nearly all parties here pay tribute to the fairness with which the campaign has been conducted.

The President of the Clare Farmers' Association—Colonel O'Callaghan-Westropp—mentioned to me that his party felt bound to acknowledge many little acts of courtesy towards them on the part of the Labour and Republican parties. The Cumann na nGaedheal Party, he said, has found it necessary to make attacks upon us. We are pledged to refrain from personalities ourselves, and they have completely failed to recognise the fact that we are standing as an economic, and not as a political party, and, therefore, have never attached ourselves to or depended upon either side; but we have criticised extravagance, which was within our province.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Meetings were held by the Republican Party in many parts of the constituency yesterday. Speaking at Ruan, Mr. Comyn, K.C., said that Professor MacNeill within the past week had gone outside the county to get people to return a strong Government. During the past twelve months they had what was called a strong Government, but their strength had been the strength of the epileptic. It was what in Clare they called the strength of two wheat in Clare they called the strength of two wheat in Clare they called it, but now that the epileptic fit was past they were left prostrate and incompetent.

The two Labour candidates also held many meetings during the day. They again outlined their proposals for the solution of the housing and unemployment problems, and commented on the failure of the other parties to put before the electors a practical programme for the utilisation of waterpower, to which so many people in the constituency depended for a livelihood.

A meeting of representatives of Cumann na nGaedheal Organisation Committees took place in the county Courthouse, Ennis, to-day. Dr. MacNeill being present. Arrangements in connection with polling, etc., were made.

BUSINESS MEN'S MEETING.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 4.)

the Dail to take the proper steps for the general welfare of the people as a whole. Speaking of the Irish language, Mr. Barry said that he was out against compulsion in any form, and he was against making the native language compulsory. The time the sentimentalities had gone by when a man's suitability for a job was unchallenged.

PARTITION.

Mr. Barry went on to speak of partition, and said that Ireland was never meant to be cut in two. (Applause.) He detested and abhorred the division that existed between the six counties in Northern Ireland and the twenty-six counties comprising the Irish Free State. He knew the North of Ireland people well, and he said that there would be no union between the North and South until Southern Ireland could show that its representatives in both Houses of Parliament were men of honour; that they had clean hands, and that they meant to pursue in the future, in the two legislative spheres—in the Dail and in the Senate—legislation which would be for the betterment of Ireland, for the peace of Ireland, and for the security of Ireland, and that they would give justice and fair play to every man, woman and child in the twenty-six counties. The work of the Irish people, if elected, and their ideal would be to create such a Parliament in Dublin as would prove to the world, and not only to the North of Ireland, that they were fit to govern without prejudice, without fear and without favour. (Applause.) When they reached that state of affairs, then, he said, the day of union between Northern Ireland and the South was not far distant. It would be the aim of the business candidates to bring that union nearer than it was that day. (Applause.)

MR. GOOD.

Mr. John Good, who was cordially received, apologised for having troubled the ladies to come out to hear the candidates, and explained why it was impossible to canvass the constituency. He asked the assistance of the hearers in regard to securing the attendance at the polls of electors who were at present absent on holidays, and also in the matter of the provision of motor cars to bring in distant voters. Mr. Barry and he were plain business men and not politicians. They came forward as business men anxious to be elected to help and assist in the proper government of their country. They stood for the Treaty, for law and order and contentment, and for good and efficient government in Ireland. (Applause.) Some might say that the Government candidates stood for the same ideal and ask what's behind them that they should vote than they. His answer was this—that the last Dail had to deal with one particular question almost entirely, and that was the matter of establishing peace and contentment in Ireland; but the new Dail would have different problems to deal with. Since 1916 Ireland had been seriously disturbed, and during the seven intervening years industry had been seriously upset. A great many of their industries had had to close down, and the first problem that would confront the new Dail would be to return to the old industries of industry and the many issues arising out of that big question.

Industry was the problem that business men were dealing with. Mr. Barry and he had been engaged in connection with business problems for nearly a quarter of a century, so that they felt that they had some experience in dealing with problems of that nature. The problems that would confront the new Dail would be business problems, which in the ordinary way should be dealt with by business men, and he asked the electors to send business men to the Dail so that with his business men who had the experience, qualification and judgment gained by years of experience that was not given to those who were the supporters of the Government. In all matters concerning good government, in all matters that they felt were for the good of the country, the Government could rely on the whole-hearted support of the business candidates.

THE NEW DAIL.

Mr. Good gave his audience the assurance that the high cost of living, high taxation and high rates, for which the Government, and not the Local Authorities, were responsible, would be matters in which the business candidates would see that the Government departments did their duty. They were starting practically a new Ireland. The new Dail would lay the foundations of that new Ireland, and it was necessary that those foundations should be well and properly laid in order that the superstructure which was to be built upon them might be one that was in the best interests of Ireland. (Applause.) He hoped that each one would see that he and she did his and her duty on the day of the poll. (Applause.)

A lady in the audience said that she had read in the papers that the public-houses were not to be closed on Monday, and she would like the candidates to express their opinion on that. People would be excited enough, and she suggested that the candidates should try to have the public-houses closed on polling day.

Mr. Good said that he agreed with the lady, but the matter was one outside the power of the candidates. The order concerning the public holiday, which was made by the Government general on the advice of the Government, laid down the conditions. He would like to see the public-houses closed on Monday, but as the proclamation had now been issued it was too late for the candidates to do anything in the matter.

THE NEED OF BUSINESS MEN.

Miss Buchanan said that she thought that there was no need to emphasise the necessity for the return of the business candidates; but what they had to do now was to see how they could help in furthering their aim. They were perfectly convinced that Mr. Good and Mr. Barry would go in at the top of the poll. (Applause.) What could every elector do to put them in at the head of the poll? There was a movement in the North of Ireland some years ago called "Catch-My-Pal," in which a person with some promising case got a pal for the movement. That was what everyone there must do in connection with this election. They could hardly believe the appalling apathy of some of those who had votes and would not take the trouble to use them. They had the indifferent and the careless voter to deal with, and she urged her hearers to do all in their power to influence such voters, and to encourage them to use their votes in the right way. They wanted a strong Government that would back the Treaty and stand by it, and they wanted in that Government, above all, business men of experience, and men who knew what it was to deal with big questions of finance. For many years she was a Poor Law Guardian, and was ashamed of the way that expenditure kept increasing. But how could a person possibly know how to deal with enormous questions of finance when they had no experience of dealing with them in their own business? Those who were in the Dail were dealing with the money of the people, and it was the duty of the electors to support particular men, such as President Cosgrave, Mr. O'Higgins, and one or two others who had done such splendid work; and business men such as the candidates. Although they had only four or five business men, if they were returned, they would make a tremendous difference in the new Dail. The influence that the four men from Trinity College had on the Dail was very remarkable. (Applause.) Their influence was out of all proportion to their number, but it had always been the same with men of education, no matter what the numbers were. Everyone should make out a list before going to the poll, and, referring to the manner of voting, Miss Buchanan suggested that Major Bryan Cooper should also get a vote for the sake of old times.

VOTE OF THANKS.

Mr. Barry proposed a vote of thanks to Lady Arnott, and said that his regret was that they had not arranged that ladies should be chairmen of all their meetings.

Mr. Good, who seconded the vote of thanks, said that Dublin was very proud of Lady Arnott—(applause)—and, as one who tried to do a little bit of work on behalf of the city, he wished that they had many more Lady Arnotts in Dublin. (Applause.) Lady Arnott, as they knew, was one of the few Dames of the British Empire, and if he might transform those letters he would say D.B.E.—Duty Before Everything. (Applause.) That was what had brought Lady Arnott there—to try to rally the ladies amongst the electors of the constituency, and make them realise their responsibility. (Applause.)

The vote of thanks was cordially passed.

Lady Arnott, in acknowledgment, said that she considered it an honour to be asked to take the chair at a meeting held by such men as Mr. Good and Mr. Barry, whom, in the old days, they would have called two of their merchant princes in Dublin. With a love of their country, they would bring their expert knowledge and splendid business capacity to try to solve the industrial problems of Ireland, and the electors were determined to do all they could to get them returned on Monday next. (Applause.)

The meeting then concluded.

BLACKROCK MEETING.

CONFIDENCE IN BUSINESS MEN.

Presided over by Mr. William Findlater, M.A., a meeting in support of Messrs. David Barry and John Good was held in the Town Hall, Blackrock, County Dublin, last night.

THE CHAIRMAN.

The Chairman said that their candidates intended, if elected, to give a great deal of time to the interests of their country in the Dail. Someone had told him that they were glad to see that he was taking an interest in politics. If there was anything political about that meeting he would not be there. There was no political issue before the country at present. It was a question of the future of the country in which they were all interested. He thought that the five business candidates put forward would be of tremendous use in the new Parliament. Dublin University had four men who had watched every item before the Dail, and exercised a powerful influence on the proceedings of the house. No matter who represented Ireland generally they must have the nucleus of a business men's party. Finance would be one of the great questions of the future, and they could not get better men to represent them than these candidates. They would act as a brake on fantastic legislation. They wanted not only practical men, but men with big vision.

In looking through their programme it would be seen that they were out to reduce taxation. The question of housing had also to be considered. Likewise the cost of living and efficient government. With regard to the North, it was hoped that they would see Ireland one and undivided in the future. They had a hard, long-headed people in the North of Ireland, who would not come into Ireland for sentimental reasons. There was no doubt that as long as postal services were more costly in the 26 counties than in the Six Counties. The people of the Six Counties would not be willing to cross the border. The housing problem was a big one, and for this they could not have a better man than Mr. Good. In connection with the cattle trade they would have a good representative in Mr. Barry, who wanted to make Dublin the chief port of the country.

STRONG AND EFFICIENT.

Mr. John Good, who was heartily received, said that, although their class had been referred to as "business men," they stood for strong and good government. Strong government in order to ensure peace in Ireland; efficient government in order to secure economy in expenditure in the various departments of State. Some voters had asked why they should support business candidates in preference to others with similar programmes. There were a few reasons that occurred to him. The Business candidates, if returned, would go to the Dail with the determination to stop waste; to reduce taxation, which was almost a ruinous burden on industry at present. They were going to have legislature in all public departments was carefully scrutinised. They would see that the various departments in the new Government were not overstaffed; that there were no "cushy" jobs for "Pats" and that officials of long service were not passed over. He had heard that there was something equivalent to alarm in some departments lest the Business candidates should be returned to the Dail. He knew whether any colour could be given to that fear by the view expressed by Mr. Kevin O'Higgins, that when electors had voted for Government candidates they should give votes to others. He (Mr. Good) thought that they decided to go forward as Business candidates the Government were prepared to welcome them and give them a measure of support. It looked as if their policy did not appeal to the officials of the Government, and that they were not going to get support from Government supporters. If Ireland was to pay the 50 millions which she was faced with in the immediate future, the only way to discharge the liability of 20 millions which had been borrowed in order to balance the Budget—if she was to discharge these liabilities it was essential in the national interest that there should be the strictest economy in all departments of the new Government.

On the question of housing he could speak with experience. The problem was in connection with that were not simply structural. They were largely, at the moment, economic. One of the most satisfactory solutions of certain existing troubles was that which was done by private enterprise. This could not be done until housing was on an economic basis. Until housing could be reduced to an economic basis it would be necessary for the State to step in. The ideal State, or Free State, to come to the rescue and spend money in order that houses might be provided for those who needed them. But while such solutions prevailed, it should be the policy of the Government to provide housing for the many, rather than the few. Small houses to let at a rent that the people who would occupy them could afford to pay. He knew what the Labour Pilot-holders, he said, would have every support from business men, but if land was required for housing or for factories they would have to get it in the way. They were now living in the days of the Irish Land Act, and wanted it properly laid in order that they might build up a prosperous and contented country.

THE PREMIER INDUSTRY.

Mr. David Barry, who was also well received, said that the business men were going forward as the result of pressure from a large section of the community. In the past the business men had not been properly represented in a very inadequate manner. Mr. O'Higgins had stated that he was anxious to see all classes represented, free and unfettered. He took Mr. O'Higgins at his word, and thought that each class should be represented. He was an agricultural as well as a business man, and was in a position to look after the premier industry of this country, for, after all, it was purely an agricultural country. Mr. Barry said he did not like the expression "dumped arms," and three, as they existed to-day, were very stern realities. Last year 3½ millions had to be borrowed to meet expenditure, and for the current year 20 millions would require to be borrowed to meet expenditure. In the old days they were told that Irishmen could run the country for much less than it cost the British Government, and a Commission was appointed which showed that Ireland was overtaxed by about 3 millions a year. Nothing good had shown then what the cost of government actually was. Where was it leading to? Could any householder or any business man live with a deficit at the end of every year? He said no.

He felt that they could do something to stabilise conditions, to bring good government, and to secure contentment. He had never asked for anything but fair play for every man, woman, and child in the country. They all wanted to get a united Ireland. Ireland was never created to be divided by man. They could obtain a united Ireland in a reasonable time if they would use common-sense in the South. They would never have peace in a real sense until they had a united Ireland. The first essential was fair, firm government. They aimed at that. They stood five square in strong support of the Government in upholding law and order. In doing this the Government would have no stronger supporters than they. But they would watch legislation, and see fair play given to all classes. (Applause.)

A vote of confidence in the candidates brought the meeting to a close.

WHITE CITY CARNIVAL ENDS.

The White City Carnival, at Rathmines, Dublin, came to an end last night, when the assistants held a dance, and Dr. Andrew Charles, of the City of Dublin Skin and Cancer Hospital, in aid of the funds of which the fete was organised, expressed thanks.

The Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association has passed a resolution pledging support to the Free State Government candidates. The meeting at which the resolution was passed hoped that the trade would take that notification as official.

The following candidates for the North Dublin City are in favour of the re-opening of the Flagstaff road Post Office—Alderman A. Byrne, Alderman J. Hubbard Clark, Mr. Kevin J. Kenny, the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates, and the Sinn Fein candidates.

A long procession of motor cars, with posters, "Darrell Figgis for County Dublin," paraded Dublin yesterday.

A number of candidates in reply to a questionnaire from the Irish Nurses' and Widows' Union, have expressed themselves in favour of the establishment of a Ministry of Health, decent conditions of work, and adequate payment for all nurses in the Public Service.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Price 1s. Sold by all Chemists and Stores; or post free from Proprietors, Martin, Chemists, Southampton.—(Advt.)

MAJOR COOPER'S CANDIDATURE.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 5.)

voted against the Union. It gave him great pleasure now to support Major Bryan Cooper for the sake of his family and its traditions, as well as for his own sake. He had a good deal of administrative experience, and he (Senator Yeats) regarded him as just the sort of man who would be exceedingly useful to the country in the immediate future.

The old Ireland was dead—an Ireland that had its own idealism, its own principles, its own sentiments, which produced some good oratory and much self-sacrifice. He knew the virtues of that Ireland, and its faults, and he was glad that it had passed away. A new Ireland was beginning, with a new idealism—an idealism of power, patience, and economy. They who were on that platform could speak more frankly of the financial situation of the country than the Government. The Government had a great responsibility; if they spoke out plainly they might, perhaps, injure the national credit. Major Bryan Cooper had told them of the heavy deficit of something like £20,000,000, £10,000,000 of which was, he thought, spent on the Army. Every country had at one time or other to meet exceptional expenditure and every country met that burden by borrowing, and it was right that they should. £10,000,000 of the deficit would largely be paid in respect of compensation for destruction.

RECURRING EXPENDITURE.

What was far more serious was recurring expenditure. The Army would always cost £5,000,000 or £6,000,000. That was what the Army of Canada cost, and he thought that it would be quite enough for the country. The Civic Guard cost nearly twice as much per man as the old police force, and the Post Office was more than £1,000,000 short. He believed that future generations would be engaged in a fight, but on the new lines waged by generations that were gone. But the struggle of future generations would not be to win political independence, but to win financial independence. A man might have all the political independence that he ever dreamt of, and yet have no freedom if he had an immense overdraft at the bank. (Applause.) They would have to teach their young men to learn to be patient, and to be economical if they were to reduce expenditure and to increase income. They had to make the nation overflowing with activity, to make it rich and prosperous, and the future was theirs. They had to nurture credit, to advance it beyond where it was, and he believed that would be accomplished. He was perfectly satisfied that it would be done when he looked back on Ireland's past, when he thought of the innumerable number of leaders of men Ireland had produced. (Applause.) It had produced agile minds and strong wills, and he believed that it would grasp the opportunity of patience and sacrifice—the ideal of the new Ireland. (Applause.)

If they would devote themselves to those ideals, then their troubles would soon pass away. Ulstermen would then be very glad to unite themselves with the rest of Ireland. They would need no eloquent appeals to them, because they would have the necessary magnet to attract it. When the nation was prosperous and the population 5,000,000 it would be honoured and courted, and could obtain any liberty or any powers that it considered necessary to its existence. (Applause.)

CAPTAIN GWYNN.

Captain Stephen Gwynn said that the meeting was the most extraordinary political gathering that he was ever at in his life. He found himself there in support of a candidate who was also a candidate there many years ago. At that time he did his best against Major Bryan Cooper; now he was doing his best for him. (Laughter and applause. He never expected to find himself on a platform with Senator Yeats—in fact, to tell the honest truth, he never expected to find himself in Senator Jameson. But he was proud to see him on that platform, because he knew him all his life, and regarded him as the most brilliant poet of his time—perhaps the most considerable intellect in Ireland. (Applause.) Having heard him make his first political speech about public finance, he had come to realise that he had certain definite ideas and was anxious to put them. On his right was Senator Andrew Jameson, and it was not the first time that they had been associated in politics. They were political opponents in one time, though they had never come into collision. They had worked together for the best part of 5 years at the Irish Convention, in collaboration with a great Irishman—John Redmond. (Applause.) They did not always unite in their views, and the troubles that they saw were coming and that more than any other man, John Redmond saw were coming. They did their best to avoid them, but failed. He was there that day to say that the best still was to bring Ireland together, and in furtherance of that desire he was there to support Major Bryan Cooper. (Applause.)

The unity of Ireland, peace, order and contentment would be worth working for, worth praying for, and, above all, worth voting for. (Applause.) Major Cooper and he were in the same regiment—the Connaught Rangers. (Applause.) They were both now, for a time, while he and Major Cooper lived they would not be forgotten. (Applause.) It was a regimental tie between himself and Major Cooper; a tie amongst men who came from the one county, who knew what war was; who shared hardships and discomforts of war with their men. There were people in the election campaign who talked about the needs of ex-Servicemen, but the case of the ex-Servicemen would be represented and fought out by a soldier. (Applause.) And one of Major Bryan Cooper's nomination papers, it might be noted, was signed by Mr. Walker, Chairman of the Legion of ex-Servicemen. (Applause.) In the last Dail there was a Ministry which was perfectly fair, and he had nothing to say against the men who composed it. But they could not expect more from them than fair play. He wanted more than fair play; he wanted favour. (Applause.) There was a settlement at Killester which looked very fine, and though it was a beginning it was not everything.

THE NEW IRELAND.

In Ireland, Captain Gwynn continued, they had attained all the freedom that was any use to them. What they needed now was unity, not only in the twenty-six counties, but for the thirty-two counties. If they got the whole of Ireland solid in any demand on the British Empire—even to go out of that Empire—it would be conceded. But there must be united Ireland, though he did not say that he contemplated the demand that he had mentioned with favour, because he did not believe that Ireland would be united on such a demand. Why were they to unite Ireland? He had been a good deal in Ulster—his father belonged to an old Ulster stock—and since the war he was a better friend of Ulster than before the war. He knew that the Belfast people were watching very closely what was happening in the rest of Ireland. Many business men recognised that the present arrangement was bad for them; but they did not trust the assembly in Southern Ireland, and would not like to take part in the show of Government they were putting up. He did not blame them. They were still watching the type of men who would be put into the new Dail. Major Bryan Cooper was a trained man not only in Parliamentary but in administrative affairs. He would be an acquisition in the new assembly, and voters should not fail to give him their votes on Monday. (Applause.)

SENATOR JAMESON.

Senator the Right Hon. Andrew Jameson, who got a very hearty reception, said that while they were sitting together before the meeting he said to Mr. Yeats and Mr. Gwynn that as they would speak before him he would probably have to scrap his notes. Senator Yeats had proved the absolute truth of that. He did not think—and he had a good deal of experience in financial affairs—that he had ever heard a clearer statement of the present financial condition of affairs in Ireland; and the means to remedy them, than Senator Yeats had given them. (Applause.) He could say something for their candidate—Major Bryan Cooper. It was rather strange that three Sligo men should be on the same platform that night. Major Cooper was a Sligo man of long standing. They all knew how Senator Yeats himself was connected with everything that was beautiful in Sligo. He himself was also, in a way, a humble citizen of Sligo, and therefore he could speak to them from personal friendship and knowledge of what an excellent candidate they had got in Major Cooper. (Applause.) It was a difficult position undoubtedly to stand as an independent candidate in the present state of affairs in Ireland, and Major Cooper, luckily for himself and for the constituency which he hoped to represent, was peculiarly fitted to fill that difficult position. Major Cooper did not oppose the Government; and was in no way antagonistic to the Government, and was a supporter of the Government. If he were not, he (Mr. Jameson) would not be on his platform. (Applause.) What Major Cooper did offer was genuine, solid, intelligent support to the Government in all their great measures for Ireland; what he did offer also was intelligent criticism wherever he thought the Government was going wrong. (Applause.) That was the very class of independent candidate they should get to represent them.

Major Cooper was also one of those Irishmen who could easily leave Ireland. His men who could easily leave Ireland. means could afford to do it, and join a good many who was sorry to say—of those who had left the country. They did not like the way that things went, so they went away. Some, he was sorry to say, went because they had to go, and they knew the difficulties of these people, but there were others who were gone who might be standing shoulder to shoulder with them that night. The Major was not one of those. He had decided to come back to them, to give what talents he had got to help on that Free State which they were ordinary citizens. (Applause.) He thought that as a body of electors they ought to look seriously at what was before them next Monday. That they would be doing their duty by putting in Major Cooper in the next Dail he thought no one who had watched what had gone on that evening would doubt. That was the opinion of every man and every woman in that hall. (Applause.)

THE GOVERNMENT'S BACKING.

But they had to think of a good many other things as well as what struck him as being the one great essential before the whole of the citizens of the Irish Free State just now was this. They had at present got a Government that had brought them from chaos to order. They had got a Government that had faced the most enormous difficulties which probably ever faced men trying to pull the country together. They would not be talking together that night with the freedom which they had if the Government and these men had not stood to their guns. (Great applause.) Now, first and foremost, and he knew that he spoke for Major Cooper when he said that it was their duty to take care that the Government came back with a good backing—(applause)—a good backing of the sort of men like Major Cooper, men of intellect, men not subservient to anyone; men free, and peculiarly free, as Major Cooper was, from all differences of industry and labour. (Applause.) These were Major Cooper's qualifications. What were their qualifications as electors, and what were they going to do? That was a thing that every citizen of the State should have before himself and herself on Monday. He could hear some of his friends saying that they were going to have a holiday to play golf. Others said that they did not know where the register was, and therefore, because they were not looked up they would not vote. Could they imagine a candidate looking after 100,000 electors? That the electors had got to do—not only to know where they were to be registered, but to register them, and to take every man and woman that they could get hold of and take them there. (Applause.)

They had referred to the Major Cooper said few things, and the speaker absolutely agreed with him. He said that the past ought to be past. That was his philosophy in life. He believed in looking to the future, and Major Cooper also said that he did not believe in making promises that he was not sure he could carry out. They heard no promises from that platform, but what Major Cooper said that he would do was a word against his political opponents. Against political opponents in ordinary life that was quite right, but they had had other opponents in Ireland within the last year. Crime, in the matter by which it was committed. A member of the National Army had been convicted of robbery under arms and had been sentenced to ten years' penal servitude and fifteen strokes of the lash. They were determined to crush anarchy and crime, whether it came from de Valera's quarter or any other. Mr. O'Higgins referred to the North-East boundary problem, and asked if his hearers were sure Dalkey Nationalists, had been six-county Orangemen, would they during the past twelve months have been attracted to come in. (Cries of "No.") In January, February and March last year there was in the North-East a marked desire for Irish unity until Mr. de Valera started his antics. That set-back would be changed when these people saw that there was security for life and property, and trade, and that the writ of the Government ran in every square mile of the territory. They must bring about a situation in which they could all think in terms of their own country and not of any other. (Applause.)

LABOUR MEETING AT BLACKROCK.

"We stand for peace and work, a better system of education and housing, high wages, the solution of the unemployment problem, the development of the resources of the country, and a free and equal opportunity for everybody," said Mr. P. T. Kavanagh (Labour Party candidate) at Blackrock last night. He described the present system of education as one of the worst in existence. He believed that now, for the Labour movement believed that the child of the worker should have an equal opportunity with the child of every other class in the country. What chance, he asked, had the child of the worker in Ireland to attain to any success in life?

He referred to the "turning down" by the Government of the recommendations of the Reconstruction Commission, and said that at the present moment there were 46,000 out on employment, which meant that there were about 100,000 people on the verge of starvation. What they wanted was not the dole, but work.

Dr. Conway, Blackrock, referring to the work of Mr. Thomas Johnson, said that he had been the greatest help to Mr. Cosgrave's Ministry that Mr. Cosgrave could wish for.

In forming a policy for the election parties, he said that the farmers had proved themselves the most selfish party in the whole nation. Why did the business men want to come out? It was simply capital against labour, and they were surely ready to cast out against labour.

In a war emergency they did not consider the spending of millions, and in such an emergency the Labour Party would side with the Government. There was at present a housing emergency, and little children were dying by the hour. They held that the Government should regard the housing emergency as being as urgent as that of war, and should stump up millions—three, four, or ten, or whatever it cost.

He thought that President Cosgrave deserved the thanks of every man, woman and child in Ireland, but they would stand for Labour after that, as they had given the greatest help that any party could give a Government.

THE PEOPLE'S RIGHT.

MR. O'HIGGINS AND THE TREATY.

On behalf of the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates for County Dublin, Messrs. Kevin O'Higgins and B. O'Connor held meetings at Ballybrack and Dalkey. The meetings were characterised by marked enthusiasm in favour of the supporters of the Government.

Speaking in Dalkey Mr. O'Higgins said that the people had the right to accept or reject the Treaty, but no one had the right to dictate to the people with bomb, revolver, or petrol can. The Government would put down, by any matter by which it was committed.

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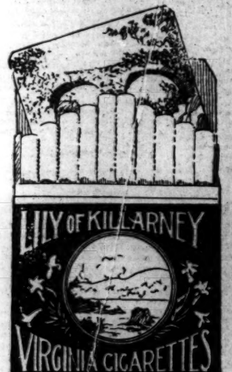

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THE WICKLOW HILLS.

An Irish Journey.

(BY J. S. COLLIS.)

IT is not good to attach a sentimental interest to any place in England, town or country. Every year some beauty spot is destroyed by the timber merchant; some historic building obliterated by the "restorer," or some quiet valley at last invaded by the tripper and the char-a-banc.

Ireland is more lucky in this way. The countryside is not so "up-to-date," and, therefore, has retained its natural beauty, while its familiar spots remain unchanged.

This is especially the case as regards the Wicklow Mountains. You may go away for years, and then come back and retrace your steps along your favourite route, only to find everything as exactly as before that the years between seem but as a watch in the night. The lake on your right, the familiar tree on your left, have not altered: the one is as black, the other as solitary, as when last you went by.

Such, anyway, must be the experience of anyone whose favourite bicycle ride covers the country from Bray to the Scalp and to Enniskerry, and from thence up to Lough Bray, over the Sally-gap, past Lough Taye, and thus back home behind the Big Sugar Loaf across Calary Common.

When I retraced my way over that ground the other day it seemed as if time meant nothing there. All was precisely the same as before; nothing had been added, and nothing had been taken away. The cottages above Enniskerry were as white outside and as dirty inside as ever. The Reformatory for boys still stained the valley below Lough Bray. The wind, as usual, was blowing violently, causing white foam to mix with the black waves of the lake. The road leading towards the Sally-gap was as deserted, as melancholy, as deadly, as depressing, and as beautiful as it has always been.

Once the solitude was broken. As I rode along the above-mentioned road, with bogs on each side and mountains all around, I came across a solitary figure sitting by the wayside playing upon a flute. Such a sight and such a sound were all that was necessary to make my Irish ride as Irish as could be. I do not know what tune it was he played, but, no doubt, it was some simple piece, calling up visions of old unhappy far off things and battles long ago.

It is only a short distance after the Sally-gap that one is able to look down upon Lough Taye—that is, look down upon a black, forbidding fluid, approached on one side by exceptionally green grass, and margined on the other by as stern and grey a cliff as ever frowned upon a lake. The black Irish lakes are, indeed, a remarkable contrast to the blueness of Geneva or the greenness of Lucerne. It is as if some great giant had once poured his ink into the hollows of the land.

Before I left Lough Taye the sun departed, clouds came, and rain poured. That is how I wish always to see Lough Taye. That is how I wish always to see the Wicklow Mountains. It is then that the sadness in their colour and the melancholy in the shadows which they cast is most symbolic of Ireland's past, and most prophetic of her future.

There is no false rhetoric in this talk about the sadness and the symbolism of the Irish hills. The feeling is too common to be dismissed. It is there. It is in the air. It affects all who live in the country. So, if you wish to understand the Irish, go alone over the mountains upon a stormy day. Go alone, when all is deserted, when not even a piper is to be heard by this wayside, or a drinkard to be found in a ditch, and you will begin to understand why it is that most Irishmen want to leave Ireland, and, having left her, want to get back again; why it is that "all her wars are many, and all her songs are sad."

AUCTION BRIDGE.

(CONDUCTED BY "PALOMAR.")

Competition No. 7. Prize, £2 2s. 0d.

1. The prize will be awarded to the competitor who sends in the play of the hand below equal or nearest to the rendering of "Palomar," who will give reasons for any special features.

2. One side only of a sheet of paper must be used.

3. All entries must be addressed to "Palomar," *Irish Times*, Dublin, and must arrive not later than the first post on next Friday.

4. "Palomar's" decision on all points shall be considered as final, and no correspondence will be entered into on the subject of the competition.

5. All entries must be accompanied by this article, which should be cut out.

SCORE—LOVE ALL.

A and B are partners against Y and Z. "z" is always the dealer, and "A" is on his left. Play the hand as if only Dummy's was exposed.

	Sp. J 8 7 6 5 H. A 10 D. 8 5 3 Cl. 10 5 4	
Sp. K Q 8 3 H. K Q 5 D. 4 Cl. 7 5 3 2	Z.	Sp. A 10 4 H. 8 6 2 D. Q J 10 8 4 Cl. 9 8
	Sp. 3 H. J 9 7 4 3 D. A 7 6 3 Cl. K Q 7	

BIDDING.	Z.	A.	Y.	B.
	No-tramp.	No.	No.	No.
TRICKS.				
A and B.		Y and Z		

PLEASE NOTE.—The letter denoting player who commences the game is always placed first; then, if, say, "S" made the final declaration, the letters would run BZAY. Number each trick in rotation, and place a small star on the right-hand side of each winning card, just above it (a carefully drawn line underneath will do equally well), the next lead commencing below it.

Correct Calls as decided by "Palomar."

PROBLEM NO. 1.—Answer—Double. This kind of double is very useful, because it clearly differentiates hands that assist on an ability to ruff from hands that contain good cards outside partner's suits, and, in particular, one stopper, at least, in the suit led by the adversaries.

PROBLEM NO. 2.—Answer—No, and thank your lucky stars. Why should it be "A's" business to tempt "2" to something further? Suppose he holds H.—A 7 6. C.—6. Dm.—K J 9 6 4 3. Sp.—K Q 4, it would be most ill-advised to "tempt" him to diamonds.

PROBLEM NO. 3.—Answer—Two Hearts. It is a large order; to win the game in Diamonds or Clubs. Therefore, one's partner should always overcall with Spades or Hearts if in a position to do so.

PROBLEM NO. 4.—Answer—No. This decision may come as a surprise to some, and yet, in my opinion, it should be done as a matter of principle—regretfully, perhaps, but firmly. Diamonds will be a good secondary call, but not an initial one.

PROBLEM NO. 5.—Answer—Double. This is understood by his partner, or ought to be. If all you are afraid of is that suit, I can take care of it." (The mistake of many players is going into two No-trumps, instead of doubling.)

PROBLEM NO. 6.—Answer—No. This is a situation in which it is imperative to make no declaration, though it is the most difficult thing to prevent the inexperienced player from doing so. You have an admirable chance of defeating the No-trump call. Therefore your best policy is to pass.

RESULT OF COMPETITION NO. 6.
PRIZE £1 1/-.

We have pleasure in announcing that the winner of Competition No. 6 is Mr. A. Woods, of Ballykelly, Drinagh, Co. Wexford.

THE PLAY.

Tricks.	Y.	B.	A.
1.	K D.	5 D.	2 D.
2.	7 D.	6 D.	8 D.
3.	A D.	10 D.	3 Cl.
4.	Q D.	A Cl.	3 Sp.
5.	9 D.	4 Cl.	8 H.
6.	10 H.	7 H.	9 H.
7.	K Cl.	8 H.	4 Cl.
8	4 Sp.	10 Sp.	5 Cl.

Tricks 9 to 13. "A" makes the four established Clubs and Dummy makes the King of Spades.

A and B, 7; Y and Z, 6.

"Y" having the lead, with an excellent chance of defeating the call if he holds his tongue, and no reasonable chance of achieving anything in Diamonds unless he first forces "Z" to win and so over-lead. The interesting situation is this: hand arises at Trick 8. It is very improbable that the King of Clubs is sterile, and the declarer sees his only chance of fulfilling his contract is to try and establish his Clubs, and, finding "Y" holding not more than two Hearts, as well as the King of Clubs. Assuming then, that distribution, if Dummy here discards a losing Heart or Spade, "Y" defeats the contract by taking out the Ace of Hearts at Trick 8 or 9—for "Z" is wise not only the Ace of Spades with which to put back the lead into his own hand, and not established and bring in the Clubs. But, on the same assumption, by discarding the Ace of Clubs the declarer will defeat his contract, as matters now stand.

COMPETITION NO. 6.

We regret that none of the competitors succeeded in answering more than three of the questions correctly. Palomar, therefore, has decided to withhold the prize.

PIUS VII.

A Firm Friend of England.

(BY NORMAN ACKLAND.)

PIUS VII., who died a hundred years ago this week, was not a great Pope. He could not have pulled down Emperors and set them up again; like Innocent III., nor forced unpopular reforms upon the clergy like Hildebrand, but his patient firmness when opposed by one of the greatest despots of all time, his benevolence, meekness, loving kindness and forgiveness, have caused him to be remembered as one of the most engaging figures of the last century.

"It is not strange," says Macaulay, writing of the desire of the Revolution to destroy Catholicism, the invasion of the Papal States, and the death of Pius VI. in exile, "that in the year 1799 even sagacious observers should have thought that at length the hour of the Church of Rome had come."

The next year Pius VII., a simple Benedictine monk, was elected to the Chair of St. Peter. He was the son of Count Scipione Chiaramonti, and was born at Cesena on August 14, 1740. At the age of sixteen he entered the Benedictine Abbey of St. Maria del Monte, after some years becoming Public Professor in the college of his Order, and later on Bishop of Imola. He was created Cardinal in 1785.

Under Napoleon.

When Pius VII. entered Rome on July 3, 1800, the French were masters of Italy. Napoleon, who regarded religion "not as the mystery of the Incarnation, but as the secret of social order," considered the clergy as an indispensable auxiliary of power. To win them over he submitted a proposal for the re-establishment of the Catholic religion in France to the Pope on June 25, 1801. The Pope's Secretary of State, Cardinal Consalvi, a brilliant diplomatist, was sent to Paris to negotiate with the First Consul. He was graciously received at the Tuileries, and tells in his memoirs of his battle of wits with Napoleon. On September 10 the "Concordat" was signed, binding the Church to every French Government until 1905.

On Easter Day, 1802, this *mariage de convenance* was published, and High Mass was celebrated in Notre Dame, in honour of the agreement. Napoleon had won a diplomatic victory, and Napoleon had been able to overcome the resistance from his ministers, the constitutional clergy, and from free-thinkers—"the Revolution had gone to Mass." Pius VII. forgave Napoleon much of the ill-treatment he suffered at his hands for this "saving act of Christian charity."

Pius VII. came to Paris two and a half years later, and in Notre Dame, Napoleon, accompanied by his wife, Josephine, and surrounded by the great bodies of the State and the dignitaries of the Church, was consecrated Emperor of the French by the Sovereign Pontiff on 2nd December, 1804. Napoleon wished to make the Pope a mere formal instrument, such as the sycophantic Ministers who obeyed him in everything. But he presumed too much on the meekness of Pius VII. His Holiness refused the Emperor's request to close his ports to the English, whom he had always regarded as his friends, and in February, 1808, Rome was occupied by French troops.

On June 6, 1809, Pius VII. was dragged from the Vatican and, with Cardinal Pacca as his only companion, was driven to Florence in a closed carriage. For nearly five years he was kept in close confinement at Savona and Fontainebleau. There is not likely to be much truth, however, in the stories that were circulated about the Emperor's personal rudeness towards the Apostolic prisoner during an interview.

The Italian biographer of Pius VII., who published his work two years after the Pope's death, was acquainted with many who had heard his own narrative of his sufferings, gives a different account of the conclusion of the interview, though not partial towards the Emperor. When the Pope firmly declared that he would undergo anything rather than consent to what was demanded, Napoleon embraced him and said: "Had I been in your place I would have done the same."

The Hundred Days.

When the Allies advanced on Paris in 1814 the Pontiff was set free. On May 24, 1814, he returned, with triumph, where Spanish and Sardinian Sovereigns awaited him. During the Hundred Days he retired before Murat to Genoa; but on June 17, 1815, he made his last entrance into his capital.

When Napoleon died in 1822, the Pope, whom he had so deeply injured, lamented him with tears. A little more than a year afterwards, August 20, 1823, Pius VII. passed away.

In spite of its vicissitudes, the reign of Pius VII. was not unpropitious for art, principally owing to the genius of the sculptor, Canova, who was a friend of the Pope's. The English Government paid the expenses of Canova's journey from the Louvre to the Vatican with the recovered art treasures that had been looted by Napoleon. Pius VII., though not a man of letters, made several valuable additions to the Vatican Library.

The re-establishment of the English College in Rome was one of the Pontiff's last administrative acts.

A HORTICULTURIST.

(BY "M.")

MICK is not at all fond of gardening. He is not one of those people who find delight in kneeling on the damp ground in order to weed a bed, or who revel in the feel of the good brown clay underneath their finger nails.

Mick can just tolerate a garden sensibly filled with potatoes and cabbage, and only needing the addition of a well sayed pig to supply food for the gods; but a plot of ground devoted solely to the cultivation of flowers is, to him, a thing of pity. Nevertheless, Mick's worst lies occasionally in such a garden, and then his digging and weeding are done to an accompaniment of grumbling remarks.

He seldom can remember the name of any of the flowers, and this seems to add to his discontent. "Such cold names as they have," he grumbled; "the head'd be moidered on you thryin' to think of them. Wouldn't they be full as good wid short airy names you could remimber? The man that christened thim flowers must a'been a quare ould lad altogither, or what put the like of that into his head at all? What was it you called that blue flower wid the whiskers, Ma'am," he asked.

"Love in a Mist," I answered.

"Musha'an what sort of a name is that!" said Mick indignantly.

"Well," I said, "the real name is quite different; it is Nigella Damascena."

"Glory be to God!" he ejaculated in awe; "is it a curse they put upon it," and he regarded the veiled blue flower with a look of sympathy in his eyes. "They had no right to be callin' it that," he added; "puttin' such words into people's mouths." "I like that Sweet Pay," he said, after a while, looking at the hedge of fragrant blooms; "all it wants is the few sticks up agin' it an' it minds itself afther. But, bedad, they have it put in families now, wid their Mishter an' their Missis, an' lords, an' ladies, an' yer honours, an' I dunno what. Sweet Pay I call it, an' lave the Quality out of it entirely. They must be givin' everything names these times," he went on, "as you'd be bothered wid thim all."

Mick worked in silence for a moment, and then remarked: "The best sort of flowers is the wans that comes up constant; thim annyal yearly wans is an ould tormint, you'd be for iver sowin' thim, an' no great addition afther. A couple of good laylock threes 'd give you more posies than annys of thim, an' no bother at all." "Look at that pansy flower beyant," he said suddenly, "an' a puss upon it like a Christian."

The horticulturalist leaned on his spade and stared the pansy flower out of countenance, and then his eye lit upon the rose tree covering part of the high wall. "I was near forgettin' to mintion, Ma'am," he said, "that the John William Robertson, or what's iver you call him, has the green fly; I suppose I may be dhrinchin' him now for further orders, bad scran to him."

A little later I heard Bridget address Mick through the garden gate, "What do you call thim quare blue flowers?" she asked. Mick pondered a moment. "They do have two names," he said; "there's wan I wouldn't mintion, an' the other hates cos-Covlin' in the Diew, they call it." "Is yourself is the playboy," said Bridget.

HOLLAND.

A Northern Venice—Fine Cities—Famous Men.

(BY SHEKERLEB.)

THERE are many people who, with Central Europe as their objective, travel *via* Hook of Holland or Flushing, yet who never think of making a stay in the Netherlands. I have done so myself half a dozen times. There is a good deal to be seen of the landscape, which is characteristic of the country in general—the windmills, the wide flat spaces, the herds of cattle—even from the windows of the train as it passes between the Hook and Rotterdam.

For Holland is a land without mystery—all is open, plain and bare. There are no mountains and scarcely any hills. This "hollow land" lies low, and it is misleading to speak of its "wild highlands," for there are none, and a vivid imagination has entered into the conception of the moderate elevations, hardly hills, of Ruysdael's canvases.

But those who decide to halt there and to make a more leisurely inspection of the country will be richly rewarded by what they see. And in order to stimulate an interest in the history of this, the smallest and most compact State in Europe, Motley's "Dutch Republic" and Schiller's "Revolt of the Netherlands" would be found useful. It is only about twice the size of Yorkshire, and is more densely populated than any other European country, except Belgium, to which it formerly was joined. Altogether, the Netherlands have a number less than those of Greater London.

Someone has called Holland the "dustless land," and others have compared its cities with Venice, because their highways are waterways and canals take the places of roads. Generations of strenuous toil have been required of its sons, first to reclaim the land from the sea, and then to wage a ceaseless battle to keep what they have gained. This could only be done by an elaborate system of dykes, which are a defence against the encroaching waters, but in time of need they can be pierced, so as to flood the country and submerge the enemy invader. It is only done as a last resource, for it spells ruin to the inhabitants.

But we must not think of Holland simply as a waterlogged country, or as consisting entirely of country districts, for there are an abundance of fine and stately cities, each of which possesses a distinctive quality of its own—Amsterdam, a commercial centre; Rotterdam; The Hague, the Court city; Groningen, product of peat; Leuwarden, of butter; Dordrecht, encircled by waterways; Arnhem, girt by woods and country mansions; Utrecht, raising an industrial fair on the ashes of its mediævalism."

Amsterdam, as the capital, claims our first attention, and is famous for two things—its old canals and its old pictures. It is built on sand, and the houses rest on wooden piles, some as long as fifty-two feet. We are tempted to doubt their stability, but we need not. In the course of time the black brackish mud petrifies not only the piles, but the wooden girders that are laid upon them. Erasmus of Rotterdam made merry over Amsterdam's wooden foundations, twitting the inhabitants with living on the top of trees, like rooks. The central point in the city is the dam, which gives it its name—Amstel dam, the dam which stops the river Amstel on its way to the Zuyder Zee. The trams all run to and from the dam, and here also is the Palace, which once was the stadthuis. In 1808 (when Amsterdam was the third city of the French Empire) it was offered to Louis Napoleon for a residence. Queen Wilhelmina occasionally stays there, but The Hague is her real home.

On the dam also is the new church, which contains the tomb of De Ruyter, on which he reposes in full dress on a cannon. In this new church also the monarchs of Holland are crowned. Then there is the old church, where most of the weddings take place, and there is the English Reformed Church, which so many tourists fail to discover. It is to be found in a beautiful little enclosure of old and quaint buildings, well kept, and each with a screen of pollarded chestnuts before it; in the midst of this is a tiny white church, with a gay little spire.

The Dutch are extremely good to their poor, and we constantly come across the practical proofs of their kindness in the form of almshouses and orphanages, which abound everywhere. In character they are precise and business-like, and there are no idle rich in Amsterdam, for everyone is engaged in some trade or other. Yet they are fond of games also, and they played golf, as old pictures testify, before it was played in England, and there are now many golf clubs in Holland. Lawn tennis, and a curious variety of rounders, are also popular, as well as horse racing and trotting competitions. Very little walking is done except on business. In the winter, of course, skating is the favourite exercise, and is, indeed, the best way of getting about, for then the canals, which are frozen over, become the real streets of Holland.

Business people as they are, practical and hard-working, they are on the whole well educated, with a marked leaning to and appreciation of science, philosophy and art, in which the four universities of Amsterdam, Leyden, Groningen, and Utrecht bear witness. Among the names of eminent philosophers those of Spinoza and Grotius will be remembered. But, indeed, the number of great men is legion. One in particular must be mentioned. Three miles from Zwolle, at the monastery on the Agnetsberg, the author of "The Imitation of Christ" lived for more than sixty years and wrote his immortal book. But perhaps what most of us remember best in connection with Holland is what it did for painting, for we have already had the opportunity of seeing some good specimens of their work in the National Gallery in London, and especially in the Dulwich Gallery, where is the finest collection of Dutch and Flemish pictures outside Holland. It is said that the greatest painter was Rembrandt, the most lovable Jan Steen, and the most patient Gerard Dow.

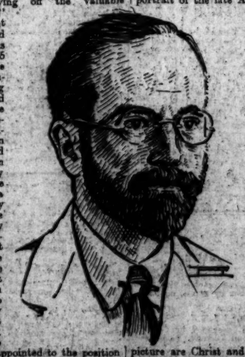
The Singel Canal, Old Amsterdam.

SOME IRISH ARTISTS.

XXII.—Mr. P. J. Tuohy.

(BY BRUYERE.)

MR. P. J. Tuohy, whose work at the Royal Hibernian Academy of this year is exciting such widespread attention, is a young man still under thirty years of age. After leaving school, Mr. Tuohy went straight to the Metropolitan School of Art in Dublin, where he studied for some four years under the guidance of Sir William Orpen. Sir William Orpen's mark can still be found on Mr. Tuohy's work; indeed, the work of almost all of those who came under his influence bear its traces. While he was studying at the Dublin school Mr. Tuohy twice succeeded in carrying off the valuable "Taylor Scholarship"—the most important prize to be obtained in Dublin; he was also awarded in 1915 a silver medal at the London National Competition for painting from the nude, and medals for figure painting at the Department of Agriculture's exhibition in 1917. Having learned all that he could in Dublin, Mr. Tuohy went to Spain, where he painted hard for a couple of years, chiefly in Madrid. There he was able to add very greatly to his painting, and he also learnt much from the mere seeing of pictures. He spent, too, a short time studying in Paris, which seems to be the Mecca, not only of all Americans, but also of all art students. Since his return to Ireland he has been appointed to the position of Professor of Painting and Drawing at the Metropolitan School, where he has already done some very good work.



Mr. Tuohy principally works at portraits and figure painting; indeed, I do not for the moment recollect ever to have seen a pure landscape painted by him. In his portrait work he is able to obtain that first essential, which so many artists apparently cannot get—a likeness to the sitter. People other than the actual victim—are nowadays quite prepared to overlook the fact that a portrait may be little short of a gross libel upon the original, so long as it is a "good piece of work." It is perfectly true that there may be good work in a portrait that does not in the least resemble the sitter, but the average man may be forgiven for a tendency to employ rather the man who can do some justice to him. There is in Mr. Tuohy's portraits a sense of design, and fine modelling. Indeed, line counts much more with him than does colour. Most people will remember his portrait of the late Archbishop Walsh, which was exhibited at last year's Academy in Dublin. In this painting there was excellent design, there was good bold line, but the colour, particularly that of the background, was scarcely as good as it might have been. In the last twelve months Mr. Tuohy has probably made more progress than any other Irish artist. His work at this year's Academy is very striking. First of all comes his decorative picture, "The Baptism of Christ," which has been fairly generally accepted as one of the "pictures of the year." This painting, which was reproduced in the *Irish Times* a fortnight ago, possesses really good design and composition. In the centre of the picture are Christ and St. John the Baptist, and grouped around them are disciples and onlookers. The whole scheme of the decoration has been well conceived and well executed. Besides this, his chief exhibit, there are some clever portraits.

Mr. Tuohy is an unusually shy man; in spite of that disability—and it may well be a disability with a portrait painter—he should go very far, for he has in him uncommon artistry.

ANNUALS.

Hardy and Half-Hardy Types.

(BY HORTENSIS.)

THE true annual is a plant which, if raised from seed, makes its growth, ripens its seed, and dies within twelve months, irrespective of frost. So runs the definition given in the Royal Horticultural Society's "Rules for Judging," and few are the gardeners, who, at one time or another, have not blessed the annual for its rapid habits.

For the annual is accommodating in many ways, it may be sown where it is to flower; in fact, often prefers this to transplanting, it makes a brave show in a bed of its own, or may help to prop up a failing herbaceous or mixed border, and will give a new lease of life to a dilapidated colour scheme. It may be used for spring or for summer bedding, so long as a wise choice is made, and only those annuals used which remain in bloom for some time.

Owing to its short period of growth and its haste to flower, the annual, as a rule, does not produce long roots, consequently it may be sown without fear on the top of bulbs which are yet to come into flower, or whose days of glory are past, for the season.

The climbing annuals are in every garden—the sweet pea for choice in a long mixed hedge, where with a little trouble it will grow beyond your reach, fill your eye with colour of every imaginable shade, and your heart with joy and gladness from early summer till late autumn. The nasturtium, though not to be compared with the sweet pea for variety of colour, for delicacy and for scent, has yet come into his own of late years, and is now to be seen clothed in wonderful shades of apricot and gold, of orange tawny and deep velvety red.

For he is gay and truculent, and will cover in haste an ugly corner with his smooth round leaves and gnome-like flowers, and will take kindly to corners in which many another so-called hardy annual would mope and die, without producing a single flower or lasting for six weeks of his allotted span. The canary creeper and convolvulus major will climb almost any kind of a fence or ramble over anything unsightly, for convolvulus major must turn his face to the early morning sun at all costs, and the nearer he can get to his deity the better he is pleased.

Half Hardy.

Half-hardy annuals are somewhat more exacting; they need to be raised in a frame or a greenhouse, and must not be exposed to the open air until the danger of frost is over. They are often delicate of flower as well as of constitution, and are a pleasant change from the ordinary bedding plants. *Mesembryanthemum criniflorum*, unlike its fearsome name, is a small, delicate flower of a beautiful flame colour. In its own country it is a shrubby perennial, but in these colder climes it flowers freely through the summer, and is cut down by the first touch of frost.

It is beautiful in a bed by itself, or used to fill in gaps among other subjects. once Alonsoa has found a place in a garden it is always grown, but at present it is not nearly as widely known and loved as it deserves to be. In common with the rest of the half-hardies it is best sown in gentle heat at the end of March, picked out into boxes or frames of good light soil, and planted out at the end of May. If the young plants are pinched as soon as the leading shoot begins to grow tall they will soon send up six or seven strong shoots, and will become fine bushy plants, about eighteen inches in height.

Nemesias are gay little half-hardies, requiring the same treatment as Alsonoas, though their lives are somewhat shorter their beautiful shape and distinct colours make them very general favourites. *Nemesia strumosa suttoni* grows to a height of about fifteen inches, and is mixed in colour.

There are also beautiful scarlet, orange, and blue varities, all well worth growing. The beautiful Salpiglossis is always willing to grace your garden with its masses of trumpet-shaped flowers—so rich are its colours and so wonderful is the sight of a big bed of Salpiglossis in full flower, that it is worth while to risk failure and to try a packet of seed—giving the seedlings the same treatment as the rest of the half-hardies, but keeping them a little warmer, and giving them a longer time, for growth under glass before planting them out in the open.

The Best.

It is hard to pick out a few from among the hardy annuals and to say "these are the best." There are some we all know and some we all grow—there are some that once seen at their best are never forgotten. A good bed of deep blue annual larkspur, of scarlet or of deep rose or even of mixed colours—a long border where someone with a generous hand has sown ounce upon ounce of larkspur seed for what could make a better show—more than a few packets of Clarkia Salmon Queen or Scarlet King, annual varieties of Lupins, *Lupinus Hartwegii calestinus* in blue and gold, the Sweet Sultans, the scarlet or of deep rose or even of mixed colours—a long border where someone with a generous hand has sown ounce upon ounce of larkspur seed for what could make a better show—more than a few packets of Clarkia Salmon Queen or Scarlet King, annual varieties of Lupins, *Lupinus Hartwegii calestinus* in blue and gold, the Sweet Sultans, the scarlet or dark-red velvety brown, Nigella, blue with a mist of green for foliage, Mignonette in quiet green—who would not rhapsodise over these for too long, and still not come to the end of their wonders.

For all their prodigality they ask but little. A little lime in the soil, deep digging and some good old manure if such be lacking, an open position, and a fair share of moisture during their growing season. After that a little commonsense in sowing—not to bestow a packet of poppy seeds upon a square yard of ground, for the inevitable end will be as a border of grass and the result disaster, but to sow with some thought for the size and needs of the plant that should emerge from each separate seed. Not to scatter the seeds delicately upon the surface for the chaffinch's delight, but to rake them gently into the ground, the fine ones just covered, the bigger ones deeper according to their size, above all, to thin the young seedlings with a firm hand before they stifle and jostle each other, and to leave each plant room to grow to perfection. Seed sown in September will flower early in the summer; seed sown in March and April will make a good succession, coming into flower as the autumn sown annuals pass their prime.

FRANCIS LEDWIDGE.

(BY MICHAEL WALSH.)

IN the early autumn, just six years ago, the tragic news was flashed across to Ireland that Francis Ledwidge was dead—killed in action on a French battlefield.

His death in action was not a realisation of his dream as expressed in the following lines:—

"Where I shall sleep when my last song is over
The air is smelling like a feast of wine,
And purple breakers of the windy clover
Shall roll to smooth this burning brow of mine.
And there shall come to me when day is told
The peace of sleep when I am grey and old."

During his years in the Great War in the various theatres of battle in which he fought, he seemed very often to be thinking yearningly of home. One often wonders why Francis Ledwidge, the poet of solitude, should go into the roar of battle; but then he told us that he went forth to fight in defence of his native land and his beloved blackbirds in County Meath. "I took up arms," he said, "for the fields along the Boyne and the birds in the blue sky over them."

With glimpses of his early life all who read his poetry are familiar. We know that he was a peasant boy from Slane, that he served for a very brief period as a grocer's apprentice in Dublin, that he worked in English copper mines, and that in 1914 he went to the "front."

In some of his poems, and more particularly in his last letters to his friend and admirer, Katharine Tynan Hinkson, he expresses his thoughts and feelings, and relates some experiences. Here is a passage from one of his letters describing a scene he witnessed:—

"Enlisted and leaving the line is most exciting, as we are usually about thirty yards from the enemy, and you can scarcely understand how bright the nights are made by the rockets. There are in continual ascension, making a beautiful crescent from Switzerland to the sea. There are white lights, green, and gold, and whiter, bursting into red and changing again, and blue bursting into purple drops, and reds fading into green. It is all like the end of a beautiful world."

Though, indeed, he found inspiration in foreign places, thoughts of the homeland, of Meath and his "dear blackbird" seemed to be very often with him.

Particularly in the last few months of his life the call of home seemed to grow intense and insistent, and all his dreams seemed to be coloured with thoughts of his native surroundings:—

"The silence of maternal hills
Are round me in my evening dreams.
And round me music-making rills
And mingling waves of pastoral streams.
Whatever way I turn I find
The path is old unto me still.
The hills of home are in my mind
And there I wander as I will."

In a letter from which Katharine Tynan quotes written to her by Ledwidge a few weeks before his death:—

"You ask me what I am doing? I am a unit in the Great War, doing and suffering, admiring great endeavour, and condemning great dishonour. I may be dead before this reaches you, but I will have done my part. Death is as interesting to me as life. . . . I am always homesick. I hear the roads calling and the hills and the rivers wondering where I am. It is terrible to be always homesick."

And, in another letter he writes:—

"You are in Meath now, I suppose. If you go to Tara, go to Rath-na-Ri, and look all around you, from the hills of Drumconrath in the north to the plains of Enfield in the south, where Allen bog begins, and remember me to every hill and wood and ruin; for my heart is there. If it is a clear day you will see Slane Hill, blue and distant. Say I will come back again surely, and maybe you will hear pipes in the grass or a fairy-horn and the hounds of Finn—I have heard them often from Tara!"

Poor Ledwidge! Shortly before his death he was thinking of "Crochnaharna, twenty hundred miles away," and he wrote to his mother, saying: "I hope to be home before the snow comes."

But on that fatal day Francis Ledwidge, who had come safely through Gallipoli, Serbia and the Western front, was killed in France by a fragment of shell.

Let us share in Katharine Tynan's wish that his white spirit journeyed over the fields of Meath on its way to its eternal home.

MISS SIBYL THORNDIKE.

A Great Actress.

(BY A.W.)

SIX years ago Sybil Thorndike was unknown. She played small parts in big towns and occasionally big parts in small towns, but theatrical London knew her not. To-day she is famous. She is bracketted with Duse, and the French compare her to Sarah Bernhardt, which is a tribute which the French do not readily concede.

The inner story of Sybil Thorndike's sudden rise to fame need not be detailed here—it is sufficient to say that an Irishman was one of the first to detect her genuis, and he set himself the task of establishing her in the niche that she should occupy.

Six years ago she was playing at the Old Vic, which now holds a place in London similar to that of the Abbey Theatre in Dublin. In those days it was practically unknown. It certainly was unnoticed in the London papers. To-day a production in the Old Vic. is an event in the theatrical life of London. Before Sybil Thorndike was discovered it had half empty houses, and even the high-brows knew it not. Sybil Thorndike was the leading lady, receiving 30s. a week (eventually she received £4). But, although her four years at the Old Vic. brought little praise or pence, she gained something that cannot be valued in sordid terms—experience. She played a new Shakespearean part every fortnight, and during the war, when all the young actors had joined the Army, she even essayed male rôles—but not for the first time, for she had undertaken several in the early days when she toured with Ben Greet. She did some wonderful work in this dilapidated and cramped theatre off the Waterloo road, but the papers were too occupied in reporting the world war to notice it, and it was not until

after the Armistice, when dramatic criticism again took its place in the life of the nation that Sybil Thorndike obtained recognition. Her first "lead" in the West End of London was in 1919 in "The Chinese Puzzle" at the New Theatre, where she succeeded Ethel Irving. She then went as leading lady in a Drury Lane melodrama, but although both these engagements had the hall-mark of the West End they were not vehicles in which the actress could rise superior to the surroundings.

The test came shortly afterwards at a series of matinees at a music hall. The Coliseum Empire was engaged and Greek drama was produced. This, after four years of revue and artless, futile plays that were destined to amuse a war-weary public. As Medea and as Hercuba in "The Trojan Women," Sybil Thorndike made unemotional critics lyrical—she had the "best press" of any actress since Ellen Terry (now her firm friend and admirer) played Juliet. Few people, however, at that time realised the years of hard study and struggle that had preceded this triumph, or that Sybil Thorndike had been passed by unnoticed by all the commercial managers in London, who proclaim their desire to discover talent, but never do. Sybil Thorndike left an English rectory and abandoned a musical career—she is an accomplished pianist who would have achieved success on the concert platform—for the stage when she was 18; she was 35 before she "arrived."

Personally, I believe she would not have welcomed success earlier, for she loves the theatre for itself and not for personal aggrandisement—she has no vanity and fulsome praise has left her unchanged and unassuming, a woman who prefers the society of her four children to that to be found in the ball rooms of Belgravia and the night clubs of London.

The next step in her progress was one that shocked a number of her new admirers. She became leading lady in the Grand Guignol season at the Little Theatre. Here she daily played in a night as many as four different characters in four different types of plays. She appeared in two terrifying one-act plays "The Kill" and "The Old Woman." These were hideous in their reality as Sybil Thorndike created them. In the hands of a lesser artist they would have been simply ridiculous. But she is not, as some people have come to regard her, a purely emotional actress. It is as well to recall that during the Grand Guignol season—which came to a sudden end when Sybil Thorndike left—she played in one comedy. As a bewitched girl in "The Chemist" she gave a study that was as true to life as anything ever seen in character acting. Out of farce and phantasy she came equally well. Her friends declare there is no part that she cannot play. She has great dramatic force, as will be seen by her "Medea," and yet she can play with almost uncanny restraint, as her "Jane Clegg" shows

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

HURRY OFF SCORES.

ST. LEGER CANDIDATE FAILS AT HURST PARK.

THE KING'S SUCCESS.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Friday Night.

We saw one St. Leger candidate here this afternoon whom we can fairly safely leave out of our calculations for the Doncaster race. That is Lighthouse, who finished last of four runners in the Richmond Three-Year-Old Stakes, won by the Duke of Westminster's Hurry Off. Lighthouse was cotton wool bandaged in front, and very big in point of condition, as might be expected, after being away from Newmarket doing only easy work on the sands for a long period. Nevertheless, his owner slipped into the ring and took six hundred to two twice about his chances.

Lighthouse moved up into second place when they were turning into the straight, but a quarter of a mile from home he came to a standstill, and pounded, as might have been expected, and, pounded, as might have been expected, and, pounded, as might have been expected, and, Leach eased him up, he finished last of the four runners. The race was won very easily by Hurry Off, who made all the running and scored cleverly by half a length from Cardinal Wolsey, who suffered from the fact that he was not a strongly-run race. Hurry Off is not engaged in the St. Leger.

THE KING'S VICTORY.

It was a miserable afternoon, during which the rain poured ceaselessly until the last few minutes, when the sun came out to greet the victory of the King's Lodge colt in the Fountains Handicap. Silvester did not run, and the Royal colt was a hot favourite. There was considerable cheering when he scored easily by four lengths from Kenilworth.

Backers had not too good a time, for the failure of Light Jester, White Cat, and Dex Volt were all expensive matters. Light Jester was beaten in the Wilderness Handicap by that not disappointing horse, Old Sol, who made all the running. The worst who made all the running. The worst failure in the race, however, was Harry Tate, who, we point out with delight, came in absolutely last. Indeed, the latter, and finished all the way.

There was a general gamble on Mr. T. J. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of whom Harry Beasley had the mount, in the Coventry Stakes, but she was well away, but was caught and well beaten some distance from home by Gyroscope. Although the two were eighteen runners for the Lennox Maiden Plate, Demi-Volt from Mr. R. C. Dawson's stable, was never better than a 5 to 4 chance. The colt had every chance, stay for home better away than many of the others. A jostling match at one time he began to drop back and he had no heart for his work and finished in the rack.

PLACK'S FINE FINISH.

Plack, on the other hand, was badly away, but Elliott managed to get him up the ground by the end, and caught the leader, Coramond, inside the distance. The rest are a great race ensued between the pair, of which Lord Rosebery's filly got the better by a head. The winner is a fine, fast filly, but she was beaten off a long way.

Much of the holiday sport has been very poor, and no one will be sorry when York begins on Tuesday. Speaking of York reminds me that it is impossible to get an office in the North of England against Little Martyn for the Ebor Handicap.

I expect to see CORRIGAN win the Maze Handicap this afternoon. PLAYED OUT should win the Robin Hood Two-Year-Old Stakes, while AILETTE seems to have a big chance in the Dilton Two-Year-Old Selling Plate.

GAZEBO MORE.

BETTING FORECAST.

HURST PARK.

2.0 Race—7 to 4 Fancy Man, 3 to 1 Boatom, Duck, 7 to 2 Moidore, 5 to 1 Beanla, 7 to 1 Golly Eyes, 8 to 1 Lois and Warrnin, 10 to 1 Greenchesters and Petty Cary, 100 to 7 any other.

2.30 Race—5 to 2 St. Cleare, 3 to 1 Colonia Ailette, 7 to 1 Greedy Girl, and Hurst Park, 8 to 1 Fair Castilian and Bath Bun, 10 to 1 Bonson, who suffered from the fact that it was not a strongly-run race. Hurry Off is not engaged in the St. Leger.

THE KING'S VICTORY.

It was a miserable afternoon, during which the rain poured ceaselessly until the last few minutes, when the sun came out to greet the victory of the King's Lodge colt in the Fountains Handicap. Silvester did not run, and the Royal colt was a hot favourite. There was considerable cheering when he scored easily by four lengths from Kenilworth.

Backers had not too good a time, for the failure of Light Jester, White Cat, and Dex Volt were all expensive matters. Light Jester was beaten in the Wilderness Handicap by that not disappointing horse, Old Sol, who made all the running. The worst who made all the running. The worst failure in the race, however, was Harry Tate, who, we point out with delight, came in absolutely last. Indeed, the latter, and finished all the way.

There was a general gamble on Mr. T. J. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of Mr. Burrowes' White Cat, on account of whom Harry Beasley had the mount, in the Coventry Stakes, but she was well away, but was caught and well beaten some distance from home by Gyroscope. Although the two were eighteen runners for the Lennox Maiden Plate, Demi-Volt from Mr. R. C. Dawson's stable, was never better than a 5 to 4 chance. The colt had every chance, stay for home better away than many of the others. A jostling match at one time he began to drop back and he had no heart for his work and finished in the rack.

PLACK'S FINE FINISH.

Plack, on the other hand, was badly away, but Elliott managed to get him up the ground by the end, and caught the leader, Coramond, inside the distance. The rest are a great race ensued between the pair, of which Lord Rosebery's filly got the better by a head. The winner is a fine, fast filly, but she was beaten off a long way.

Much of the holiday sport has been very poor, and no one will be sorry when York begins on Tuesday. Speaking of York reminds me that it is impossible to get an office in the North of England against Little Martyn for the Ebor Handicap.

I expect to see CORRIGAN win the Maze Handicap this afternoon. PLAYED OUT should win the Robin Hood Two-Year-Old Stakes, while AILETTE seems to have a big chance in the Dilton Two-Year-Old Selling Plate.

GAZEBO MORE.

LAYTOWN.

SUCCESSFUL STRAND MEETING.

The weather, on all important factors, was racing is concerned, was favourable for the annual meeting at Laytown, and a capital afternoon's sport was provided for a big crowd. Compared to other years, the meeting are of considerable support from owners, and a total of twenty-eight runners for five races comprised well-filled some of the more important meeting of the kind for Irish.

There was remarkably open betting on the Visitors' Plate, for which four of the six runners were backed like-wise racing. Daisy Green, a very interesting race, resulted in a win for Logan's Trayen, by odds on favourite, for the Committee Plate, by ten lengths from Rachelor Ben, who was in front from the start, and three-furlong Monocle was the under-Miss Sam offered a determined challenge in the neck. Through the falling of Charabanc, Mr. M. Quinn secured the Handicap Plate, by a length and a half, with Miss Sam second, and Mr. Gleeson's stable at Limerick won the Drogheda Plate after a fine finish with Post Asleep.

3.30—**VISITORS PLATE** of 30 sovs. A weight for age 5st race.

Mr. R. G. Anderson's b. m. SNOW LOUGH, by Lochtyan—Whitethorn, a. 10-10 ..... Owner 1

Mr. H. M. Hartigan's SOUTHERN GAL, 5, 10-7 ..... Joel, Unity 2

Mr. P. Rogers's BLUE FISH, 5, 10-7 ..... D. Ward 3

Mr. R. Wallace's Fast Asleep, 6, 12-7 .....

Mr. J. Beck's Gay Greek, c., 10-4 Mr. W. Byrne 0

Mr. M. J. Langan's Matty's Dream, a., 10-7 .....

(Owner trained by Owner.)

Betting—5 to 4 each aged, Snow Lough and Southern Gal, 7 to 2 Fast Asleep, 4 to 1 SNOW LOUGH, 6 to 1 Gay Greek, 10 to 1 Matty's Dream, 100 to 7 Blue Fish. Snow Lough, Matty's Dream and Southern Gal went away fairly from home, when Snow Lough drew to the front and won by five lengths, each divided second and third. Fast Asleep was fourth.

4.0—**COMMUTER PLATE** of 30 sovs. A welter handicap for 3-year-olds. 1 mile.

Mr. H. M. Hartigan's ch. g. ST. INELLIN, by Mr. Jinks—Mannagh Girl, a. 7-13 ..... Cahill 1

Mr. P. Rogers's BACHELOR BEN, 4, 10-10 ..... D. Ward 2

Mr. R. Wallace's ch. g. ST. INELLIN, by Mr. Jinks—Mannagh Girl, a. 7-13 ..... M. Hines 3

Mrs. J. Fitzgerald's Coral Star, 5, 11-13 ..... Capt. C. B. Harty 0

Mr. P. J. Branahan's Little Nell, 4, 10-10 ..... K. Lenehan 0

(Owner trained by Owner.)

Betting—5 to 4 on ST. INELLIN, 3 to 1 Bachelor Ben, 5 to 1 Coral Star, 10 to 1 any other. Bachelor Ben set the pace to Little Nell, Hermitage and St. Phelim until two furlongs from home, when St. Phelim took second place, and, challenging Ben's inside two furlongs from the finish, drew level with him, but Ben, responding, held second and third. Little Nell was fourth.

4.30—**STEWARDS PLATE** of 30 sovs. A handicap for 3-year-olds. 1 mile.

Mr. R. J. Duggan's JONIAN, 8, 10-0 ..... D. Ward 2

Mr. H. M. Hartigan's Rockford, 6, 9-7 ..... M. Mackey 0

(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—Even each TRAYLEN, TRISOUGH and Jonian, 20 to 1 Rockford.

Jonian made the running from Trayeen Trisough and Rockford close home, when Trayeen and Trisough took command and won by two lengths. Rockford did not complete the course.

5.0—**THE BETTYSTOWN PLATE** of 30 sovs. A weight for age 1st race. 1½ m.

Mr. R. Wallace's ch. g. MONOCLE, by Glasalt—Monocle, a. 11-10 ..... Wallace 1

Mr. R. Power's MIKE SURE, 5, 11-7 ..... P. B. Ross 2

Mr. R. G. Adamson's SNOW LOUGH, 5, 11-7 ..... J. Hogan, jun. 3

Out Mr. G. Abercromby's Southpool, 5, 12-1 ..... Jos. Canty 0

Mr. M. Quinn's Chara-Bana, a., 11-10 ..... Mr. P. Hogan, jun. 0

Mr. T. G. Fletcher's O'Malley Mor, 4, 10-10 .....

Mr. W. White's Tureen, 3, 10-13 ..... M. Gleeson 0

(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—5 to 4 each MONOCLE and O'Malley Mor, 3 to 1 Snow Lough, 10 to 1 each Mike Sure and Tureen.

Chara-Bana fell after going a furlong, and Monocle made the running from Snow Lough, Mike Sure and Southpool to the straight, where Lough and Mike Sure coalesced, but Monocle, remaining in front, won by two lengths. Divided second and third. Southpool was fourth and Tureen fifth.

5.30—**DROGHEDA PLATE** of 30 sovs. A welter handicap for mares. 2 m.

Mrs. W. White's ch. g. GIOLLA TUAIRE, by Orwell, a. 9-0 ..... Mr. P. Hogan, jun. 0

Mr. R. G. Wallace's FAST ASLEEP, 6, 12-0 .....

Mr. Cox's YOURS ONLY, a. 11-0 ..... F. B. Rees 3

Mr. M. Quinn's Kirkiosk, 5, 10-7 ..... Mr. Gleeson 0

Mr. M. Langan's Matty's Dream, a., 10-7 .....

Mr. P. J. Lenehan's Little Nell, 4, 10-10 .....

Mr. E. Delany's Ballinacrad, a., 10-0 ..... D. Ring 0

(Winner trained by Mr. Gleeson.)

Betting—5 to 4 aged, Yours Only, 3 to 1 each GIOLLA TUAIRE, Matty's Dream and Ballinacrad, 5 to 1 Fast Asleep and Ballinacrad, 20 to 1 Kirkiosk and Little Nell.

Kirkiosk made the running from Fast Asleep, Putnam, Ballinacrad, Giolla Tuaire, and Yours Only, at a fast pace, which thereafter, three-quarters running, Fast Asleep and Ballinacrad, 20 to 1 Kirkiosk and Little Nell.

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DOWN ROYAL.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

Judging from the number of horses sent from the Curragh, fields are likely to be small at the Maze to-day. A special train leaves Amiens street at 11 o'clock and returns at 5 p.m. Selections are appended:—

Thorn Cup—Dusk.

Hillsborough Plate—Bachelor's Secret.

Iveagh Plate—Knight Templar; if absent, Woodley.

August Plate—Chirrup.

Montalto Plate—Candlas Herald.

HURST PARK RESULTS.

2.0—**HAMMERSMITH THREE-YEAR-OLD (£2) HANDICAP** of £300. 1 m.

Mr. Baird's br. c. by Lemberg—Apparel, 9-9 ..... G. Richards 1

Mr. Sherer's CLEMENTINE, 9-2 ..... A. Orme 2

Mr. Bancroft's FURSE, 8st., 8-2 ..... A. Burns 3

Also ran—Fulbeck (J. Brassey), Georgy Porgy (M. Beary), Black Jet (E. Gardener), Avey (T. Fox), Aquatic (G. Walden). (Winner trained by Myers.)

Betting—5 to 1 aged, LEMBERG, 3 to 1 Georgy Porgy, 6 to 1 Fulbeck, 7 to 1 Furse, Mound, 10 to 1 each Fulbeck, Aquatic and Georgy Porgy, 100 to 6 Avey.

Furse broke down before the finish. The winner was sold to Mr. Stevens for £350 guineas.

2.30—**WILLOUGHBY THREE-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP** of £400. 1 m.

Mr. H. Bird's ch. c. OLD NICK, by Tetrarch—Nicolette, 9-12 ..... Lane 1

Capt. Shaw's 1,10 IT FESTER, 6-7 ..... Smyth 2

Sir E. Hassard's KINGSTOWN, 8-2 ..... Freeman 3

Also ran—Henry Bate (R. Jarvis), Coverlet (R. Jones), Forest Glade (C. Elliott), Tobermory (J. Childs), Lady Ellen (C. Bennett), Lizzie B.

Betting—5 to 1 each aged Henry Bate and Old Nick, 7 to 2 Kingstown, 4 to 1 Forest Glade, 8 to 1 Arimuth, 20 to 1 OLD NICK or any other.

Old Nick ran a shocker a length and a half.

3.0—**COWLEY T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE** of £300. 5 f.

Mr. H. King's br. c. GYROSCOPE, by St. Gross—Curling, 8-12 ..... J. Leach 1

Mr. Bottomley's WHITE CAT, 9-0 ..... Hogg 2

Mr. Hall's SANDY HOOK, 8-5 ..... Perryman 3

Also ran—Count Irving (Lolley), Lanoven (J. Jones), Lucullite II. (Bullock), Lady Vi. (Childs), Irish Footsteps (A. Balding), The Whistle (Childs). (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—6 to 4 aged, White Cat, 5 to 1 Sandy Hook, 6 to 1 each GYROSCOPE and Count Irving, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by a length; last length.

The winner was sold to Mr. J. Rhodes for 660 guineas.

3.30—**RIDGLINGBURY THREE-YEAR-OLD STAKES** of £15 each, with £300 added. 1½ m.

Duke of Westminster's b. c. HURRY OFF, by Marcovil—Hurry Scurry, 9-7 ..... Cantelo 1

Lord Rosebery's CARBONARO, 9-7 .....

Mr. Austen's BLUE CHALYBE, 9-4 ..... Berman 3

Mr. Ash's Lighthouse, 9-1 ..... J. Leach 0

(Winner trained by Peck.)

Betting—Even HURRY OFF, 2 to 1 each Carbonaro, 6 to 1 Lighthouse, 25 to 1 Blue Chrysler.

Hurry Off showed the way to Blue Chrysler, with Lighthouse last. In the straight Lighthouse became second, but quickly faded away, Hurry Off went on, and earning all the running was easily by threequarts of a length; half a length divided second and third.

4.0—**LENNOX MAIDEN T.Y.O. PLATE** of £400. 1 m.

Lord Rosebery's ch. f. PLACK, by Harry Gr—Groat, 8-4 ..... C. Elliott 1

Mr. Ioannou's CORAMOND, 8-7 ..... R. Jones 2

His Majesty's ERNE, 9-0 ..... H. Wragg 3

Also ran—Honour Guard (Donoghue), Mirk cell (Leach), Blandon (F. Beasley), Merriment (F. Wall), Tumbaleo (Holmes), Absolute Lady (Bullock), Meanderine (F. Smyth), Harmony (Finlay), Port Royal (Berry), Naptha (W. McLachlan), Proconsul (Bullock), Spanerife (Archibald), Who Goes Home (Bullock), Sonnerife (Archibald), Who Goes Home (Piper). (Winner trained by J. Jarvis.)

Betting—5 to 4 aged, Port Royal, 5 to 1 Meanderine, 6 to 1 each Coramond and Erne, 7 to 1 Naptha, 8 to 1 Who Goes Home, 10 to 1 Blandon, 20 to 1 each Merriment and Tumbaleo, 100 to 7 any other.

Plack ran a great race from start to finish, and, although he was beaten by a head, he was a length in front of Coramond, who was a length in front of Erne, who was third, but he was beaten off a long way.

THE ARMY CHAMPIONSHIPS.

(BY PAT'O.)

SOME PENDING MATCHES.

The first big athletic carnival of the Army has been commenced to-day to run from to-day to-morrow, and to decide the Army championships in hurling, football, handball, boxing, golf, lawn tennis, running, jumping, and other events. Championships have been held by different commands, and during the coming week the winners of the respective areas will be competed for supremacy.

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The Tipperary footballers hold the Championship of the Third Area, but they must produce better combination than last Sunday's exhibition if they are to triumph over the Connaught champions from Dublin. The Kickham selection opposing them were in front within a minute of the end, and Poppe-rod's goal, which put the game out of the fire, was almost the final kick. Yet Tipperary teams at either code were never brilliant in tournaments of championship ties to rouse Tipperary.

The Dublin Command have a most interesting programme arranged for Parnell Park, Fields will produce the good, and the racing, therefore, correspondingly interesting. The Maze Handicap will prove the chief attraction, and I make it out to be a good thing for Corrygrian. He was well fancied for the Liverpool Cup, but the unfortunate fellow will have a slight accident, and, therefore, could not run. He has since been in strong work, so has apparently quite recovered. A possible danger may be Castlegar, who is lightly weighted, and did well to dead-heat with Trossach Girl for second place behind Scullion. If the Clis filly can only be persuaded to keep a straight course she must surely win the Robin Hood Stakes. She has all the allowances, and a horse like Played Out seems hardly likely to conceal her nearly 2st., though his form with Plack will bear inspection, and as the Clio filly cannot be trusted, perhaps Played Out will be the one to back to stand. On her running against Pomona Ailette seems to hold an outstanding chance, though she has, in my opinion, Fair Castilian to beat.

Wolsey Plate—Golly Eyes.

Ditton Plate—Ailette.

Maze Plate—Corrygrian.

Robin Hood Stakes—Played Out.

Nonsuch Handicap—La Lumiere; if absent, Catalani.

Apprentices' Stakes—Nous Verrons.

[The figures in front of the names of the horses are an index to placings in their last three engagements—reading from right to left.]

2.0—**WOLSEY SELLING PLATE** of £300. 5 f.

Age st lb.

0260 BENULA (Mr. Bennett) ..... Rothe 4 8 11

543 FANCY MAN (Mr. Eger) ..... Poole 6 8 5

424 GOLLY EYES (Mr. Hall) ..... Poole 5 8 5

(The above have arrived.)

606 DEFORD (Mr. Cantelo) ..... Taylor 4 8 0

007 WARRAIN (Mr. R. Dawson) ..... Elliott 4 8 0

053 SCULLION (Mr. R. Dickson) ..... Bullock 4 8 0

060 CRUBENMORE (Mr. Mc ..... Mc 4 8 0

000 QUEEN'S GUILD (Mr. Barry) ..... Leslie 4 8 0

318 MODOORE (Mr. Lambert) ..... Langlands 5 8 5

000 CORRIGAN (Mr. Bennett) ..... K. Martin 5 8 5

400 DAMAR (Mr. Alexander) ..... Rothe 5 8 0

331 LONA (Mr. Butler) ..... Butler 4 8 0

000 ARMAMENTS (Mr. Hall) ..... Poole 4 8 0

004 GREENCHESTERS (Mr. Harris) ..... Hynes 6 8 0

400 PETTY CURT (Mr. T. Hartigan) ..... Kemp 8 8 0

041 KARELLA (Mr. Reyboune) ..... Cullen 4 8 0

010 SOLEIL DE NUIT (Mr. O'Sullivan) ..... O'Sullivan 4 8 0

040 TIERMOUNE (Mr. Pilsbery) ..... Killane 5 8 0

111 BOUCTON DUCK (Mr. Whitehead) ..... Bullock 5 8 0

000 INDELIBLE (Mr. Jones) ..... Lewton 3 8 3

000 COTTAGE BOYS (Mr. Hall) ..... Poole 4 8 0

331 MYSTAWAY (Mr. J. Rhodes) ..... Rhodes 5 8 0

000 SOUTOR REEL (Mr. Mosling) ..... Kemp 3 8 4

(The above have arrived.)

CUU DOUBLES UP (Mr. R. Walker) .....

812 DESIRE (Mr. J. Morrison) ..... Nugent 4 8 0

000 ALSIKE (Mr. S. Dod) ..... Nugent 4 8 0

033 SAY OFF (Mr. S. Jones) ..... Martin 4 8 0

033 SAY OFF (Mr. S. Jones) ..... Martin 4 8 0

122 WARRATS (Mr. Cox) ..... Martin 4 8 0

(The above have arrived.)

112 ENVOY (Mr. H. Brown) ..... Hynes 6 8 7

000 BRIGHT NEWS (Lord Kilmorey) ..... Dawson 3 8 7

3.30—**ROBIN HOOD T.Y.O. STAKES** of £12 each, with £300 added. 1 m. 136 yds.

ETHORSTIX (Mr. Bamford) ..... W. Smith 8 11

004 ORBLINE (Mr. Carson) ..... Watts 7 11

000 TOMMY TILLA (Mr. Sir W. Cooke) ..... Platt 8 11

000 ST. GEORGE (Mr. Bowman) ..... Bullock 8 11

000 TIN WHISTLE (Mr. R. Dawson) ..... Elliott 8 11

(The above have arrived.)

111 PLATED CUP (Mr. J. Rogers) ..... Martin 8 11

000 CHEVALIER (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

244 LE TOUAT (Lord Allendale) ..... Scott 8 11

000 LA CHASSE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

140 ORCHARDA (Mr. Cox) ..... Martin 8 11

000 POLICE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

000 PALLALLA (Lord Derby) ..... Rickaby 8 11

210 SAINFOIN (Sir Cooke) ..... Platt 8 11

000 SILENCIO (Mr. Cox) ..... Martin 8 11

140 PERUSIA (Mr. Whitbread) ..... Cullen 8 11

000 PAPAL BULL (Mr. Sir W. Cooke) ..... Platt 8 11

000 WELSH (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

000 ELLEN (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

440 DOLAR HOLIDAY (Mr. Sinott) ..... Smyth 8 11

000 DAZZLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

303 GALLOPS C. (Lord Rosebery) ..... Elliott 8 11

000 ROYAL HERO (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

000 DOLORES C. (Mr. Sullivan) ..... Fenton 8 11

000 JAXFORD (Mr. Dickson) ..... Bullock 8 11

000 HIBERNIA (Mr. Gerish) ..... Bullock 8 11

000 HESPERIA (Major Wyndham) ..... Moreton 7 11

000 FAIRY BELLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 TOM WISE (Mr. Tattersall) ..... Pickard 7 11

000 TELEPHONE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 ARGENTINE (Mr. Tattersall) ..... Cottrell 7 11

000 GAZALLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 CLEST (Mr. Jones) ..... Richardson 7 11

4.0—HONOUGH HANDICAP of £2 each, with £300 added. 1 m. 5f. Age st lb.

000 MISS BRYAN (Capt. Daly) ..... Rickaby 4 9 7

000 DAZZLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 4 9 7

000 ARCHANGEL (Mr. Hall) ..... Poole 4 9 7

195 PAGOT (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 4 9 7

(The above have arrived.)

503 SOLDA (Mr. Lambert) ..... Beatty 5 9 5

041 WILD MINT (Mr. C. Pavilion) ..... Bullock 5 9 5

000 ROSEMARY (Mr. Bamford) ..... O. Bell 5 9 4

025 COMPLICE (Mr. Schaverien) ..... Nugent 5 9 4

000 DOMINO COURT (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 5 9 4

012 ORDERLY (Mr. Falcon) ..... Weston 6 9 3

000 LA LUMIERE (Mr. Bamford) ..... C. Elliott 3 9 3

4.30—APPRENTICES' STAKES of £1 each, with £300 added. 1 m. 5f. Age st lb.

001 TREGENWELL (Mr. Whitehead) ..... Ward 4 8 11

(The above have arrived.)

435 THROCKLEY (Mrs. Crandell) ..... O. Bell 6 8 11

000 ROSEMARY (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 6 8 11

000 ..... R. Barlow 6 8 0

000 MYTHOLOGY (Capt. Forester) ..... Hynes 6 8 0

000 PALE CHARLIE (Mr. J. White) ..... Watts 4 7 13

000 SUNBEAM (Mr. Aylebelief) ..... Jarvis 4 7 13

000 DOUBLE VERDONS (Mr. Weston) ..... Weston 4 7 13

303 FLINT JACK (Mr. Pierse) ..... O. Bell 6 7 11

000 GREENSHIRE (Mr. Parrell) ..... Larkin 6 7 11

310 ENGLISH (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 6 7 11

034 VICTOR NOIR (Mr. G. Morris) ..... Smyth 6 7 11

000 MONAVONIE (Mr. Pierse) ..... Prince 5 7 9

000 ORBATRIX (Mr. Alexander) ..... Rothe 5 7 9

MA COQUINE (Mrs. Wolfe) ..... Wolfe 3 6 0

GAELIC PASTIMES.

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(BY PAT'O.)

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331 MYSTAWAY (Mr. J. Rhodes) ..... Rhodes 5 8 0

000 SOUTOR REEL (Mr. Mosling) ..... Kemp 3 8 4

2.30—DITTON T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE of £300. 5 f.

010 BATH BUN (Mr. Farquharson) ..... Farquharson 8 11

350 HAIR TRIGGER (Mr. Pole) ..... Pollard 8 11

350 OF CHEAKE (Mr. Sinclair) ..... W. Jarvis 8 11

020 GREEDY GIRL (Mr. Ash) ..... H. Lester 8 11

000 CHARABANC (Mr. Sir W. Cooke) ..... Platt 8 11

000 CLENT (Mrs. Dickson) ..... Bullock 8 11

002 AILETTE (Mr. Hales) ..... Nugent 8 11

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303 GALLOPS C. (Lord Rosebery) ..... Elliott 8 11

000 ROYAL HERO (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 8 11

000 DOLORES C. (Mr. Sullivan) ..... Fenton 8 11

000 JAXFORD (Mr. Dickson) ..... Bullock 8 11

000 HIBERNIA (Mr. Gerish) ..... Bullock 8 11

000 HESPERIA (Major Wyndham) ..... Moreton 7 11

000 FAIRY BELLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 TOM WISE (Mr. Tattersall) ..... Pickard 7 11

000 TELEPHONE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 ARGENTINE (Mr. Tattersall) ..... Cottrell 7 11

000 GAZALLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 7 11

000 CLEST (Mr. Jones) ..... Richardson 7 11

4.0—HONOUGH HANDICAP of £2 each, with £300 added. 1 m. 5f. Age st lb.

000 MISS BRYAN (Capt. Daly) ..... Rickaby 4 9 7

000 DAZZLE (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 4 9 7

000 ARCHANGEL (Mr. Hall) ..... Poole 4 9 7

195 PAGOT (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 4 9 7

(The above have arrived.)

503 SOLDA (Mr. Lambert) ..... Beatty 5 9 5

041 WILD MINT (Mr. C. Pavilion) ..... Bullock 5 9 5

000 ROSEMARY (Mr. Bamford) ..... O. Bell 5 9 4

025 COMPLICE (Mr. Schaverien) ..... Nugent 5 9 4

000 DOMINO COURT (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 5 9 4

012 ORDERLY (Mr. Falcon) ..... Weston 6 9 3

000 LA LUMIERE (Mr. Bamford) ..... C. Elliott 3 9 3

4.30—APPRENTICES' STAKES of £1 each, with £300 added. 1 m. 5f. Age st lb.

001 TREGENWELL (Mr. Whitehead) ..... Ward 4 8 11

(The above have arrived.)

435 THROCKLEY (Mrs. Crandell) ..... O. Bell 6 8 11

000 ROSEMARY (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 6 8 11

000 ..... R. Barlow 6 8 0

000 MYTHOLOGY (Capt. Forester) ..... Hynes 6 8 0

000 PALE CHARLIE (Mr. J. White) ..... Watts 4 7 13

000 SUNBEAM (Mr. Aylebelief) ..... Jarvis 4 7 13

000 DOUBLE VERDONS (Mr. Weston) ..... Weston 4 7 13

303 FLINT JACK (Mr. Pierse) ..... O. Bell 6 7 11

000 GREENSHIRE (Mr. Parrell) ..... Larkin 6 7 11

310 ENGLISH (Mr. Bamford) ..... Jarvis 6 7 11

034 VICTOR NOIR (Mr. G. Morris) ..... Smyth 6 7 11

000 MONAVONIE (Mr. Pierse) ..... Prince 5 7 9

000 ORBATRIX (Mr. Alexander) ..... Rothe 5 7 9

MA COQUINE (Mrs. Wolfe) ..... Wolfe 3 6 0

SWIMMING.

GALA AT ARKLOW.

The newly-formed Arklow S.C. held their initial gala, which proved a great success, at the Deep Water Quay on Monday last. The Leinster Branch, I.A.S.A., contributed materially to the success of the function, no less than thirty expert swimmers, divers, and water polo-ists travelling from Dublin for the occasion. Details:—

Long Yards Boys' Race (Local).—J. Horan, 1; P. Murray, 2. Three competed. Won by a yard.

110 Yards (Local) Scratch.—K. Vaughan, 1; J. Farrell, 2. Seven competed. Won by two feet.

110 Yards Handicap (Open).—N. M. Purcell (scr.), 1; M. Roche (scr.), 2; W. Coole (scr.), Plunket S. Thirteen competed. Won by a foot; two feet between second and third. Time—78 secs.

200 Yards Handicap (Open).—J. Quinn (15), 1; E. A. Roche (40), 2; C. P. Kenna (scr.), 3. Seven competed. Won by inches; two yards between second and third. Time—3 mins. 5 secs.

Men's Diving Handicap (Open).—C. E. Batt (scr.), 1; J. Carroll (3), 2; R. C. P. Heron, jun. (2), 3. Nine competed.

440 Yards Handicap (Open).—H. Dockrell (scr.), 1; C. P. Kenna (10), 2; J. Quinn (20), 3; P. Stuart (60), 4. Won by a touch; same. Time—7 mins. 40 secs.

Water Polo.—

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

FUNDS, BANKS, RAILS, BLEACHERS AND SHELLS ALL STRONG. GUINNESS FIRMER. MARCONIS DULL.

There was a very quiet week-end market on 'Change in view of the election day holiday on Monday, 27th inst., but prominent points of supporting strength again influenced movements of cheerfulness and confidence in the immediate position of home and international matters, despite often reports to the contrary. The buoyancy in the market for the leading British Government security was again a striking feature, and gave confidence in other directions, notably Irish Land Stock, which advanced a full point. Among Banking securities Bank Stock and Munsters show prominent gains. Breweries were steady, but featureless. Marconis were quiet and dull. Home Rails were drawn blank, with the exception of Great Northern Ord. Stock, which advanced sharply. Dublin United Tram issues fluctuated a little. Dunlops were neglected. Tobacco, Textile and Lever Bros. issues were supported quietly. Shell Transports advanced strongly.

In the Funds, etc., War Loan 5 p.c. rose ½ to 102¼, and then receded to 102⅛, and Irish Land 2½ p.c. 1 to 60½. Dublin Corporation 5 p.c. repeated 99½.

Banks were mostly strong. Bank Stock rose 1 to 249½ and Munster and Leinsters ½ to 65½, but Hibernians eased ¼ to 64½, and Nationals remain at 20½.

In Breweries Guinness Ord. repeated 364 ex all, and at the later market rose ¼ to 364½. Castlebellingham Pref. at 85 for an odd lot were unchanged, but Guinness Pref. were ½ higher at 124 x.d.

Marconi Ord. fell 3d. to 4⅝, 9d.

Dealing in Home Rails at the earlier market was confined to Great Northern Ord., which rose 2 to 65, while at the later market Great Southern Ord. rose ½ to 47½, and Midland Great Western repeated 10.

In Trams Dublin United Ord. rose ¼ to 7, but the Pref. fell ½ to 9⅝.

Alliance Gas Shares repeated 7½.

In Drapery Shares Pim Bros. Pref. fell 1s. 6d. to 76s. 3d.

Among Manufacturing Shares British-American Tobacco rose 1½d. to 105s. 7½d., and Imperials repeated 71s. 7½d. x.d. Callcos were busy at 29s. 7½d. 29s. 3d., and Coats, after repeating 69s. 6d., eased to 69s. 4½d. Bleachers were good and rose 1s. 3d. to 20s. 6d. Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. rose 1½d. to 20s. 1½d. 20s. 3d., and the 8 p.c. Pref. 1½d. to 20s. 10½d. 21s.

In Trading, etc., E. and J. Burke Ord. repeated 64s. 6d.

Shell Transports rose a further 2s. to 71s. 3d. 71s. 6d.

The Stock Exchange will be closed on Monday next (Election Day).

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for settlement marked "c."

5% War Ln.(1914) 102½ | Dublin Trams....(64) 7
Do. Pref.....(91) 92
2½ Land Act Stock....604 | Hutton Gas....(7) 6½
Dublin Stock.....(69) 69½ | Do. Pref.....(77½) 78
Bank of Ireland.....(248½) *249½c | Do. Pref.....(105⅛) 105⅞
Hibernian.....(7) 6⅞ | Imp. Tob.(37½%).....71⅞
Mun. & Leins.....(65) 64½ | Hazebere.....(48⅝) 49⅛
National.....(20½) 20⅝ | Calleos..(29⅝) 29⅞ 29⅝
Castlebellingham Brew. Pref.....(95) 94 | Coats....(69½) 69⅝ 9½
Guinness.....(364) 364 | Cuthbertson's.(69) 69½
Do. Pref.....(121) 124 | Lever 7% ..(22⅞) 23
Canadas.....(36½) 36⅝
Do. Pref.....(91) 92
Marconi .....(4⅞) 4⅝
G.N. Ord.....(62½) 63
G.S.W. Ord.....(47) 47½
M.G.W. Ord.....(37) 37⅝ | Do. 8% (20/10s) 20/10d

(Last business done is indicated by a "c" or "x" immediately after the price.)

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount ..... 5 p.c. 5th July, 1923.
Deposit ..... 2 p.c. 5th July, 1923.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day..... Sept. 3 | Sept. 14
General contango day .. Sept. 4 | Sept. 17
Ticket day ..... Sept. 5 | Sept. 18
Account day ..... Sept. 6 | Sept. 19

BELFAST.

Belfast Exchange concluded the week with considerable number of buying and selling orders, although the actual business transacted was not upon a large scale. Prices, however, continued firm. War Loan dealt in at 101⅞ and 102. Hibernian Bank dealt in at 6⅝. Provincial Bank exchanged at 22. Westminster Bank repeated 17⅞. Northern Railway stock advanced 2 to 53; Coast 1 better at 63s. 1½d.; Hughes Ord. firm at 42s. Dunville and Co. repeated 13s.; Old Bushmills Distillery Ord. improved 1 to 10s. 6d. British-American Tobacco Ord. 3d. higher at 105s. 3d. Lever Bros. 8 per cent. Pref. lower at 21s. Workman, Clark Deb. 35.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET

RISE IN WAR LOAN FIVES.

The Stock markets were quiet, but the general tone was again steady to firm. Speculative transactions were very few, but a moderate flow of investment orders helped gilt-edged issues to maintain their prices in most cases and to advance in several notable instances. Brazilians were heavy in the Foreign market. Among Mines, Kaffirs improved after early dulness. Conversions were firm, and after being higher, closed unchanged at 80. War Loan 5 p.c. improved ¼ to 102. Irish Land 2½ p.c. Stock went forward a whole point to 61. Indian issues were inquired for, and the 7 p.c. and 3 p.c. rose 1 and ½ respectively, while Local Loans were ¼ to the good. In the Colonial list Ceylon 6 p.c. rose 1.

FOREIGN SECURITIES were inclined to be dull. French Loan 5 p.c. lost ¼ to 95½, the Fours being unchanged at 20. Brazilian stocks were lower, following the fall in the exchange rate. Chinese 5 p.c. 1895 rose 1.

There was an expansion of business among HOME RAILS, which were usually unchanged, with no decided tendency. Underground Electric hardened ¼ to 3.

Irregular conditions prevailed among COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS. Canadian Pacifics were unchanged, but Grand Trunks 4 p.c. Guaranteed rose ¼ to 81. Leo fell 3 and San Paulo lost 1. Entre Rios 6 p.c. Cum. Pref. lost 1½ and Central Uruguay shed ½, but Antofagastas hardened ¼. Among Americans, Erie rose 1, while the 1st Pref. scored a rise of 3. Union Pacifics receded a point.

OIL SHARES GOOD.

MEXICAN EAGLES STRONG.

The outstanding feature of the Oil Share market yesterday was the continued strength and activity of Mexican Eagles. The shares registered an appreciable gain as the result of the day's business, a slight set-back at the end being attributable to profit-taking on Paris account. Shells changed hands in fair numbers and further improved, while Royal Dutch continued their upward course. Burmahs again met with a moderate amount of support and further strengthened, and the Anglo-Persian issues maintained a good tone. Among Roumanians, the Phœnix were prominent, some very good buying being reported, and the shares changed hands freely. Business in Trinidad issues was small, with little influence upon quotations. Lobitos continued to display firmness, the recent advance being held; but Anglo-Ecuadorians and V.O.C. Holdings left off slightly easier. The British-controlled issues responded to a moderate demand. Closing prices:—

Anglo-Persian	1	Lobitos	1
Anglo-American	½	Mexican Eagles	½
Anglo-Egyptian 5 p.c.	½	Phœnix	½
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	½	Roumanian	½
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	½	Shells	½
Apex Trinidad	½	Trinidad	½
Asiatic	½	Tropical	½
Bolivian	½	Union Oil	½
British Controll (Oil)	½	Do. Pref.	½
Burmah	½	Do. Deferred	½
Caledonian	½	Do. Pref.	½
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	½	Do. Deferred	½
Caltex	½	Do. Pref.	½
Do. Pref.	½	Do. Deferred	½
Do. Deferred

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES 48 AND 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1923,
AT OUR SALEROOMS, No. 39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'C.
(UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE TREATY).

N.B.—TO FACILITATE INTENDING PURCHASERS AND SOLICITORS PHOTOGRAPHS OF MOST OF THE PROPERTIES MAY BE SEEN AT OUR OFFICES, WHERE ALSO ALL INFORMATION MAY BE OBTAINED.

B. & Co. RIVERVIEW, ENNISCORTHY, WITH 57 ACRES. SEPT. 6TH.
FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. CLEAR POSSESSION.

Riverview is a comfortable, stone-built, two-storeyed, non-basement Residence, conveniently situated. The accommodation comprises:—Porch and hall, drawing-room, dining-room, 5 family bedrooms, 2 attic rooms, kitchen, and larder; enclosed yard, coal and wood houses, etc.; cart sheds, barn, coachhouse and stabling for 5 horses, harness room, piggeries, dairy, cattle sheds for 15 cows, feeding house, hay loft over; lighted. The house is situated 2 miles from Enniscorthy, and 9 miles from Wexford, 1 mile from Oylgate R.C. Church, post office, and school. The land is in suitable divisions, and is well fenced and watered. Entire held for ever, free of rent. Seen on order from auctioneers.
Messrs. MILEY and MILEY, Solicitors, 12 South Frederick street.

B. & Co. DORSET LODGE, KILLINEY. DETACHED. SEPT. 6TH.
NO BASEMENT. HELD FOR EVE AT £6 10s. PER ANNUM. CLEAR POSSESSION.

Charmingly situated (close to station and beach) in its own delightfully and tastefully laid-out grounds, including tennis court, petting green; beautiful views over Killiney Bay and Wicklow Mountains. Handsome non-basement Residence, containing:—Tessellated entrance hall, inner hall and lounge-hall (tidy window), handsome drawing-room, with parquet floor, marble mantel pieces and tiled hearths, and conservatory off; fine dining-room (wainscoted), with service door and pantry off; nice morning-room, 5 bedrooms, with vrandah off, electric bells, 2 dressing-rooms, copper cylinder, 2 servants' rooms, hot linen press, bathroom, h. and c. basin, tiled kitchen and scullery, pantries, h. and c., etc.; garden, fruit trees and vegetables; harness, motor garage, hot-house, fowl house and run, bicycle house, man's room over garage.
Held for ever, subject to £6 10s. per annum. F.L.V. £50. Key at No. 4 Shanganagh terrace, Killiney. Photos at Auctioneers' Offices.
Messrs. E. and R. C. WALKER and SON, Solicitors, 86 Merrion square.

B. & Co. 21 HEYTESBURY STREET, SOUTH CIRCULAR ROAD. SEPT 6TH.
COMPACT, WELL BUILT HOUSE. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Two-storeyed house. Containing:—Hall, 2 sittingrooms, 3 bedrooms, w.c., kitchen, scullery, front and rear garden, and rear entrance. Gas.
Held for 850 years, subject to £2 15s. per annum. Seen any evening after 6 o'clock. Photo.
Messrs. VINCENT and BEATTY, Solicitors, 52-53 Dame street.

B. & Co. 12 SHANDON ROAD, PHIBSBORO'. SEPT. 6TH.
HELD FOR 240 YEARS, SUBJECT TO £5 PER ANNUM. CLEAR POSSESSION.

Modern, non-basement Residence, containing:—1 sittingroom, 3 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.), w.c., kitchen, large garden. Held for 240 years, subject to £5 per annum. Seen on order to view.
Messrs. ROGER GREENE and SONS, Solicitors, 11 Wellington quay.

B. & Co. ABBOTSFORD, ORWELL ROAD, RATHGAR. SEPT. 6TH.
DETACHED. FREE OF RENT FOR 830 YEARS. CLEAR POSSESSION.

Detached cottage-style Residence. Contains:—Large entrance hall, drawing-room, and dining-room, with folding doors, 3 large bedrooms on hall flat, bath (h. and c.), w.c., off hall, large sittingroom and two bedrooms, downstairs kitchen, scullery, pantry, larder, outside w.c., nice rear garden, and front garden.
Held for an unexpired term of 830 years, amply indemnified against all rent. Seen on order to view. Photo. at Auctioneers' Offices.
FRANCIS CLINCH, Solicitor, 44 Fleet street.

B. & Co. 16 WINTON AVENUE, RATHGAR. SEPT. 6TH.
FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. CLEAR POSSESSION. SEMI-DETACHED.

Modern, semi-detached Residence, non-basement, containing:—2 sittingrooms, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bath (h. and c.), kitchen, scullery and pantry; gardens front and rear; bicycle house and coal houses. Brand new.
Held for EVER free of rent. Seen on order to view. Photo at Auctioneers' Offices.
Messrs. FULLERTON and DOYLE, Solicitors, 53 Nassau street.

B. & Co. BELCAMP HOUSE, SANTRY, WITH 50 ACRES. SEPT. 6TH.
HELD FOR EVER, SUBJECT TO £9 PER ANNUM. CLEAR POSSESSION.

Handsome, well-built Residence, with stag-headed oak, and other fine timber trees, within easy reach of city. Gate entrance, broad avenue through undulating lands, with stream running through, spanned by bridge; two-storeyed, non-basement. Contains:—Entrance hall, cloakroom, a fine room, fitted for dancing, drawing-room, panelled, parquet, etc.; study, lounge-hall and hall floor, bright kitchen and scullery, pantries, maid's room, 7 fine family bedrooms, and 1 dressingroom, 2 bathrooms, h. and c., service stairs from kitchen, enclosed court yard, stabling, 4 loose boxes, 4 stalls, w.c., bath (no water), service stairs from kitchen, enclosed court yard, stabling, 4 loose boxes, 4 stalls, w.c., bath (no water), service stairs from kitchen, enclosed court yard, stabling, 4 loose boxes, 4 stalls, w.c., bath (no water), service stairs from kitchen, enclosed court yard, stabling, walled-in fruit garden, with glasshouses; garage, barn, fruit loft, cow house, cart shed, etc.; stone piggeries, cart sheds; walled-in fruit garden, well stocked. The land is in handy divisions, all under grass, and is well fenced; bounded by county road on one side. Running water all fields save one. Held for ever, subject to £9 0s. 8d. per annum. Seen on order to view. Photos. at Auctioneers' Offices.
JAMES H. McLOUGHLIN, Solicitor, 18 College Green.

B. & Co. 4 AVONMORE TERRACE, TERENURE ROAD, NTH. SEPT. 6TH.
VICTUALLING PREMISES. ON TRAM LINE. VACANT POSSESSION.

Butcher's Shop, fitted as such, and with office enclosure and tiled floor; door to hall and door to yard. Hall entrance from street. Kitchen, bathroom with glazed grating, small room at top, bathroom and lavatory (h. and c.) and separate w.c.; tiled kitchen at back of hall, with close range and copper cylinder, pantry, and store off; concreted yard, coal shed, and w.c. Concreted rear yard, with water cylinder, pantry, and store off; concreted yard, coal shed, and w.c. Concreted rear yard, with water cylinder, shed, also loose shed and slaughter house, with red tiled roofs, the latter having tiled walls, rear gate entrance. Held for 150 years to go, subject to £20 per annum. Seen on order to view. Clear possession to purchaser. Photo at Auctioneers' Offices.
JOHN MORAN, Solicitor, 34-35 Lower Ormond quay.

OUR SALE ON 20TH SEPTEMBER WILL INCLUDE:—
9 SUNBURY GARDENS, RATHMINES; ROSNEY, GLENAGEARY; 79 LEINSTER ROAD, RATHMINES; 2 MELROSE, RANELAGH ROAD, AND 43 BELMONT AVENUE, DONNYBROOK.
ALL WITH CLEAR POSSESSION.

N.B.—OTHER LOTS MAY BE INCLUDED.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25TH. FURNITURE SALE.
44 HARCOURT STREET.

IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AND EFFECTS. Full particulars of which will appear in future advertisements.

TO BE SOLD IN SEPTEMBER, WITH POSSESSION.
ASHLEY, GREYSTONES.
MODERN, DOUBLE-FRONTED, NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE.

Containing:—Large hall, 2 sittingrooms and 6 bedrooms, bath, (h. and c.), kitchen, pantry, etc.; large garden and outoffices.

ALSO ASHLEY COTTAGE.

Adjoining same, containing:—Hall, large sittingroom, 3 bedrooms, w.c., kitchen, and large garden. The entire property is held for a term of 900 years, subject to £20 per annum.

THE HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE & EFFECTS OF THE RESIDENCES, all in first-class condition, including Oil Paintings and Engravings, Mirrors, Sittingroom and Bedroom Suites, Dining-room Chairs, Dinner Service, Glass, Linen, etc., WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION.
JOHN J. McDONALD, LL.D., Solicitor, 116 Grafton street.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE THIS DAY (SATURDAY) AND TUESDAY NEXT.
IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION OF
HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
FOUR SUPERIOR UPRIGHT GRAND AND COTTAGE PIANOFORTES, mostly overstrung, with iron frames, by Gors Kallmann, Berlin, Collard and Collard, and Ootzmann and Plumb, etc.; A VALUABLE "DONOVAN" DINNER SERVICE, containing 80 pieces, including Soup Tureen and Stand, Large and Small Dinner Dishes, Meat Plates, Cheese Stand, Cups and Saucers, A FIVE-SEATER FORD MOTOR CAR, in perfect order; Remington Typewriter, and other valuable effects.
Messrs. JAMES HILL and SON will SELL BY AUCTION, in their old-established Rooms, 9 and 10 BACHELOR'S WALK, on THIS DAY (SATURDAY), commencing on Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock.
THE SUPERIOR FURNITURE
Comprises:—Excellent Drawingroom Suite, containing 8 pieces, upholstered in Morocco Leather; several massive Mahogany Sideboards; Mirrored Chiffonier, Wardrobes, Bookcases, Tables, Chairs, Bedstead and Bedding, Bookcase and Writing Desk, Inlaid Lady's Writing Table, Study Chair, Mahogany Hall Stand, and Pair of Chairs; Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Linoleum, Oilcloth, Fenders and Fire Irons, Kitchen Furniture, Glass and China, Garden Tools, Bicycles, and a large assortment of Wood and Brass and Iron Bedsteads and Bedding; Mahogany Chest of Drawers, and a large collection of Miscellaneous Furniture, Oil Paintings, Watercolour Drawings, and other pictures; Cushions, Ornaments, good Axminster, Brussels, and Foreign Carpets and Rugs, Curtains, etc.
To commence at 2 o'clock. Motor, Pianofortes, "Donovan" Service will be Sold at 3 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. fees.
JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 9 AND 10 BACHELOR'S WALK, DUBLIN.

MACARTHUR & CO.'S SALES.

PROPERTY AUCTION, FRIDAY, 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1923.
17 REUBEN AVENUE, S.C.R. POSSESSION.

PREMISES, MOUNTJOY SQUARE (PART POSSESSION). SUITABLE FOR CLUBS, &c.

HAVING YESTERDAY SOLD 20 CLAUDE ROAD AND 78 AMIENS STREET BY PRIVATE TREATY, THEY ARE, THEREFORE, WITHDRAWN FROM THIS SALE.

OTHER LOTS CAN BE INCLUDED.
FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED.
VALUATIONS MADE.

MACARTHUR & CO., M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS, 79 TALBOT STREET, DUBLIN.

"BELLA VISTA," DUNDONALD
(NORTHERN IRELAND).
TRUSTEE'S SALE BY AUCTION,
ON FRIDAY, 31ST AUGUST, 1923
(UNLESS DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE TREATY),
VALUABLE RESIDENCE AND LANDS,

THE UNDERSIGNED AUCTIONEERS are instructed to SELL BY AUCTION, at their MART, 43 CHICHESTER STREET, BELFAST,
ON FRIDAY, 31ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1923,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON,

THE VALUABLE FARM, situate in the Townland of BALLYLISBRADEN, with the RESIDENCE thereon, known as "BELLA VISTA," containing 24 acres 1 rood 34 perches, or thereabouts, statute measure, held as a Statutory Tenancy at the yearly judicial rent of £14 10s. 5d. The Residence, which is substantially built and in good order, contains 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), w.c., and usual kitchen apartments. It has an elevated situation, with a splendid view of the city and the surrounding country. There are two Cottages attached to the property, and the out-offices include byre and stable. The land is about 2 acres of market garden, and the remainder is under cultivation.
This very desirable property is situate close to Dundonald Railway Station, and a short distance from Ravenscourt Park, the nearest site of the new Parliament Buildings (Northern Ireland). The property is, therefore, ripe for development; in the meantime it is eminently suitable for a market garden.
Orders to view can be obtained from the Auctioneers.
For full particulars as to Title, &c., apply to the SOLICITOR, W. R. MEREDITH and SON, Solicitors, 23 Molesworth street, Dublin.
For conditions of Sale and Plan of Property, apply to the AUCTIONEERS, 43 CHICHESTER STREET, BELFAST, and 92 HAMILTON ROAD, BANGOR.

MACFARLANE & MORROW, F.A.I.,
AUCTIONEERS,
133 ROYAL AVENUE, BELFAST, AND 92 HAMILTON ROAD, BANGOR.

BALLYMINYMORE, GLENAVY, CO. ANTRIM.
VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

WE have been favoured with instructions from the Executors of the late PATRICK J. GILLEN, J.P., to SELL BY AUCTION, at OUR MART, RAILWAY STREET, LISBURN, on TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1923, AT ONE O'CLOCK,
THAT VALUABLE FARM OF LAND, CONTAINING 57 ACRES 3 ROODS 36 PERCHES, Statute measure, situate about One Mile from the Village of Glenavy, in the Townland of Ballyminymore, in the County of Antrim, and in the Parish of Tullyrusk, Barony of Upper Belfast, and Province of Ulster, held on the Irish Land Commission, subject to the Yearly Annuity of £30 18s. 4d.
THE RESIDENCE, which is substantially built, is situated in a commanding position, and has been maintained in excellent repair. It contains hall, 3 large reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, scullery, pantry, etc. There is a lawn in front.
There is a fine range of office houses, comprising:—Two byres for 16 cows, stable for 3 horses, loose box, hay shed, measuring 50ft. x 22ft. x 16ft.; barn, 56ft. x 16ft.; cart-house, piggery, feeding shed, calf shed, 20ft. x 20ft., adjacent to granary fields, boiling-house, with boiler, attached to feeding shed; fowl-house, potato house, implement shed. An excellent supply of spring water is available. The out-offices are all slated and in excellent repair, and combine to form an enclosed yard finished in concrete. A splendid supply of water is assured by pump in yard.
THE LANDS are of excellent quality, well fenced, drained, and watered, and under the usual rotation of cropping, being situated on the leading county road, 11 miles from Belfast, 1 mile from Glenavy, and 10 miles from Lisburn.
The Threshing and Churning Machines can be had at Auctioneers' Valuation.
POSSESSION will be given on 1st October, 1923.
Part Purchase Money can remain on security of the Farm, if desired.
For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to
D. BARBOUR SIMPSON, Solicitor, 17 Chichester street, Belfast; and Lisburn.

W. S. HARVEY & SONS,
AUCTIONEERS, 47 ARTHUR STREET, BELFAST; AND LISBURN.

SALE TUESDAY, 4TH SEPTEMBER, AT 110 GRAFTON ST.
65 WATERLOO ROAD.

CLEAR POSSESSION. Unusually attractive House, with very large garden and garage. A considerable outlay has recently been made, and the premises are in first-class order. Electric light laid on. Summerhouse in garden. The accommodation consists of 2 reception rooms, breakfast room downstairs, four bedrooms, bathroom, hot and cold water, maid's room, kitchen, and pantries.
Lease 72 years from March last, subject to £6 per annum.
Messrs. MAXWELL, WELDON, and CO., Solicitors, North Great George's street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

BALLYRUSSELL & IRISH HILL,
BALLYMAGIFF, DUNDONALD, CO. DOWN.

MR. THOMAS J. CONNELLY has instructed us to SELL BY AUCTION, AT OUR BELFAST MART, 43 CHICHESTER STREET, FRIDAY, 7th SEPT., One o'clock, in one or two lots:—
LOT 1.—29a. 2r. 37p., Statute, situate in Ballyrussell, with comfortable Slated Dwellinghouse, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., and extensive Slated Offices; pump in yard. Annuity, £17 7s. 2d.
LOT 2.—40 Acres, Statute, in Ballymagiff, adjoining Lot 1, with comfortable Slated Dwellinghouse (almost new), 2 reception, kitchen, pantry, etc., and extensive Slated Offices; pump in yard. Annuity, £17 7s. 2d.
Lands under old pasture and oats, with never-failing supply of water. Situate 1½ miles Dundonald railway station, 5½ miles Knock tram terminus, Belfast. Convenient to Church, and School. Well adapted for dairy farming or early cropping.
F. J. ORR, Solicitor, 47 Chichester street, Belfast.

J. D. MARTIN & CO., F.A.I.,
Auctioneers,
51 CHICHESTER ST., BELFAST, and LISBURN.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY
VERY SUPERIOR 100 ACRE FARM, mostly under Pasture, with GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE and extensive Offices, situate 4 miles Belfast City boundary. Annuity, £54 0s. 0d.
Full particulars and Card to View on application to

J. D. MARTIN & CO., F.A.I.,
Auctioneers,
51 CHICHESTER ST., BELFAST, and LISBURN.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY
VALUABLE FARM, 108 ACRES, STATUTE. Rent £35 0s. 0d., with good Two-storey Slated Dwellinghouse and Offices thereon.
VALUABLE FARM, 30 ACRES, STATUTE. Rent £13 4s. 6d., with newly-erected Dwellinghouse and Offices. Both Farms adjoin. Will be sold together or separately. Lands mostly under pasture. Full particulars from

J. D. MARTIN & CO., F.A.I.,
Auctioneers,
51 CHICHESTER ST., BELFAST, and LISBURN.

GLENWHERRY, CO. ANTRIM.
SALE BY AUCTION OF 2 VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARMS.

MR. ANDREWS, J.P., has instructed us to SELL, BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, on WEDNESDAY, 5th SEPTEMBER, at 3 o'clock, the following Farms:—
LOT 1.—Containing 64 Statute Acres, or thereabouts; held for ever. Rent £8. Good Residence, with superior Out-offices. In good district, midway between Ballymena and Larne, 5 miles from each.
LOT 2.—Superior Grazing Mountain, well watered, containing 30a 0r 35p. Statute Acres, or thereabouts, with slated herd's house, and the necessary offices. Held for ever. Rent £4 6s. 8d. There is a valuable turbery on the mountain.
For further particulars apply to—
J. and A. CARUTH and OWENS, Solicitors, Ballymena; or to
J. A. McCLELLAND & SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
BALLYCLARE, ANTRIM, and LARNE.

GREAT SALE OF WICKLOW SHEEP
AT HOLLYWOOD on TUESDAY, 28th AUGUST, AND
AT DUNLAVIN on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.

Several thousand of the best Wicklow Sheep will be offered at these Sales.

COGAN & BYRNE,
Auctioneers,
BALLITORE AND KILCULLEN.

CARLOW SHEEP SALES.
SEASON 1923.
SALE OF
BREEDING EWES, STORE SHEEP, AND LAMBS,
On TUESDAY, AUGUST 28th, 1923,
At 12 o'clock (Summer Time),
IN THE FAIR GREEN, CARLOW.
ROBERT BELL,
AUCTIONEER, CARLOW.

GRAIGUECULLEN, CARLOW.
VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE
BUSINESS PREMISES,
FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
WITH POSSESSION.
(If not previously disposed of by Private Treaty),
On THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1923,
At 11.30 o'clock (Summer Time),

ROBERT BELL has been instructed to Sell, by order of the Liquidator, under the Court of Chancery—Albert Swain, Esq.—the valuable Interest in the Premises, known as
THE GRAIGUECULLEN CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY,
Consisting of
Spacious, well-appointed Shop, good comfortable Dwellinghouse, well-enclosed roomy Yard, with good Out-offices, situated in Marshalstown-street, Graiguecullen, Carlow. Held for a term of 21 years from March 25th, 1907, at the rent of £11 per annum, and all taxes.
The Shop is spacious and well lighted, with extensive storage accommodation and lofts, capable 700 barrels. The house contains parlour, kitchen, with pantries, four good bedrooms, 2 spacious attics, with bathroom and w.c.; gas and water installations.
The entire premises are in excellent order, no outlay for repairs being necessary.
For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to—
Messrs. MALCOMSON and LAW, Solicitors (having carriage of Sale), 60 Dawson street, Dublin; or
ROBERT BELL,
AUCTIONEER, CARLOW.

SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

CO. WESTMEATH.
TO BE SOLD AS A GOING CONCERN BY PRIVATE TREATY,
Old-established, fully-licensed HOTEL, in fine structural repair, and recently decorated, possessing a large commercial and family connection, situate in good business position in flourishing county town, containing bar, commercial room, drawingroom, loft room, 11 bedrooms, bathroom, lavatory (hot and cold water), electric light; large kitchen with close range, copper cylinder, hot press; pantry, scullery, etc.
A well-enclosed yard contains coach house, garage, ample lofted stabling, galvanised iron hay barn, and harbour other stores.
There is also a well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden.
The whole is held under Fee Farm Grant, dated 31st October, 1844, at the yearly rent of £5 2½.
The purchaser will have the option of taking over stock-in-trade, household furniture, etc., at a valuation.
There are also 31 acres PRIME LAND, held in fee, subject to an annuity of £14 6/10, payable to the Irish Land Commission.
Full particulars from
McGLYNN and HANLON, Auctioneers, Estate Offices, Kells.
Messrs. A. and I. GOODBODY, Solicitors, Tullamore, Moate, and Dame street, Dublin.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY,
VERY VALUABLE GRAZING FARM, 98 Statute Acres, with commodious Residence, newly erected thereon; dining, drawing, library, 6 bedrooms, bath, etc., and extensive slated Offices. Situate 2 miles from railway station, Co. Antrim, and about 11 miles Belfast.
Price and particulars from
J. D. MARTIN & CO., F.A.I.,
Auctioneers, 51 CHICHESTER ST., BELFAST.

GARVEY & GOOD'S SALES.

HOME FARM HOUSE AND LANDS,
SALLINS, CO. KILDARE.

WE are instructed to SELL THE ABOVE PROPERTY BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, 1923, if not previously disposed of by Private Treaty. The Sale will take place at 3 o'clock (summer time) at 21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. Prior to that offers will be received by the Auctioneers.
This property comprises 74a. 0r. 36p., Statute measure, or thereabouts, all good land, resting on limestone gravel.
The Residence, which is practically new, is of nice villa design, two storeys high, compact, with water laid on; all modern requirements; has 4 bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, closed range, dairy, store rooms, gcharden, etc. Nice enclosed farmyard, with excellent accommodation.
Further particulars and order to view from
Messrs. WHITE and WHITE, Solicitors, 13 Upper Ormond quay; or from

MESSRS. GARVEY & GOOD,
CHARTERED SURVEYORS, VALUERS, AND AUCTIONEERS,
21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

ARDCANDRISK, WEXFORD.

WE are instructed by the Owner to SELL THE ABOVE PROPERTY BY PRIVATE TREATY. The Lands are situated about 2 miles from the town of Wexford. It comprises a delightfully situated residence, standing in a small demesne of 105 acres, overlooking the River Slaney. The demesne comprises good tillage and pasture land, including some good plantations of valuable timber, which are held in fee-simple, subject to a terminable annuity of £60, payable to the Land Commission. The Residence, which is in fine, substantial structure, is approached by a beautiful winding avenue, running through plantations and ornamental shrubberies. The grounds and gardens are tastefully laid out, which enhances the beauty of the place. There is a large underground passage leading from the graveyard of the residence to the stable and farmyards, which comprise extensive and substantial buildings.

ALSO
OUTSIDE FARM, which adjoins the demesne, and which will be Sold separately, known as Ballymichael, containing 10a. 1r. 17p., on which stands a good two-storey house, slated, and good out-offices, held in fee-simple, subject to annuity of £8 payable to Land Commission. Further particulars of the above properties can be had from
Messrs. LITTLE and ELGEE, Solicitors, Wexford; or from

GARVEY & GOOD,
CHARTERED SURVEYORS, VALUERS, AND AUCTIONEERS,
21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

FARMS WANTED.

We have inquiries for TWO MEDIUM SIZED FARMS, with fair Residences, Counties Kildare or Dublin, price not to exceed £5,000. Particulars to
GARVEY & GOOD, 21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF FURNITURE.

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON, LIMITED, WILL SELL BY AUCTION, AT THEIR SALE-ROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, Dublin, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1923, a large and EXCEPTIONALLY HIGH-CLASS COLLECTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, chiefly:—Sheraton Mahogany Sideboard, with shouldered inlay; Nelson Period Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, fine old Georgian Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard in Spiral Carving; Bow-front Sheraton do.; Satinwood China Cabinet, with glass front and sides; Diningroom Suite, of Table, Sideboard, and Chairs, in Walnut; Cabinet, with glass front and sides; Dinningroom Suite, of Table, Sideboard, and Chairs, in Walnut; Drawingroom do. (10 pieces), in Carved Walnut Frames and Silk Coverings; Chesterfields and Couches in Leather, Tapestry, and Silk; Chippendale Mahogany Sideboard, with carved pilasters; Dining Tables, in Mahogany and Walnut; three old English Chairs, in painted frames; Carved Oak Sideboard, with tall mirror back; ditto Bookcase and Cabinet, Mahogany Hall Table and Chairs, Sofa and Pembroke Tables, in Mahogany and Rosewood; Music Cabinet and Stool in Rosewood, Mahogany Dumb Waiter and Tables, in Mahogany and Rosewood; Music Cabinet and Stool in Rosewood, Mahogany Dumb Waiter and Tables, in Mahogany and Rosewood; Mahogany Framed Oil, Marine, and Landscape Paintings; Overmantels and Wall Mirrors; Drawingroom Occasional Chairs in Giltwood, Inlaid Mahogany, and Rosewood Frames; Chinese Lacquer and Ivory Cabinet, Mahogany Bookcase and Writing Desk; Chippendale and Sheraton Style Card Tables and superior Bedroom Suites in Carved Walnut; Mahogany Tallboy of Drawers, Satinwood Bedroom Suite, Gent.'s Mahogany Wardrobes, Sofas, and Bedroom Chairs, Mahogany Dressing Tables and Washstands, Black and Brass Bedsteads, Mahogany Framed Oil, Marine, and Landscape Paintings; Brussels Carpets; Violins, Cash Registers, Gramophones, Oil Paintings, Engravings, Books, etc.
SALE TO COMMENCE AT 12, NOON. ON VIEW MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

CASTLE DILLON, CO. ARMAGH
(5 MILES FROM ARMAGH STATION).

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON, LIMITED, beg to announce that they have received instructions from the EXECUTORS of the LATE MRS. TALBOT to SELL BY AUCTION the ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE MANSION, on TUESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER, 1923, and three following days, NOT ON 11th SEPTEMBER, AS PREVIOUSLY ADVERTISED.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE.

Chiefly Chippendale, Adam, and Hepplewhite Sideboards, Secretaires, Bookcases, Tables, and Chairs; Sattinwood Cabinets, Suites, and Semi-circular Tables of the Sheraton period; Queen Anne and Georgian Mirrors, Dressers, Larger Cabinets and Tables, Arabian Lamps, Louis XVI. Settees, Excellent Mahogany Furniture in nine Bedrooms, etc., etc.

OLD CHINA AND PORCELAIN.

Fine Oriental Vases, Bowls, and Plates; Worcester and Dresden Dessert Services, Spode Tea Services, Old Chelsea and Bow Figures, Dresden and other Ornamental Specimens, Square and Crescent Mark Worcester Vases and Dishes, Collection of Old Stafford, Whieldon, and Rockingham Figures, etc., etc., etc.

OIL PAINTINGS.

Attributed to Sir P. Lely, Sir G. Kneller, Sir T. Lawrence, J. Astley, Rembrandt, Holbein, P. de Champagne, Lucas, Cranach, Zucchero, D. Teniers, A. Cuyp, P. Wouverman, Van Aelst, De Lairesse, N. Poussin, T. Wyck, Vanloo, Hondecoeter, Farrocki, F. Jones, and others.
Catalogues in course of preparation.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

COUNTY TYRONE.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION OF
RESIDENTIAL, GRASS, AND TILLAGE FARM.

I HAVE been favoured with instructions from George Marshall, Esq., J.P.,
TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On the Premises,
On WEDNESDAY, 5th SEPTEMBER, 1923,
At the hour of 2 o'clock p.m. (Summer Time),
ALL THAT GREENAN DEMESNE, 97 ACRES,
All that valuable Farm of Grass Land, with Residence thereon, situated in the Townland of Greenan, containing about 97 Statute Acres, in the Parish of Donaghmore, County Tyrone, let to the small Half-yearly Judicial Rent of £36.
THE RESIDENCE, which is substantially built, is well slated, and has been maintained in excellent repair. It contains hall, 3 large reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, scullery, pantry, etc. There is a lawn in front.
There is a fine range of office houses, comprising:—Two byres for 16 cows, stable for 3 horses, loose box, hay shed, measuring 50ft. x 22ft. x 16ft.; barn, 56ft. x 16ft.; cart-house, piggery, feeding shed, calf shed, 20ft. x 20ft., adjacent to granary fields, boiling-house, with boiler, attached to feeding shed; fowl-house, potato house, implement shed. An excellent supply of spring water is available. The out-offices are all slated and in excellent repair, and combine to form an enclosed yard finished in concrete. A splendid supply of water is assured by pump in yard.
THE LANDS are of excellent quality, well fenced, drained, and watered, and under the usual rotation of cropping, being situated on the leading county road, 11 miles from Belfast, 1 mile from Glenavy, and 10 miles from Lisburn.
The Threshing and Churning Machines can be had at Auctioneers' Valuation.
POSSESSION will be given on 1st October, 1923.
Part Purchase Money can remain on security of the Farm, if desired.
For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to
D. BARBOUR SIMPSON, Solicitor, 17 Chichester street, Belfast; and Lisburn.

W. S. HARVEY & SONS.
AUCTIONEERS, 47 ARTHUR STREET, BELFAST; AND LISBURN.

SALE TUESDAY, 4TH SEPTEMBER, AT 110 GRAFTON ST.
65 WATERLOO ROAD.

CLEAR POSSESSION. Unusually attractive House, with very large garden and garage. A considerable outlay has recently been made, and the premises are in first-class order. Electric light laid on. Summerhouse in garden. The accommodation consists of 2 reception rooms, breakfast room downstairs, four bedrooms, bathroom, hot and cold water, maid's room, kitchen, and pantries.
Lease 72 years from March last, subject to £6 per annum.
Messrs. MAXWELL, WELDON, and CO., Solicitors, North Great George's street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

CATTLE PARKS TO LET,
CONVENIENT TO THE CATTLE MARKET.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD., have been instructed by Mrs. Reid to LET BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Lands on WEDNESDAY, AUG. 29th, 1923, at 3 o'clock, about 7 acres Cattle Parks, in two nice-sized Fields, adjoining the road at Cabra, and five minutes' walk from the Cattle Market.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD.

BALLYBOY, ATHBOY,
COUNTY MEATH,
VALUABLE GRAZING FARM FOR SALE.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD., have been instructed by Mrs. Reid to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, At their Sale Rooms,
31 MANOR STREET, DUBLIN,
ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1923,
THE ABOVE RESIDENTIAL HOLDING.
PARTICULARS.

The Farm contains 85a. 1r. 1 rood and 29 perches, Statute, of Prime Grazing Land, well shattered and watered, and divided into convenient sized fields for the running of cattle, etc., and being conveniently situated for cattle dealing.
The House and Offices are very attractive, being up-to-date and in perfect order, a large sum having recently been expended on the premises.
Held under Lease for 99 years, at a short revenue, and holding offers an exceptional opportunity to anybody desiring a good, residential farm in the midst of a good grazing district, only 2 miles from Trim and 4 miles from Athboy, Co. Meath.
For further particulars apply to
D. J. O'REILLY, Esq., Solicitor, Trim;
or to
JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD.
Auctioneers, Valuers, and Livestock Salesmen,
31 MANOR STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone—4840. Wires—"Bullocks, Dublin."

THE DOLLARDS, BALHEARY,
SWORDS, CO. DUBLIN.
CLEARANCE SALE OF LIVESTOCK, FARM, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

HAVING SOLD the above FARM, we are further instructed by MRS. KELLY to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd, 1923, at 2 o'clock, the OUT-DOOR EFFECTS, as follows:—
LIVESTOCK, etc.—10 Bullocks, 3 years; 3 Heifers, 2 Heifers, 2 years; 2 Calves, 1 Pony, Hall Trap, New Inside Trap (Dawson Bros.), Outside Trap Harness.
FARM IMPLEMENTS, etc.—Deering Reaper and Binder, 3 Scotch Carts, 1 Dray, Cob Cart, Spring Van, Mansford Horse Rake, Iron Roller, Chaff Machine, Double Plough, Harrows, Single Plough, Seed Plough, 2 Grubbers, Turnip Sower, 2 Drill Harrows, 2 Field Rollers, Scarifier, 2 Ladders, 2 Trestles, Planks, 2 Hay Bogies, Hay Rake, Drill Roller, Kilkenny Plough, Rotary Hoe, 2 Collectors, Avery Scales and Weights, 1 Weight Ounce, 1 Pulper, 3 Sets Cart Harness, Backbands and Chains, Set Tandem Harness, Set Plough Harness, Forks, Shovels, Rakes, Troughs, Tubs, Water Barrels, Potato Boxes, 2 Wagons Grains in pit, etc., etc.
JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD.

ANNUAL SHEEP SALES.
EWES, STORE SHEEP, AND LAMBS.
FIRST SALE FOR THE SEASON
Will be held in
DUBLIN CATTLE MARKET,
On FRIDAY, 7th SEPTEMBER, at 12 o'clock
SECOND SALE, FRIDAY, 28th SEPTEMBER.
JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD.,
Auctioneers, Valuers, and Livestock Salesmen,
31 MANOR STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone—4840. Wires—"Bullocks, Dublin."

DONABATE, CO. DUBLIN.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD., have received instructions